

C-mac product catalogue



Programmable converters



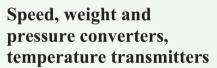
Currentvoltage- and frequency monitoring



Temperature, speed, logic and preselection

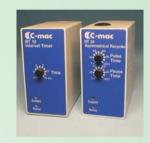


Current, voltage and temperature converters





Level monitoring relavs



Single and multirange timers



Panel and wall instruments, test instruments

Click on the different groups to find more informations



Current transformers Various sensors



1- and 3-phase and load monitoring relays



Messingvej 60, DK 8900 Randers, Denmark telf: +45 8644 7622 fax: +45 8644 7642 internet: www.comadan.com email: sales@comadan.com



Power supplies

C-mac programmable converters

The C-mac programmable converters are used to convert various kinds of non-standard electrical signals to standard engineering units (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V signals) In addition, tha units are also available with pulse outputs.

All units gives a galvanic isolation between suppy, inputs and outputs, thereby ensuring a safe isolation between the process control equipment and the external environment.

The programming of the units is extremely user friendly and simple.

The programming software can be downloaded to your PC, by cliking here: **DOWNLOAD PROGRAMMING SOFTWARE**



PCV10:

3 current and 3 voltage inputs, ranges between 20 µA and 10 A or 20 mV and 1000 V AC or DC (true RMS monitoring).

Frequency monitoring between 0.001 Hz and 5 kHz.

PMR10:

Temperature inputs from RTD or thermocouple sensors, resistor and potentiometer inputs, pulse inputs from proximity sensors.

PPV10:

1-phase and symmetrical 3-phase power monitoring, power direction and phase angle monitoring.

Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac fixed converters

These C-mac converters are used to convert non-standard current, voltage and temperature signals to standard engineering units (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V signals).

LC10, LV10, LM30 and LM50 units

Common specifications:

AC or DC supply, analogue current and voltage outputs, input/output isolation, one or two independant units in each housing, optional 2 relay outputs.



LC10, LV10, LM30 and LM50:

AC or DC current input, 4 standard ranges

DC voltage input, 5 standard ranges

PT100 temperature input, 4 standard ranges

Resistor or potentiometer input, 5 standard ranges

LC24:

Double loop-powered isolation amplifier. Input 4-20 mA, output 4-20 mA.

Up to 4 amplifiers in the same housing.

S-units

Common specifications:

Supply 15-30 VAC/DC, analogue current or voltage output.

SM31/SM32:

Single- or double channel temperature converter.

SM33/SM34:

Single or double channel temperature converter with isolation from input to output.

SC31:

Isolation amplifier, selectable ranges.

SC22:

Double isolation amplifier.



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac fixed converters

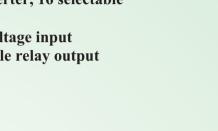
These C-mac converters are used to convert various kinds of non-standard electrical signals to standard engineering units (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V signals).

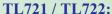


-MOE FPA90

LR10:

Tachometer converter, 16 selectable ranges
NPN, PNP and voltage input
Analogue or double relay output





Programmable weight transmitter
Connection for 1-8 load cells
Standard analogue outputs
Possibility for RS485 or CAN
With or without display



TP701 / TP702:

Programmable pressure transmitter
Metering range 350 or 10 mbar
Standard analogue outputs
Possibility for RS485 or CAN
With or without display



FPA90:

3-phase power converter. Up to 3 x 460 VAC / 80 A. Current, voltage and pulse output.



Programmable top-hat transmitter Loop-powered Pt100 transmitter.



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac instruments

Panel instruments.









DP510:

Miniature display, 24 x 48 mm front.

Current or voltage input.

DM350:

Current or voltage input, supply for external sensor, AC supply.

DMP350:

Current, voltage or temperature input, supply for ext. sensor, AC or DC supply DCL 35:

Loop-powered LCD instrument, 4-20 mA input, display range adjustable +/- 1999 **DP5X** family:

Current and voltage inputs, various dimensions, red or green display.

LPP420 and GP422:

LCD display with backlight, range +/-3999.

AP560:

Selectable bar or dot display, 60 points.

DTF199 / DTX199:

3 1/2 digit wall instrument

25 or 100 mm digit height.

Current, voltage or temperature input.

DP570:

Differential pressure instrument

DP571:

4-digit weight instrument

Programmable panel instrument.

DP545:

4-digit display. 2 relay outputs. Analogue output. Several input possibilities.



DPP451:

4½-digit LCD display with backlight. 2 relay +digital and analogue outputs. Extremely many input possibilities.

DC470

3½ digit speed indicator, 2 relay outputs

Test instrument calibrator.

MS4201:

Supplies and monitors current and voltage signals. Both sink and source function.



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac 1- and 3-phase relays

Monitoring relays series FP.

DIN-rail mounting

Monitors its own 3-phase supply, 1-pole relay output

FP30:

Combined under- and over voltage relay Fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP31:

Phase sequence / phase asymmetry relay Fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP34:

Combined sequence / under- and over voltage relay Fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP35:

Combined under- and over voltage relay Fixed setpoints and adjustable reaction delay.

Programmable 3-phase relay.

PPR10:

Monitoring of all static and dynamic parameters. Programmable functions, ranges and delays. 2 independent relay outputs.

Monitoring relays series RP.

11-pole plug-in mounting, monitors its own supply 1- or 2-pole relay output

RP10:

1-phase supply monitoring

RP31:

3-phase asymmetry monitoring

RP32:

3-phase phase-sequence /phase breaking unit

RP33:

3-phase level monitoring

Load monitoring relays.

RP81:

3-phase load guard (cos φ)

RP91:

1- or 3-phase power guard (U x I x $\cos \varphi$)

FPD93:

1- or 3-phase power guard / load monitor

MP92

3-phase load torque monitor







Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

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N L1 L2 L3

« C-mac

C-mac Current, voltage and frequency monitoring relays



Current and voltage monitoring relays RC30 and RV30

11-pole plug-in mounting 3 metering inputs in each module **Automatic AC/DC monitoring** Setpoint and delay adjustment 4 selectable relay- and delay functions 1-pole relay output



RV20

RC15 and RC20

Relay inversion

DC monitoring 11-pole plug-in mounting **Relay inversion**

11-pole plug-in mounting

1- or 2-pole relay output



1- or 2-pole relay output

Frequency relay **RF20 Monitoring of supply frequency** Adjustable bandwidth +/- 0.5 Hz to +/- 5 Hz Selectable reaction delay 1- or 2-pole relay output

Current and voltage monitoring relays

RC15: AC input RC20: DC input



voltage signals **RM15** 2- or 3-digit setpoint selection 11-pole plug-in mounting **Relay inversion**

1-pole relay output

Digital limit switch for current and

Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac Level monitoring relays

C-mac level relays, series RL, are made for monitoring and control of the level in conductive liquids.

The level is monitored by 1 or 2 electrodes in the liquid.



RL10: Universal relay for filling or emptying

RL11: Level relay for emptying

RL12: Level relay for filling

1 or 2 sensor levels

Adjustable sensitivity

1- or 2-pole relay output

Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac Temperature, speed, preselection and logic relays



Temperature relay **RM34**

Monitoring relay for Pt100 sensor 4 metering ranges in one module Adjustments for setpoint and time delay Selectable range, relay inversion and time delay Cable resistance compensation 1- or 2-pole relay output

Pulse divider / preselection relay **RD53**

Digital adjustment between 2 and 999 Pulse inputs for contact, NAMUR or NPN transistor. Transistor output for connection to "slave module" 1-pole relay output



Tachometer relay

RR10

3 metering ranges, from 10 rpm. to 20.000 rpm. Adjustable start-up delay, from 0 to 10 seconds. Universal pulse inputs for contact, NPN/PNP sensor, Namur sensor, etc. Selectable latch function. 1-pole relay output.

Logic relays RD11, RD15, RD16, RD17 and RD18

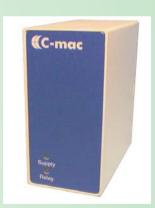
RD11: Flip-flop relay with phase-neutral or ph-ph supply.

RD15 and RD16: Flip-flop relay with or without memory.

RD17 and RD18: Bistable relay with or without memory.

RD20

Amplifying relay for external sensor. Applicable for NPN, PNP and NAMUR sensors



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

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C-mac Timers



Automatic timers

RT10, RT12, RT14, RT15 and RT16

Timing function controlled by the supply connection

RT10: Delay on operate

RT12: Interval timer

RT14: Symmetrical recycler

RT15: One-shot timer

RT16: Delay on release

1- or 2-pole relay output



Externally controlled timers

Delay on operate timers type

RT10.6, RT10.7 and RT10.8

Interval timers type

RT12.6, RT12.7 and RT12.8.

Timing function controlled by external commands. Time ranges from 0,08 seconds to 10 hours.

1- or 2-pole relay output.



Star/delta relay RT18

Timing relay for star-delta switches **Automatic start** 4 time ranges from 0,4 sec. to 10 min. Time adjustment on built-in potentiometer 1-pole relay output with neutral centre position 100 msec, fixed neutral time Phase-neutral or phase-phase supply voltage

Multifunction timers RT20 and RT31

RT20: 4 functions in the same unit: Delay on release, delay on operate, interval timer and symmetrical recycler.

RT31: Asymmetrical recycler, 4 different funtcions. 16 time ranges/combinations in the same

1- or 2-pole relay output.



Multirange timers

RT40 and RT41

RT40: Universal pulse continuity module Automatic start or start at first pulse With or without latch function

RT41: Delay-ON / delay OFF function in one module

16 time ranges/combinations in one unit Inputs for many sensor types 1-pole relay output



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac Power supplies



Supply, series SF

Linear controlled power supplies. 4variants, from 24 VDC / 2,5 A to 24 VDC / 10 A. Short-circuit and overload protected. Aluminum base-plate. Max. ripple 3,5 mV RMS. LED indication

Supply, series PSD

Switch-mode supply. **Output 24 VDC** PSD18, max. load 0.75 A PSD30, max. load 1.25 A PSD60, max. load 2.50 A PSD120, max. load 5.00 A Short-circuit and over-load protected. Supply voltage 90 - 265 VAC. **DIN-rail mounting.**



Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

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C-mac Sensors and transformers



Temperature sensors.

Pt100 or T/C sensors.

For wall mounting, with cable or with B-head



Selectable metering ranges

Current switches with DC output, max 150 mA or 500 mA, or AC output, max 1 A.

Current sensors with 4-20 mA output





Humidity sensor HS14

Internal sensor (wall mounting) or immersion tube. 18-30 VDC supply, analogue current or voltage output.

Humidity and temperature sensor HS16

2-wire loop-powered monitoring of humidity and temperature. 4-20 mA current consumption proportional to humidity and temperature. Internal sensor (wall mounting) or immersion tube.

Pressure sensors DC51 and DC66 Loop-powered 4-20 mA Standard ranges up to 500 mm H2O

Wind speed and wind direction **DWC-INA** and **DWC-VXV** Brass housing, suitable for offshore





Click on the selected type to see detailed datasheet

On each datasheet, click on Comadan Produktion to return to this sheet

C-mac Programming software

With the C-mac programming software you can test the different possibilities of the programmable converters, no matter if you have the interface unit or not.

If you want to program the units, you must have a C-mac interface unit, which is connected to the PC on one of the serial outputs.

If you want to download the software, you must exit this program, and start the file: SETUP.EXE in the directory NEWSOFT.



Programmable converter PCV10

AC/DC current inputs from 15 µA to 10 A

AC/DC voltage inputs from 10 mV to 1500 V

Frequency monitoring up to 5 kHz

Analogue or pulse outputs

Galvanic separation, supply - input - output

DC supply or AC supply voltages up to 400 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



PCV10 is a multirange converter / isolation amplifier with current, voltage and pulse inputs and current, voltage, pulse or relay outputs.

The unit is supplied with 3 current and 3 voltage input connections, which makes it possible to program any input range between 15 μA and 10 A or 15 mV and 1000VAC/1500 VDC. With DC-inputs it is possible to monitor both positive and negative signals.

With AC inputs the converter monitors the RMS value of the signal, which means the signals are converted without any errors, no matter which shape they have.

The unit can also be programmed with frequency input, where the same input connections are used. The frequency of the input signal is then monitored instead of the analogue level.

You can select between 2 different output configurations:

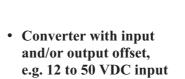
- Type A is supplied with analogue current output, programmable between 0 and 20 mA and analogue voltage output, programmable between -10 and +10 V.
- Type B has the same outputs as type A, but in addition it is also supplied with pulse output, programmable to a maximum frequency of 10 kHz.

The unit is supplied with 2 trimming potentiometers, which can be used to fine-adjust the metering range, if the unit is used with analogue outputs. In either case the potentiometers can be disabled and fixed values selected, if adjustment is not required.

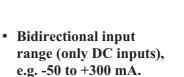
If you want, you can order the unit with specified metering ranges, or you can program it yourself, by means of the C-mac programming software for PC and a small interface to connect between the PC and the module.

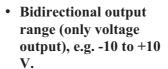
All parameters in the converter are programmable within the specified limitations (min. and max. input and output levels), giving the following possibilities:

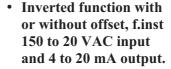
 Basic converter, (0 to defined input range and standard output range, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V).

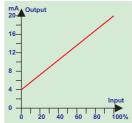


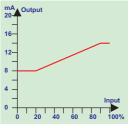
and 8 to 15 mA output.

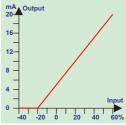


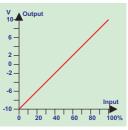
















PCV10 connections:

Supply voltage.

terminal 15 and 16

Inputs.

- 1: input common
- 10 AAC/DC
- 207 mAAC/292 mADC 3:
- 4: 5,8 mAAC/8,2 mADC
- 5: 0,8 VAC/1,1 VDC
- 6: 27 VAC/39 VDC
- 8: 1000 VAC/1500 VDC

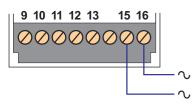
Outputs, type PCV10-A and PCV10-B.

- 9: output common
- 10: current output
- voltage output 11:
- pulse output (type PCV10-B only) 12:

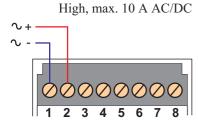


Connection drawings:

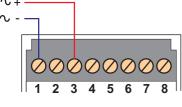
Supply voltage, AC



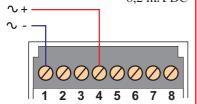
Current inputs:



Medium, max. 207 mA AC 292 mA DC

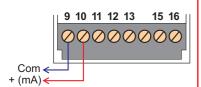


Low, max. 5,8 mA AC 8,2 mA DC

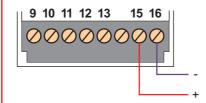


Analog current output:

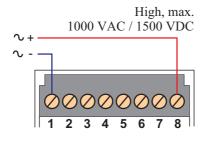
Programmable ranges between 0 and 20 mA



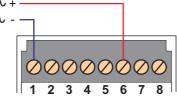
Supply voltage, DC



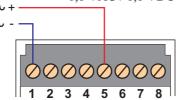
Voltage inputs:



Medium, max. 27 VAC / 39 VDC

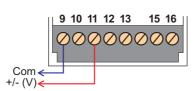


Low, max. 0,8 VAC / 1,1 VDC

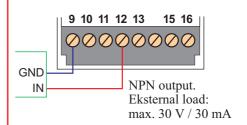


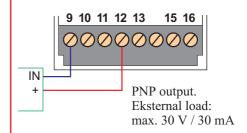
Analog voltage output:

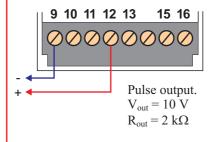
Programmable ranges between -10 and +10 V



Pulse outputs type PCV10-B only):









Mechanical dimensions:

00000000 70.0 9 10 11 12 13 15 16 00000000 117 0 45,0

Materials:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100,

Frontplate: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Terminal cover: CYCOLOY C2100,

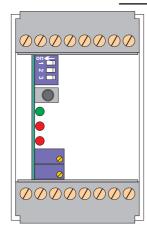
black

Terminals: nickel plated brass

Screws: nickel plated iron

Weight: 350 g

Programming connections and adjustments:



Programming connector CON.

Connects to the PC via C-mac interface cable.

The interface unit is internally battery powered, which means it is not necessary to connect any external supply voltage to the PCV unit during programming.

Function selector switch DS.

1 OFF: Normal mode

1 ON: Programming mode 2 OFF: Disable P1 adjustment 2 ON: Enable P1 adjustment 3 OFF: Disable P2 adjustment 3 ON: Enable P2 adjustment

Potentiometers P1 and P2.

PCV10-A and PCV10-B:

P1 =Offset fine adjust +/- 5%

P2 =Span fine adjust +/- 5%

PCV10 programming.

It is possible to program and reprogram the unit at any time, no matter if the supply voltage is connected or not. If the program is modified while the unit is installed and in operation, all input signal conversions are disabled and the output will not update as long as DS 1 is ON. Programming of the unit is made by following the instructions in the C-mac programming software. The unit starts with the modified program as soon as DS 1 is switched back to OFF position.

Fine adjustments with potentiometer 1 and 2.

In order to avoid unwanted modifications of the programmed ranges and to ensure a good temperature stability it is only possible to fine-adjust the programmed metering ranges if you use the following procedure:

When you have a known and stable input signal, you set switch 2 or 3 ON, for P1 or P2 adjustment, respectively. When the switch has been activated for minimum 2 seconds, the supply LED extinguishes and the output signal changes to the value, which corresponds to the actual position of the potentiometer. Now you adjust the output signal to the wanted value, and then you set the switch back in OFF position. The modified range is now programmed, and the power LED is ON again. If you want to adjust the ranges again, you set the switch back in ON position, wait for the LED to extinguish, adjust on the potentiometer, and set the switch back in OFF position.

Please notice, that it is only possible to adjust on one of the potentiometers at a time, i.e. you cannot set both switch 2 and 3 ON simultaneously.

Reset to the programmed settings.

If you have fine-adjusted the programmed ranges, and you want to reset to the original settings, you use the following procedure: Set switch 2 or 3 ON, depending on which of the ranges you want to reset. Wait for the supply LED to extinguish. Set switch 1 ON, and reset switch 2 or 3 to OFF position. Set switch 1 OFF again. Now the selected range has been reset, and you can repeat the procedure on the other range, if you want.



Technical data:

Supply voltage AC: 24, 115, 230 and 400 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply voltage DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltages: Supply - internal electronics: 3,75 kV

Input - output: 2.5 kV

Power consumption: 6 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0-90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.003\% / ^{\circ}C$

EMC data.

Emission: EN 50 081 - 1
Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2
Safety: EN 60 730 - 1

Approvals. The module is produced in accordance

with CE and high voltage regulations.

Speed and accuracy.

Conversion speed:

Linearity:

AC input (50 Hz): in - out delay: 150 msec DC input in - out delay: 20 msec.

Accuracy: better than 0,2%, except at 10 A range

at $I_{in} > 5$ A: accuracy better than 1%

Resolution: Between 0,037% and 0,1%, dependent

better than 0.02%

on the programmed metering range. If the unit is programmed with input and/or output offset, the resolution will be reduced proportionally. In either case the actual resolution is informed,

when the unit is programmed.

Indications:

Green LED: Steady light = supply ON

Flashing = programming mode

Outputs.

Current output: Terminals 9-10, programmable from

0 to 20 mA.

Max. external load: 500Ω

Voltage output: Terminals 9-11, programmable from

-10 to +10 V.

Min. external load: 1000Ω

Pulse output: Terminals 9-12, programmable NPN,

PNP or active output.

NPN and PNP: Max. external voltage: 30 VDC

Max. load: 30 mA

Active output: Vout = 10 V

Rout = $2 k\Omega$

Min. load resistance: $10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Out of range: If the input signal is above or below the

specified range, the output signal can move up to 5% above or below the specified output range. If wanted, this

function can be disabled.

Current inputs:

Terminals 1-2: Metering ranges (DC) 290 mA to 10A

 $Rin = 10 \text{ m}\Omega$

Max. inrush current (10 sec): 20 A

Terminals 1-3: Metering ranges (DC) 8 mA to 290 mA

 $Rin = 2.7 \Omega$

Max. inrush current (10 sec): 1 A

Terminals 1-4: Metering ranges (DC) 15µA to 8 mA

 $Rin = 55 \Omega$

Max. inrush current (10 sec): 130 mA

Voltage inputs:

Terminals 1-5: Metering ranges (DC) 15 mV to 1.1 V

 $Rin = 4.2 k\Omega$

Max. voltage (10 sec): 60 V

Terminals 1-6: Metering ranges (DC) 1.1 V to 38 V

 $Rin = 270 k\Omega$

Max. voltage (10 sec): 220 V

Terminals 1-8: Metering ranges (DC) 38 V to 1500 V

 $Rin = 10 M\Omega$

Max. continuous voltage: 1800 V Max. voltage (10 sec): 2000 V

AC input, current or voltage:

Input frequency: 5 - 420 Hz

Frequency inputs:

If the unit is programmed to monitor the frequency of the input signal, the normal current or voltage inputs are used. Because the pulses are detected at a level very close to zero, it is only recommended to use the frequency option, if the input signal comes from an AC source.

During programming you select the input which corresponds

to the actual current- or voltage level.

Panel mounting.

If several modules are placed beside each other in a control panel, there must be a minimum distance of 5 mm between each module.

Ordering guide.

1. Basic units without range programming.

PCV10-x-yyy

 $\underline{x} = Output configuration.$

A: Current and voltage output

B: Current, voltage and pulse output

yyy = Supply voltage.

024 = 24 VAC 230 = 230 VAC 115 = 115 VAC 400 = 400 VAC

712 = 12-50 VDC

2. Converters included range programming.

When the modules are ordered with programmed ranges, the same ordering numbers are used to specify the basic unit, but in addition, the wanted ranges must be specified, as shown on the examples below:

e.g. 1: PCV10-A-230 In: 0-85 VAC Out: 4-20 mA

e.g. 2: PCV10-B-024 In: 0-100 mADC Out: -10 to +10 V Pulse out: NPN, 0-600 p.p.m, pulse width 20 msec.





Programmable converter PMR10

Temperature inputs from RTD or thermocouple sensors Potentiometer or variable resistor inputs

Sensor supply for NPN, PNP, NAMUR and analogue inputs

Analogue or pulse outputs

Galvanic separation, supply - input - output

DC supply or AC supply voltages up to 400 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



PMR10 is a multirange converter / isolation amplifier with temperature, resistance, pulse and analogue inputs and current, voltage, pulse or relay outputs.

The unit has a number of programmable input functions:

Temperature monitoring with 3-wire RTD sensors Pt100, Pt500; Pt1000, Ni100, Ni500 and Ni1000, including sensor cable monitoring.

Temperature monitoring with thermocouple sensors type J (Fe-CuNi), type K (NiCr-Ni), type R (Pt13%Rh-Pt), type S (Pt10%Rh-Pt), type T (Cu-CuNi), type B (Pt30%Rh-Pt6% Rh), type N (Nicrosil-Nisil) or type E (NiCr-CuNi).

When the unit is programmed for thermocouple sensor, you can select between internal Cold Junction Compensation and external CJC-box, which gives a higher accuracy. No matter which type of temperature sensor is used, the unit will compensate for the unlinearity of the sensor.

Potentiometer monitoring. If this function is selected, the output signal will indicate the actual position of the potentiometer, independent of the total value of the potentiometer.

Resistor monitoring. With resistor monitoring the output signal is an expression of the actual value of the resistor, compared with the programmed metering range.

Speed monitoring with programmable inputs from NPN, PNP or NAMUR sensors, including supply voltage for the sensor.

Input signals from analogue transducers, including supply voltage for the transducer.

You can select between 2 different output configurations:

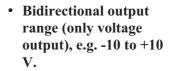
- Type A is supplied with analogue current output, programmable between 0 and 20 mA and analogue voltage output, programmable between -10 and +10 V.
- <u>Type B</u> has the same outputs as type A, but in addition it is also supplied with pulse output, programmable to a maximum frequency of 10 kHz.

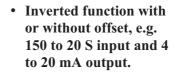
The unit is supplied with 2 trimming potentiometers, which can be used to fine-adjust the metering range, if the unit is used with analogue outputs. In either case the potentiometers can be disabled, if the adjustment possibility is not wanted.

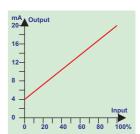
If you want, you can order the unit with specified metering ranges, or you can program it yourself, by means of the C-mac programming software for PC and a small interface to connect between the PC and the module.

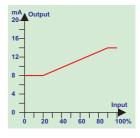
All parameters in the converter are programmable within the specified limitations (min. and max. input and output levels), giving the following possibilities:

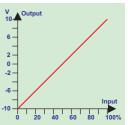
- Basic converter, (0 to defined input range and standard output range, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V).
- Converter with input and/or output offset, e.g. 10 to 50 °C input and 8 to 15 mA output.

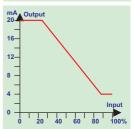














PMR10 connections:

Supply voltage.

terminal 15 and 16

Inputs.

- 1: sensor cable monitor
- current input
- 3: voltage input
- 4: sensor current out5: NPN/PNP input
- 6: transducer supply out
- 7: NAMUR supply
- 8: input common

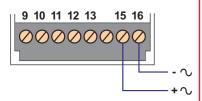
Outputs, type PMR10-A and PMR10-B.

- 9: output common
- 10: current output
- 11: voltage output
- pulse output (type PCV10-B only) 12:



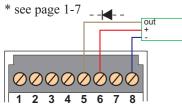
Connection drawings:

Supply voltage:

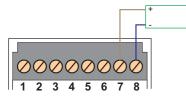


Sensor inputs:

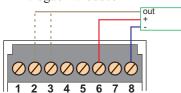




NAMUR sensor

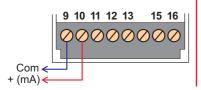


Analogue transducer

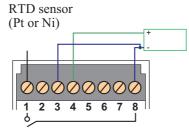


Analogue current output:

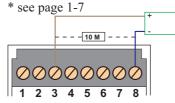
Programmable ranges between 0 and 20 mA



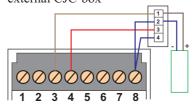
Temperature inputs:



Thermocouple sensor, direct

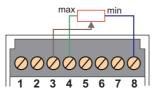


Thermocouple sensor, external CJC-box

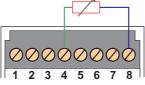


Resistance inputs:

Potentiometer

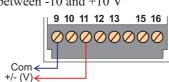




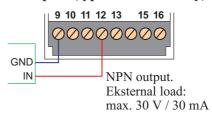


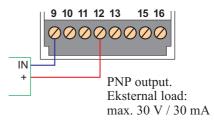
Analogue voltage output:

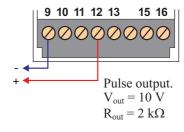
Programmable ranges between -10 and +10 V



Pulse outputs (type PMR10-B only):









Mechanical dimensions:

CC-mac Supply Programmable converter 9 10 11 12 13 | 15 16 OOOOOOOO 45,0

Materials:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Frontplate: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Terminal cover: CYCOLOY C2100,

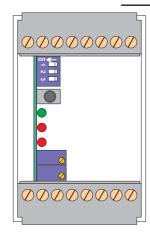
black

Terminals: nickel plated brass

Screws: nickel plated iron

Weight: 350 g

Programming connections and adjustments:



Programming connector CON.

Connects to the PC via C-mac interface cable.

The interface unit is internally battery powered, which means it is not necessary to connect any external supply voltage to the PMR unit during programming.

Function selector switch DS.

1 OFF: Normal mode
1 ON: Programming mode
2 OFF: Disable P1 adjustment
2 ON: Enable P1 adjustment
3 OFF: Disable P2 adjustment
3 ON: Enable P2 adjustment

Potentiometers P1 and P2.

PMR10-A and PMR10-B: Offset fine adjust +/- 5%

Span fine adjust +/- 5%

PMR10 programming.

It is possible to program and reprogram the unit at any time, no matter if the supply voltage is connected or not. If the program is modified while the unit is installed and in operation, all input signal conversions are disabled and the output will not update as long as DS 1 is ON. Programming of the unit is made by following the instructions in the C-mac programming software. The unit starts with the modified program as soon as DS 1 is switched back to OFF position.

Fine adjustmens with potentiometer 1 and 2.

In order to avoid unwanted modifications of the programmed ranges and to ensure a good temperature stability it is only possible to fine-adjust the programmed metering ranges if you use the following procedure:

When you have a known and stable input signal, you set switch 2 or 3 ON, for P1 or P2 adjustment, respectively. When the switch has been activated for minimum 2 seconds, the supply LED extinguishes and the output signal changes to the value, which corresponds to the actual position of the potentiometer. Now you adjust the output signal to the wanted value, and then you set the switch back in OFF position. The modified range is now programmed, and the power LED is ON again. If you want to adjust the ranges again, you set the switch back in ON position, wait for the LED to extinguish, adjust on the potentiometer, and set the switch back in OFF position.

Please notice, that it is only possible to adjust on one of the potentiometers at a time, i.e. you cannot set both switch 2 and 3 ON simultaneously.

Reset to the programmed settings.

P1 =

P2 =

If you have fine-adjusted the programmed ranges, and you want to reset to the original settings, you use the following procedure: Set switch 2 or 3 ON, depending on which of the ranges you want to reset. Wait for the supply LED to extinguish. Set switch 1 ON, and reset switch 2 or 3 to OFF position. Set switch 1 OFF again. Now the selected range has been reset, and you can repeat the procedure on the other range, if you want.

* Special notes:

The counter input (terminal 5) is universal, which means it can be used for both NPN and PNP sensors, but if the sensor is a "push-pull" type (both PNP and NPN output), you must put a diode in series with the sensor output, as it is shown on the connection drawing.

If the PMR10 is used for thermocouple monitoring, and you have a cable breakage on the sensor cable, this will not be indicated on the output, but if you connect a 10 $M\Omega$ resistor on the output as shown on the connection diagram, you will ensure, that the output will go to minimum in case of a cable breakage.



Technical data:

Supply voltage AC: 24, 115, 230 and 400 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply voltage DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltages: Supply - internal electronics: 3,75 kV

Input - output: 2.5 kV

Power consumption: 6 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0-90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.003\% / ^{\circ}C$

EMC data.

Emission: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730 - 1

Approvals. The module is produced in accordance

with CE and high voltage regulations.

Speed and accuracy.

Conversion speed: in - out delay: min. 150 msec

programmable up to 4 sec.

Accuracy:

RTD sensors: < +/-0.2°C

Thermocouple: with external CJC box: $< +/- 2^{\circ}$ C

internal compensation: < +/- 6°C

remaining ranges: < 0.2%

Linearity: better than 0.1%

Resolution: Between 1/1500 and 1/3000, dependent

on the programmed metering range. If the unit is programmed with input and/or output offset, the resolution will be reduced proportionally. In either case

the actual resolution is informed, when the unit is programmed.

Indications:

Green LED: Steady light = supply ON

Flashing = programming mode

Outputs.

Current output: Terminals 9-10, programmable from

0 to 20 mA.

Max. external load: 500Ω

Voltage output: Terminals 9-11, programmable from

-10 to +10 V.

Min. external load: 1000Ω

Pulse output: Terminals 9-12, programmable NPN,

PNP or active output.

NPN and PNP: Max. external voltage: 30 VDC

Max. load: 30 mA

Active output: Vout = 10 V

Rout = $2 k\Omega$

Min. load resistance: $10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Out of range: If the input signal is above or below the

specified range, the output signal can move up to 5% above or below the specified output range. If wanted, this

function can be disabled.

Inputs.

Input impedances:

Terminal 2-8: Current input. R_{in} = 122 Ω Terminal 3-8: Voltage input. R_{in} = 125 $k\Omega$

RTD sensor:

Terminal 3-4-8: Metering ranges -100°C to +850°C

3-wire metering with cable comp.

Terminal 1-8: Sensor cable monitoring

output ON, if the cable is OK. Max. external voltage: 30 VDC

Max. Load: 30 mA

Thermocouple input:

Terminal 3-4-8: Metering ranges -100°C to +1800°C

depending on sensor tyep. In- or external cold junction

compensation.

Resistor and potentiometer input:

Terminal 3-4-8: Ranges from 10Ω to $10 k\Omega$

Pulse input:

Terminal 5-6-8: NPN and PNP sensors. Ranges from

10 pph to 10 kHz.

Sensor supply on terminal 6: 24VDC

+5% -15%, max load 20 mA.

Terminal 7-8: NAMUR sensors. Ranges from

10 pph to 10 kHz. Sensor supply on

terminal 7: 8,2 VDC, $R_{out} = 1 \text{ k.}\Omega$

Transducer input:

Terminal 2-3-6-8: Ranges up to 20 mA or 10 V.

Transducer supply on terminal 6: 24 VDC +5% -15%, max load 20 mA

Panel mounting.

If several modules are placed beside each other in a control panel, there must be a minimum distance of 5 mm between each module.

Ordering guide.

1. Basic units without range programming.

PMR10-x-yyy

x = Output configuration.

A: Current and voltage output

B: Current, voltage and pulse output

yyy = Supply voltage.

024 = 24 VAC 115 = 115 VAC

230 = 230 VAC 400 = 400 VAC

712 = 12-50 VDC

2. Converters included range programming.

When the modules are ordered with programmed ranges, the same ordering numbers are used to specify the basic unit, but in additon, the wanted ranges must be specified, as shown on the examples below:

eks. 1: PMR10-A-230 In: Pt100, 0-200°C, Out: 4-20 mA eks. 2: PMR10-B-024 In:NPN 20-90 rpm. Out: -10 to +10 V

Pulse out: NPN, 0-600 p.p.m, pulse width 20 msec.





Programmable converter PPV10

1-phase and symmetrical 3-phase power monitoring
Phase angle monitoring
Analogue, pulse or relay outputs

Galvanic separation, supply - input - output

DC supply or AC supply voltages up to 400 VAC

Made in accordance with the $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{E}$ and EMC regulations



PPV10 is a programmable multirange converter / isolation amplifier with 1- and 3-phase voltage input, one current input and current, voltage, pulse or relay outputs.

The unit has a number of programmable input functions:

Monitoring of phase angle or power consumption on single phase AC or DC loads.

Monitoring of phase angle or power consumption on symmetrical 3-phase loads.

The unit is supplied with 2 voltage range and 3 current range inputs, in order to achieve the highest possible accuracy.

The unit can operate between 20 and 750 V input voltage and 150 mA to 6 A input current. If the metering current exceeds 6 A, you can use an external current transformer, and in this way it is also possible to monitor very big loads.

The supply voltage for the unit is separated from the metering signal, this is particularly interesting, if there is a big variation of the metering voltages.

You can select between 2 different output configurations:

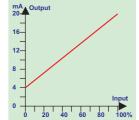
- Type A is supplied with analogue current output, programmable between 0 and 20 mA and analogue voltage output, programmable between -10 and +10 V.
- Type B has the same outputs as type A, but in addition it is also supplied with pulse output, programmable to a maximum frequency of 10 kHz.

The unit is supplied with 2 trimming potentiometers, which can be used to fine-adjust the metering range, if the unit is used with analogue outputs. In either case the potentiometers can be disabled, if adjustment is not required.

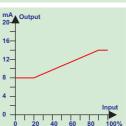
If you want, you can order the unit with specific metering ranges, or you can program it yourself, by means of the C-mac programming software for PC and a small interface to connect between the PC and the module.

All parameters in the converter are programmable within the specified limitations (min. and max. input and output levels), giving the following possibilities:

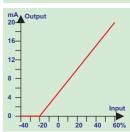
 Basic converter (0 to defined input range and standard output range, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 0-10 V).



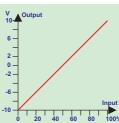
 Converter with input and/or output offset, e.g. 200 to 800 W input and 8 to 15 mA output.



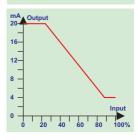
 Bidirectional input range (phase angle), e.g.
 -50 to +40 deg.



 Bidirectional output range (only voltage output), e.g. -10 to +10 V.



 Inverted function with or without offset, e.g.
 300 to 200 W input and
 4-20 mA output.





PPV10 connections:

Supply voltage.

terminal 15 and 16

Inputs.

- 1: voltage input, phase 1, $V_{in} > 75 \text{ V}$
- 2: voltage input, phase 1, V in<75 V 3: voltage input, phase 2, V in<75 V 4: voltage input, phase 2, V in<75 V

- 5: voltage input / phase 3, and load current, input
- 6: load current, output, $I_{max} = 6 \text{ A}$
- 7: load current, output, $I_{max} = 3 \text{ A}$
- 8: load current, output, $I_{max} = 0.9 \text{ A}$

Outputs, type PPV10-A and PPV10-B.

output, common 10: current output

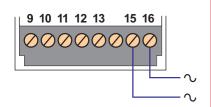
11: voltage output

12: pulse output only(type PPV10-B)

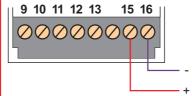


Connection examples:

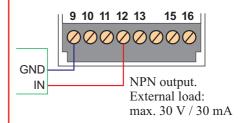
Supply voltage, AC



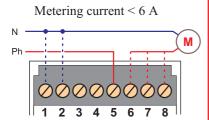
Supply voltage, DC



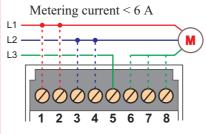
Pulse outputs only(type PPV10-B):



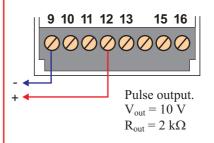
Inputs, 1-phase metering:

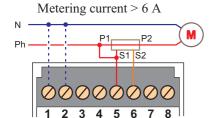


Inputs, 3-phase metering:

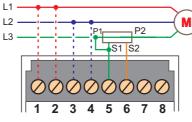


9 10 11 12 13 15 16 000000 IN PNP output. External load: max. 30 V / 30 mA



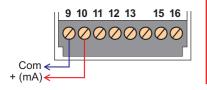


Metering current > 6 A



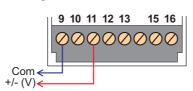
Analogue current output:

Programmable ranges between 0 and 20 mA



Analogue voltage output:

Programmable ranges between -10 og +10 V





Mechanical dimensions:

C-mac Supply Programmable converter 9 10 11 12 13 | 15 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 45,0

Materials:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Frontplate: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Terminal cover: CYCOLOY C2100,

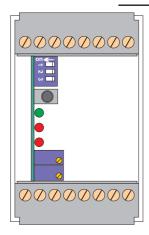
black

Terminals: nickel plated brass

Screws: nickel plated iron

Weight: 350 g

Programming connections and adjustments:



Programming connector CON.

Connects to the PC via C-mac interface cable.

The interface unit is internally battery powered, which means it is not necessary to connect any external supply voltage to the PPV unit during programming.

Function selector switch DS.

1 OFF: Normal mode
1 ON: Programming mode
2 OFF: Disable P1 adjustment
2 ON: Enable P1 adjustment
3 OFF: Disable P2 adjustment
3 ON: Enable P2 adjustment

Potentiometers P1 and P2.

P1 = Offset fine adjust +/- 5%
P2 = Span fine adjust +/- 5%

PPV10 programming.

It is possible to program and reprogram the unit at any time, no matter if the supply voltage is connected or not. If the program is modified while the unit is installed and in operation, all input signal conversions are disabled and the output will not update as long as DS 1 is ON. Programming of the unit is made by following the instructions in the C-mac programming software. The unit starts with the modified program as soon as DS 1 is switched back to OFF position.

Fine adjustmens with potentiometer 1 and 2.

In order to avoid unwanted modifications of the programmed ranges and to ensure a good temperature stability it is only possible to fine-adjust the programmed metering ranges if you use the following procedure:

When you have a known and stable input signal, you set switch 2 or 3 ON, for P1 or P2 adjustment, respectively. When the switch has been activated for minimum 2 seconds, the supply LED extinguishes and the output signal changes to the value, which corresponds to the actual position of the potentiometer. Now you adjust the output signal to the wanted value, and then you set the switch back in OFF position. The modified range is now programmed, and the power LED is ON again. If you want to adjust the ranges again, you set the switch back in ON position, wait for the LED to extinguish, adjust on the potentiometer, and set the switch back in OFF position.

Please notice, that it is only possible to adjust on one of the potentiometers at a time, i.e. you cannot set both switch 2 and 3 ON simultaneously.

Reset to the programmed settings.

If you have fine-adjusted the programmed ranges, and you want to reset to the original settings, you use the following procedure: Set switch 2 or 3 ON, depending on which of the ranges you want to reset. Wait for the supply LED to extinguish. Set switch 1 ON, and reset switch 2 or 3 to OFF position. Set switch 1 OFF again. Now the selected range has been reset, and you can repeat the procedure on the other range, if you want.



Technical data:

Supply voltage AC: 24, 115, 230 and 400 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply voltage DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltages: Supply - internal electronics: 3,75 kV

Input - output: 2.5 kV

Power consumption: 6 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0-90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.003\% / ^{\circ}C$

EMC data.

 Emission:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730 - 1

Approvals. The module is produced in accordance

with CE and high voltage regulations.

Speed and accuracy.

Conversion speed: in - out delay: 300 msec

Accuracy: better than 0,2%, except at 6 A range

at $I_{in} > 5$ A: accuracy better than 1%

Linearity: better than 0.02%

Resolution: Between 0,037% and 0,1%, dependent

on the programmed metering range. If the unit is programmed with input and/or output offset, the resolution will be reduced proportionally. In either case the actual resolution is informed,

when the unit is programmed.

Indications:

Yellow LED: Steady light = supply ON

Flashing = programming mode

Outputs.

Current output: Terminals 9-10, programmable from

0 to 20 mA.

Max. external load: 500Ω

Voltage output: Terminals 9-11, programmable from

-10 to +10 V.

Min. external load: 1000Ω

Pulse output: Terminals 9-12, programmable NPN,

PNP or active output.

NPN and PNP: Max. external voltage: 30 VDC

Max. load: 30 mA

Active output: Vout = 10 V

Rout = $2 k\Omega$

Min. load resistance: $10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Out of range: If the input signal is above or below the

specified range, the output signal can move up to 5% above or below the specified output range. If wanted, this

function can be disabled.

Inputs.

Single phase voltage input:

Terminals 1-5: max. voltage 750 VAC or DC max voltage 75 VAC or DC min. voltage range 20 V

3-phase voltage input:

Terminals 1-3-5: max. voltage 3 x 750 VAC

Terminals 2-4-5: max. voltage 3 x 75 VAC

min. voltage range 3 x 20 V

Current shunt:

Terminals 5-6: $Rin = 10 \text{ m}\Omega$, max. current 6 A

max. inrush current (20 sec): 20 A

Terminals 5-7: $Rin = 20 \text{ m}\Omega$, max. current 3 A

max. inrush current (20 sec): 20 A

Terminals 5-8: Rin = $50 \text{ m}\Omega$, max. current 0.9 A

max. inrush current (20 sec): 10 A min. current range: 150 mA

Programming.

When you are programming the unit you must define the current range, the voltage range and the wanted output range in power, phase angle or $\cos \varphi$, and the programming software will then inform about the actual resolution. If the output is programmed to indicate the power consumption, the resolution is informed for $\cos \varphi = 1$. With a smaller $\cos \varphi$, the resolution is reduced proportionally. If you use the module in connection with an external current transformer, you must also define the current ratio (i.e. 100/5), and the programming software will then include this ratio in the power calculation.

Panel mounting:

If several units are placed beside each other, there must be minimum 5 mm space between the units.

Ordering guide.

1. Basic units without range programming.

PPV10-x-yyy

x = Output configuration.

A: Current and voltage output

B: Current, voltage and pulse output

yyy = Supply voltage.

024 = 24 VAC

115 = 115 VAC

230 = 230 VAC

400 = 400 VAC 712 = 12-50 VDC

2. Converters included range programming.

When the modules are ordered with programmed ranges, the same ordering numbers are used to specify the basic unit, but in addition, the wanted ranges must be specified, as shown on the examples below:

e.g. 1: PPV10-A-230 Vin: 3 x 400 VAC, Iin: 5 A, CT: 200/5 Pin: 0-100 kW, Out: 4-20 mA

e.g. 2: PPV10-B-024 Vin: 230 VAC, Iin: 200 mA, Pin: 0-50 W Out: 0-10 V Pulse out: NPN, 0-5000 p.p.h., pulse width 100 msec.





Signal converters / relays series L

Non-programmable signal converters / monitoring relays

Current, voltage, temperature or resistor inputs

Built-in exitation supply for transducer

Current, voltage or relay output

Galvanic separation, supply - input - output

DC supply or AC supply voltages up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] converters, series L, consists of 3 different basic units, each of them available in a number of variants:

- LC10 has current input and current, voltage or relay output.
- LV10 has voltage input and current, voltage or relay output.
- LM30 has temperature input (3-wire Pt 100) and current, voltage or relay output.
- LM50 has resistor or potentiometer input and current, voltage or relay output.

The signal converters convert a standard or non-standard analogue input signal to a standard analogue output signal, selectable between 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-10 V or 2-10 V, and because all units have galvanic isolation between suppy, input and output, a safe and effective isolation between the input signals and the equipment, which is connected to the output of the converters, is ensured.

All connections to the converter module are placed on one terminal block, and therefore it is possible to install 2 independent converters in the same housing, thereby reducing the required space in the control panel, where the modules are installed.

Optionally, the converters can be supplied with an input signal monitor with isolated transistor output. This output is only activated, if the input signal is within the specified metering range.

Note:

If the converter is supplied with this monitor, only one converter can be installed in the housing.

The monitoring relays operate with the same input signals, but instead of having an analogue output signal, the modules are supplied with 2 relay outputs, where setpoints and relay functions are user adjustable. All monitoring relays have input signal monitor with transistor output, and only one module can be installed in each housing.

Block diagram, converter unit:

PPSSS 1 2 1 2 3 2(15) 5(12) 4(13) 7(10) 8(9)

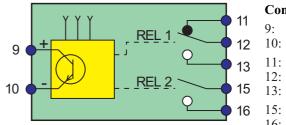
Connections:

- 1-2: supply
- 4: input GND
- 5: input +
- 6: exitation + (LC10 and LV10)
- 6: cable comp. (LM30)
- 7: output +
- 8: output -

Note:

The numbers in brackets refer to unit 2, if 2 converters are installed in the same housing.

Block diagram, input monitor/relay output option:



Connections:

- 9: monitor + 10: monitor -
- 11: relay 1, NC
- 12: relay 1, com
- 13: relay 1, NO
- 15: relay 2, com 16: relay 2, NO

Converters with relay output are always supplied with input signal monitor.

With relay output option, there is no analogue output. For input monitor option without relay output, connections 12-16 are left open.



Mechanical dimensions:

Screws:

117.0

Materials and weight:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Frontplate: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Terminal cover: CYCOLOY C2100,

black

Terminals: Zinc-plated brass Zinc-plated iron

Weight:

with 1 converter: 280 g with 2 converters: 450 g 350 g relay unit:

Front view, converter: Note:

00000000

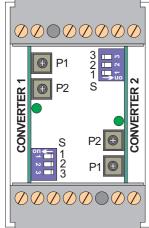
2 4 5 6 7 8

« C−mac

9 10 11 12 13 15 16

00000000

45,0



The drawing shows 2 converters in the same housing.

P1: zero adjustment P2: span adjustment

S1 S2 output range 0 - 20 mA off off off on 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10 V on off 2 - 10 V on on

S3 off: factory adjusted S3 on: enable fine-adjust

P1: setpoint adjustment 1

P2: setpoint adjustment 2

S1, S2: function selection

relay 1 and 2:

the setpoint.

the setpoint.

Hysteresis:

1 %

5 %

on:

off:

on:

S3:

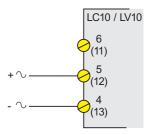
relay releases, if input signal exceeds

relay activates, if

input signal exceeds

External current or voltage source. LC10 and LV10, all metering ranges.

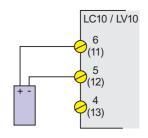
Input connection examples::



Example 2.

Example 1.

2-wire transducer with current consumption proportional with metering input, e.g. pressure transmitter. LC10, 4-20 mA range

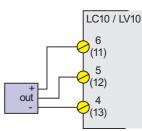


Example 3.

3-wire transducer with current or voltage output.

LC10, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA input and LV10, 0-10 V input.

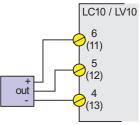
NOTE: max. current output, pin 6 = 22 mA.



Example 4.

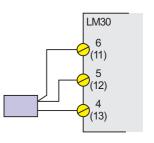
Temperature sensor, 3-wire connection.

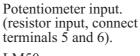
LM30. all metering ranges.



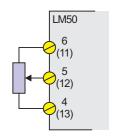
Example 5.

LM50.

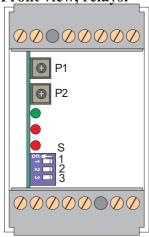




all metering ranges.



Front view, relays:





Common technical data:

Supply voltage: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply voltage DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltages: Supply - internal electronics: 3.75 kV

Input - output: 2.5

Power consumption: 3 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: < 0.01% /°C

Indications:

Green LED, activated: Supply ON and input levels are OK

flashing: Supply ON and input level error

2 red LED's: Relay 1 and 2 active

(only modules with relay output)

Selections:

Converter modules: S1-S2: selection of output range

S3: enable fine adjustment

Relay modules: S1-S2: selection of relay function

S3: selection of hysteresis

Adjustments:

<u>Converter modules:</u> If S3 is off, the converter is factory

adjusted. With S3 on, the adjustments are in accordance with the potentio-

meter positions.

Potentiometer 1: Fine adjustment of zero point:

LM50: +/- 50% of range All other units: +/- 5% of range

Potentiometer 2: Fine adjustment of metering range:

LM50: +/- 50% of range All other units: +/- 5% of range

Relay modules: potentiometer 1:setpoint adjustment,

relay 1: 0-100% of range

potentiometer 2: setpoint adjustment,

relay 2: 0-100% of range

Exitation output: pin 6, (LC10 and LV10 only)

 V_{out} : 24 VDC +5% -20%

 I_{out} : max 22 mA

Output ranges, converters:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Range} & \text{External load} \\ 0 - 20 \text{ mA} & \text{max. } 500 \ \Omega \\ 4 - 20 \text{ mA} & \text{max. } 500 \ \Omega \\ 0 - 10 \text{ V} & \text{min. } 1 \text{ k}\Omega \\ 2 - 10 \text{ V} & \text{min. } 1 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array}$

Max. load relays: 4 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

Input signal monitor: Transistor output, active if input signal

is within the specified metering range,

+/- approx. 10%

max. voltage: 30 VDC max. load: 30 mA

Conversion speed, accuracy and resolution:

type	speed	accuracy	resolution
LC10, AC input	200 msec	2 %	1 %
LC10, DC input	50 msec	1 %	0.5 %
LV10	50 msec	1 %	0.5 %
LM30	50 msec	1 %	0.5 %
LM50	50 msec	1 %	0.5 %

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance

with CE and low voltage directives.

Ordering guide:

aaaa-b-	ccc-d	type number:
aaaa =	type number	LC10
b =	option	LV10
ccc =	supply voltage	LM30
d =	metering range	LM50

option:supply voltage:0 = basic converter, pos. 1024 = 24 VACH = converter, pos. 2115 = 115 VACR = converter with relay output230 = 230 VACM = converter with input monitor712 = 12-50 VDC

Metering ranges:

LC 10	LV 10
1 = 0 - 20 mADC 2 = 4 - 20 mADC 3 = 0 - 1 AAC 4 = 0 - 5 AAC.	1 = 0 - 60 mVDC 2 = 0 - 10 VDC 3 = 0 - 250 VAC 4 = 0 - 500 VDC 5 = 0 - 500 VAC
LM30	LM50
1 = -50 - +150°C 2 = 0 - +100°C 3 = 0 - +200°C 4 = -50 - +50°C	$\begin{array}{l} 1 = 0 - 100 \; \Omega \\ 2 = 0 - 500 \; \Omega \\ 3 = 0 - 1 \; k \; \Omega \\ 4 = 0 - 5 \; k \; \Omega \\ 5 = 0 - 10 \; k \; \Omega \end{array}$

Ordering examples:

LC10-0-230-2: Basic current converter, 230 VAC supply,

input range 4-20 mA

LV10-0-115-1: Voltage converter, 115 VAC supply, input

range 0-60 mV in position 1.

LC10-H-115-4 Current converter, 115 VAC supply, input

range 0-5 AAC in pos. 2 in the same unit.

LM30-M-024-2: Temperature converter with input monitor,

24 VAC supply, range 0-100°C

LC10-R-230-3: Current relay, 230 VAC supply, input range

0-1 AAC, 2 relay outputs.

Front view, relay



Front view, converter







Isolation amplifier type LC24

Double, loop-powered isolation amplifier Consumption 4-20 mA, equivalent to 4-20 mA input Up to 4 amplifiers in the same housing Made in accordance with the $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{E}$ and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] module type LC24 is a loop-powered double isolation amplifier, which means the current consumption is proportional with the input current

The unit is suitable in connection with process monitoring systems, if you want to separate several monitoring signals with different potentials, before they are being connected to PLC-controls or the like.

The two isolation amplifiers are totally separated from each other, which means there is a galvanic separation between inputs, outputs and between the two amplifiers.

Technical data:

Input signal: 4-20 mA Voltage drop, input: 5 V

Protection: Max. input voltage 30 VDC,

Current limitation: 100 mA.

Output: Current consumption 4-20 mA,

proportional with the input current Note: If the input current is zero, the current consumption on the

output is = 3.6 mA

Supply voltage: 8,5 - 30 VDC Voltage drop: min. 5 V

Isolation: 2 kV between input and output

0.5% Accuracy: Linearity: 0.1%

-20°C to +50°C **Operation temp.:** 0,015% / °C Temp. coefficient:

Indications: none

Adjustments: Fine adj. +/- 5% of zero and span. This adjustment is only possible, if

the unit is removed from the housing.

EMC:

Emission: EN 50081-1 EN 50082-1 Immunity:

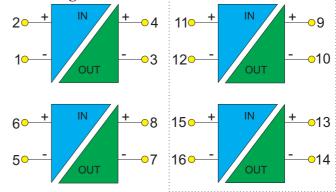
Ordering guide:

The isolation amplifier is available in two variants: LC24-2 is supplied with 2 isolation amplifiers with

connections on pins 1-4 and 5-8.

LC24-4 is supplied with 4 isolation amplifiers with connections on pins 1-4, 5-8, 9-12 and 13-16.

Block diagram:

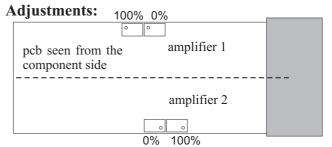


Note: connections 9-16 only type LC24-4

Connection example: SUPPLY PLC

If you connect several isolation amplifiers to a PLC or the like, the plus connections on the output of the amplifiers are connected to plus on the power supply, and the different minus-outputs are connected to the plus inputs on the PLC. Minus from the supply is then connected to common minus on the PLC.

If the PLC has a voltage output for the supply of external sensors, you can use this instead of an external power supply, on the condition, that is can supply the neccessary power.







Top-hat temp. transmitter TT22

Programmable loop-powered Pt100 transmitter

For mounting in sensor head type B

Consumption 4-20 mA, equivalent to temperature input

For 2,3 or 4 wire sensors

Made in accordance with the **((** and EMC regulations



C-mac temperature transmitter type TT22 is specifically designed for standard sensor head, type B.

The transmitter, which must be connected to a Pt100 sensor element, is loop-powered, which means the current consumption is proportional with the temperature at the Pt100 sensor.

The transmitter is available in 4 standard variants, covering the most popular metering ranges. On request, the transmitter can be supplied for special metering

By means of a programming unit it is also possible to program the transmitter yourself within the ranges -200 to 850°C and minimum span 25°C.

You can also program the reaction delay and several other parameters.

Technical data:

Cable fault:

2, 3 or 4-wire Pt100 **Metering input:**

acc.to DIN 43760

Output: Current consumption 4-20 mA,

> proportional with the actual temperature at the Pt100 sensor.

Short circuit: typ. 3,5 mA

Breakage: typ: 23 mA

Supply voltage: 8,5 - 30 VDC

Voltage drop: min. 8.5 V

0,1% **Linearity:**

Temperature stability:

span <100°C: < 0,02% / °C $< 0.01\% / ^{\circ}C$ span 100°C: -20°C to +50°C **Operation temp.: Response time** (10-90%): 0,1 sec.

Dimensions: Ø44 x 20 mm

EMC-data:

EN 50081-2 Emission: Immunity: EN 50082-2

Standard metering ranges, all 3-wire:

 $-50 \text{ to} + 50^{\circ}\text{C}$

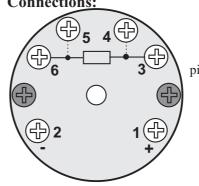
-50 to +150°C

0 to 100°C

0 to 200°C

Special metering ranges available on request

Connections:



pin 1: current +

2: current -

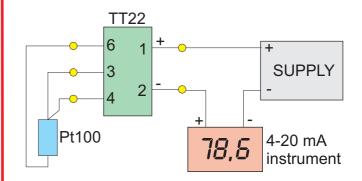
3: Pt100 sensor

4: Pt100 sensor, 3 wire

5: Pt100 sensor

6: Pt100 sensor, 4 wire

Connection example:



Ordering guide:

TT22-1:	metering range -50 to +150°C
TT22-2:	metering range $0 \text{ to } +100^{\circ}\text{C}$
TT22-3:	metering range 0 to +200°C
TT22-4:	metering range -50 to +50°C
TT22-x:	specify metering range
TTP22:	Programmable unit
Flextop:	Programming interface





C-macTemperature converters SM31/SM32

Temperature converters for Pt100 sensors

SM31: single channel SM32: double channel

15-30 V DC supply, isolated from internal electronics

Cable resistance compensation and cable fault monitoring

Made in accordance with the **(\infty** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] units SM31 and SM32 are single and double channel temperature converters, in a 22,5 mm wide standard DIN-housing.

The supply voltage is 15-30 VDC, and the supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

A 3-wire metering principle is used, which means the module compensates for the external cable resistance, and in case of a short-circuit or breakage of the cable, the output will switch to 110% of nominal range.

The units are available with 9 different input metering ranges, and 4 output ranges.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 15-30 VDC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics

(Test voltage 2 kV AC)

typ. 3 W (130 mA @ 24 V) **Power consumption:**

0,3% Accuracy: **Linearity:** 0.1%

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

-35°C to +85°C **Storage temp.:** 0.007% / °C Temp. coefficient:

Metering current: 4 mA **Indications:** none

Fine adj. +/- 5% of zero and span. Adjustments:

The adjustment potentiometers are

placed behind the front plate.

The modules compensate for the **Cable monitoring:**

cable resistance, up to max. 5Ω .

Cable fault: In case of cable breakage or short-

circuit, the output is 120% of normal

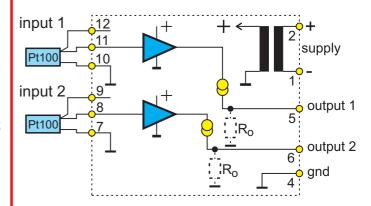
output range.

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 **Immunity:** EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Block diagram:



Notes:

- 1. Connections 6-7-8-9: SM32 only
- 2. R_O: only voltage outputs

Input metering ranges:

0 - 50°C 0 - 250°C 0 - 100°C 0 - 300°C 0 - 120°C -50 - 150°C 0 - 150°C -20 - 130°C

0 - 200°C

Output ranges:

0 - 20 mA

4 - 20 mA $0 - 10 \text{ V}(R_{\text{Out}} = 500\Omega)$

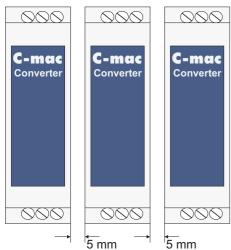
Max. output load, current outputs: 500Ω

Please note, that there is an internal resistor (R_O)on voltage outputs, which means the accuracy of the unit is dependent on the external load resistance.

Ex: With 0-10 V output and load resistance 100 k Ω , the error caused by the load is 0.5%. With load resistance 10 k Ω , the error is 5%.

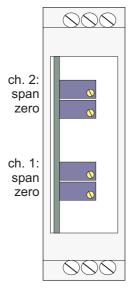


Panel installation:



Please note, that SM32 must be installed with minimum 5 mm gap between the units, because of the internal heat generation.

Fine adjustments:



Ordering guide:

SM31-x-y SM32-x-y

x = Input metering range

y = Output metering range

Input ranges: Output ranges:

1 = 0 - 20 mA 2 = 4 - 20 mA 3 = 0 - 10 V 0 - 50°C 0 - 100°C

3 = 0 - 120°C

0 - 150°C 0 - 200°C

0 - 250°C

 $7 = 0 - 300^{\circ}$ C

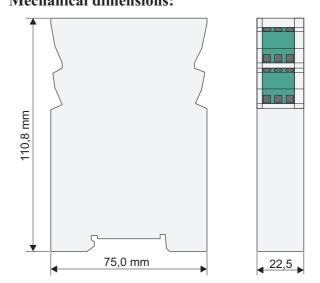
 $8 = -50 - 150^{\circ}$ C

9 = -20 - 130°C

Ordering example: SM32-4-2

(Double temperature converter, input range 0-150°C, output range 4-20 mA)

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate (30% GFR), grey,

self-extinguishing

Terminal block: Polycarbonate UL94 V-2, green,,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 130 g





C-macTemperature converters SM33/SM34

Isolation amplifier for Pt100 sensors

SM33: single channel SM34: double channel

Galvanically isolation between inputs and outputs

20-30 V DC supply, isolated from the inputs

Cable resistance compensation and cable fault monitoring

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] units SM33 and SM34 are single and double channel temperature converters with isolation between input- and output signals, in a 22,5 mm wide standard DIN-

The supply voltage is 20-30 VDC, and the supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the inputs.

A 3-wire metering principle is used, which means the module compensates for the external cable resistance, and in case of a short-circuit or breakage of the cable, the output will switch to 140% of nominal range.

The units are available with 9 different input metering ranges, and 4 output ranges.

Technical data:

20-30 VDC Supply voltage:

The supply voltage is galvanically

isolated from the inputs (Test voltage 2 kV AC)

Power consumption: typ. 3 W (130 mA @ 24 V)

Accuracy: 0,3% Linearity: 0.1%

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Storage temp.: -35°C to +85°C Temp. coefficient: 0,007% / °C **Metering current:** 4 mA **Indications:** none

Fine adj. +/- 5% of zero and span. Adjustments:

The adjustment potentiometers are placed behind the front plate.

Cable monitoring: The modules compensate for the

cable resistance, up to max. 5Ω . In case of cable breakage or short-

circuit, the output is 140% of normal

output range.

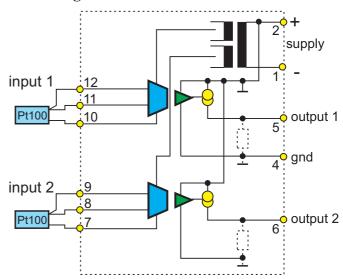
EMC and safety regulations.

Cable fault:

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Block diagram:



Notes:

- 1. Connections 6-7-8-9: SM34 only
- 2. R₀: only voltage outputs

Input metering ranges:

0 - 50°C 0 - 250°C 0 - 100°C 0 - 300°C 0 - 120°C -50 - 150°C 0 - 150°C -20 - 130°C 0 - 200°C

Output ranges:

0 - 20 mA

4 - 20 mA $0 - 10 \text{ V}(R_{\text{Out}} = 500\Omega)$

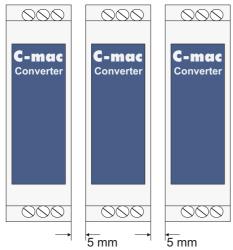
Max. output load, current outputs: 500Ω

Please note, that there is an internal resistor (R_O)on voltage outputs, which means the accuracy of the unit is dependent on the external load resistance.

Ex: With 0-10 V output and load resistance 100 k Ω , the error caused by the load is 0,5%. With load resistance 10 k Ω , the error is 5%.

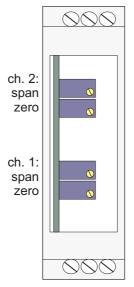


Panel installation:



Please note, that <u>SM34</u> must be installed with minimum 5 mm gap between the units, because of the internal heat generation.

Fine adjustments:



Ordering guide:

SM33-x-y SM34-x-y

x =Input metering range

y = Output metering range

Input ranges: Output ranges:

1 =	0 - 50°C	1 = 0 - 20 mA
2 =	0 - 100°C	2 = 4 - 20 mA
3 =	0 - 120°C	3 = 0 - 10 V

 $4 = 0 - 150^{\circ}C$

 $5 = 0 - 200^{\circ} \text{C}$

 $6 = 0 - 250^{\circ} \text{C}$

 $7 = 0 - 300^{\circ}$ C

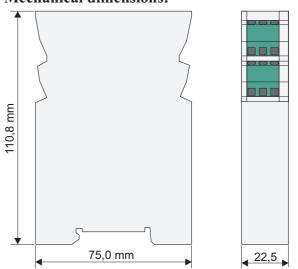
8 = -50 - 150°C

9 = -20 - 130°C

Ordering example: SM34-4-2

(Double temperature converter, input range 0-150°C, output range 4-20 mA)

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate (30% GFR), grey,

self-extinguishing

Terminal block: Polycarbonate UL94 V-2, green,,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 130 g





Programmable converter SC31

Isolation amplifier with current or voltage input
4 selectable input ranges and 4 selectable output ranges
15-30 V DC supply, isolated from internal electronics
Built-in supply for external transmitter
Galvanically isolation between input and output
Made in accordance with the C€ and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] isolation amplifier SC31 is used for signal convertion/isolation between different input- and output signals.

The supply voltage is 15-30 VDC, and the supply voltage as well as inputs and outputs are galvanically isolated from each other.

The unit contains a 24 VDC supply, which can be used to supply external transmitters.

By means of internal jumpers, you can select between 4 different input ranges, and 4 output ranges.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 15-30 VDC

Supply voltage, inputs and outputs are galvanically isolated from each

other.

(Test voltage 2 kV AC)

Power consumption: max. 2.5 W (100 mA @ 24 V)

Accuracy: 0,3%

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Storage temp.: $-35^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temp. coefficient: $0.01\% / {^{\circ}\text{C}}$

Transducer supply: 24 VDC, max. 30 mA

Indications: none

Adjustments: Fine adj. +/- 5% of zero and span.

The adjustment potentiometers are placed behind the front plate.

EMC and safety regulations.

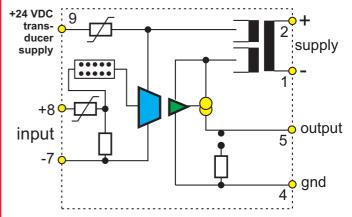
 Emmision:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Block diagram:



Input metering ranges:

0 - 20 mA

4 - 20 mA

0 - 10 V

2 - 10 V

Output ranges:

0 - 20 mA $0 - 10 \text{ V}(R_{Out} = 500\Omega)$ 4 - 20 mA $2 - 10 \text{ V}(R_{Out} = 500\Omega)$

Max. output load, current outputs: 500Ω

Please note, that there is an internal resistor (R₀)on voltage outputs, which means the accuracy of the unit is dependent on the external load resistance.

Ex: With 0-10 V output and load resistance $100 \text{ k}\Omega$, the error caused by the load is 0,5%. With load resistance $10 \text{ k}\Omega$, the error is 5%.

Input connections:

Active current- or voltage signals: plus to pin 8, minus to pin 7

2-wire transducer:

plus to pin 9, minus to pin 8

3-wire transducer:

plus to pin 9, minus to pin 7, output to pin 8



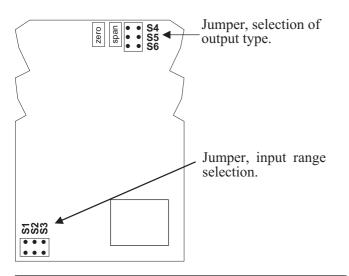
Range selection:

The metering ranges are selected on internal dip-switches and jumpers, and if you need to change the range, you must open the module, and take the pcb out.

On the drawing and table below you can see the different possibilities.

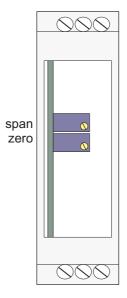
IMPORTANT:

After selecting another range, you must fine-adjust the unit by means of the trimming potentiometers.



Range selections			
Switch	Function Switch pos.		
1-2	current input	1 ON; 2 OFF	
	voltage input	1 OFF; 2 ON	
3	inp. 0-20mA/0-10V	3 OFF	
	inp. 4-20mA/2-10V	3 ON	
4	current output	4 OFF	
	voltage output	4 ON	
5-6	out. 0-20mA/0-10V/0-1V	5 OFF; 6 OFF	
	out.4-20mA/2-10V/0.2-1V	5 ON; 6 ON	

Fine adjustments:



Ordering guide:

SC31-x-y

x =Input metering range

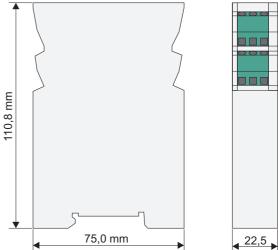
y = Output metering range

Inpu	t ranges:	Output ranges:
1 =	0 - 20 mA	1 = 0 - 20 mA
2 =	4 - 20 mA	2 = 4 - 20 mA
3 =	0 - 10 V	3 = 0 - 10 V
4 =	2 - 10 V	4 = 2 - 10 V

Ordering example: SC31-1-2

(input range 0-20 mA, output range 4-20 mA)

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate (30% GFR), grey,

self-extinguishing

Terminal block: Polycarbonate UL94 V-2, green,,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 130 g





Double isolation amplifier SC22

2 galvanically separated signal inputs

Built-in supply for external transmitter

Galvanically isolation between input and output

20-30 V DC supply, isolated from the inputs

4 standard input- and output ranges

Made in accordance with the \Box E and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] double isolation amplifier SC22 is used for signal convertion/isolation between different input- and output signals.

The 2 input circuits are galvanically isolated from supply and output circuits.

The 2 output signals has the same reference as the supply voltage, making the module particularly suitable as an interface for PLC's or other monitoring electronics, where you want to ensure that the input signals are isolated from the PLC.

The unit contains a 24 VDC supply for each input circuit, which can be used to supply external transmitters.

The unit is available with 4 different input ranges, and 4 output ranges.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 20-30 VDC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the input curcuits

(Test voltage 2 kV AC)

Power consumption: max. 4 W (160 mA @ 24 V)

Accuracy: 0,3%

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Storage temp.: $-35^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temp. coefficient: $0.01\% / {^{\circ}\text{C}}$

Transducer supply: 24 VDC, max. 30 mA

Indications: none

Adjustments: Fine adj. +/- 5% of zero and span.

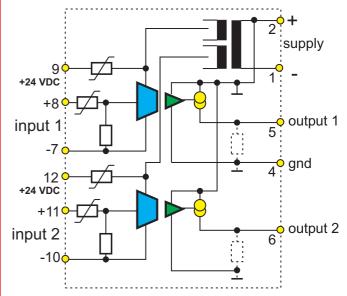
The adjustment potentiometers are placed behind the front plate.

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Block diagram:



Input and output metering ranges:

 $\begin{array}{ll} 0\text{ - }20\text{ mA}, & \text{input resistance } R_{in} = 50\ \Omega \\ 4\text{ - }20\text{ mA}, & \text{input resistance } R_{in} = 50\ \Omega \\ 0\text{ - }10\ V & \text{input resistance } R_{in} = 200\ k\Omega \\ 0\text{ - }1\ V & \text{input resistance } R_{in} = 20\ k\Omega \\ \end{array}$

Max. output load, current outputs: 500Ω

Please note, that there is an internal resistor (R_O) on voltage outputs, which means the accuracy of the unit is dependent on the external load resistance.

Ex: With 0-10 V output and load resistance 100 k Ω , the error caused by the load is 0,5%. With load resistance 10 k Ω , the error is 5%.

Input connections (channel 2 in brackets):

Active current- or voltage signals:

plus to pin 8 (11), minus to pin 7 (10)

2-wire transducer:

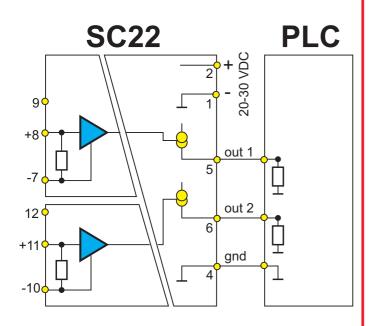
plus to pin 9 (12), minus to pin 8 (11)

3-wire transducer:

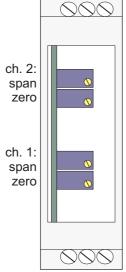
plus to pin 9 (12), minus to pin 7 (10), output to pin 8 (11)



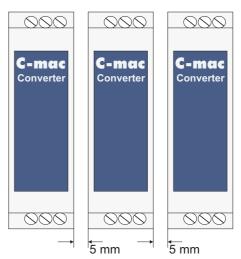
Connection example:



Fine adjustments:



Panel installation:



Please note, that the units must be installed with minimum 5 mm gap, because of the internal heat generation.

Ordering guide:

SC22-x-y

x = Input metering range

y = Output metering range

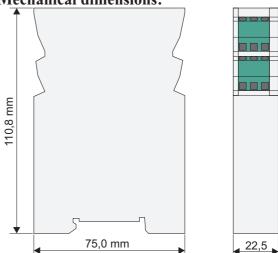
Input ranges: Output ranges: 1 = 0 - 20 mA 2 = 4 - 20 mA 2 = 4 - 20 mA 2 = 4 - 20 mA

3 = 0 - 10 V 3 = 0 - 10 V 4 = 0 - 1 V 4 = 0 - 1 V

Ordering example: SC22-1-2

(input range 0-20 mA, output range 4-20 mA)

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate (30% GFR), grey,

self-extinguishing

Terminal block: Polycarbonate UL94 V-2, green,,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 130 g





Tachometer converter/relay LR10

Pulse inputs for NPN, PNP or voltage signals

Built-in supply for external sensor

16 metering ranges, switch selectable

Galvanically isolation between supply, input and output

Current, voltage or relay output

DC supply or AC supply voltages up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] converter, type LR10 is used for speed monitoring, where the input signal comes from a contact, a proximity sensor, a flow transducer or similar.

The unit is supplied with a 24 VDC, max. 25 mA output, which can be used to supply an external proximity sensor.

The unit is supplied with either analogue or relay output.

By means of a rotary switch on front of the unit you can select between 16 different metering ranges from 0-100 p.p.m. to 0-20000 Hz.

With analogue outputs you use another switch to select the output range (0-20 / 4-20 mA or 0-10 / 2-10 V) and to enable fine-adjustment of the metering range

With the fine-adjustment you can select any range between the nominal range lower than the actual range up to maximum of the actual range.

With relay output you use the switches to select the relay functions (relay on / relay off)

The analogue output level is updated at each input pulse (at high speed ranges 10 times per second), which ensures a quick reaction and a stable output signal, even at very low input frequencies.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply voltage DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltages: Supply - internal electronics: 3.75 kV

Input - output: 2.5 kV

Power consumption: 3 VA

Operation temp.: -20°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.01\% / ^{\circ}C$

Transducer supply: 24 VDC, max. 25 mA

Indications:

Green LED: Supply ON

2 red LED's: Relay 1 and 2 active

(only modules with relay output)

Accuracy: better than 0.3%

Resolution: 0.1%

Adjustments,

analogue units: Span adjustment.

relay units: setpoint adjustment relay 1 and 2.

adjustment range 10 - 100%

Hysteresis:

Relay version: 5%

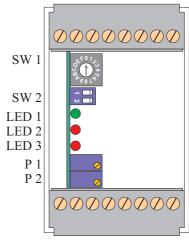
Metering ranges: 16 Selectable ranges from

0-100 p.p.m. to 0-20000 Hz.

Pulse/pause ratio: min 10% at max speed for each range

(min 15µsec. at range D,E and F)

Front view:



SW 1: Range selection:

0 = 0 - 100 p.p.m.8 = 0 - 100 Hz9 = 0 - 200 Hz1 = 0 - 200 p.p.m.2 = 0 - 500 p.p.m.A = 0 - 500 HzB = 0 - 1000 Hz3 = 0 - 1000 p.p.m.4 = 0 - 2000 p.p.m.C = 0 - 2000 Hz5 = 0 - 5000 p.p.m.D = 0 - 5000 Hz6 = 0 - 10000 p.p.m.E = 0 - 10000 Hz7 = 0 - 20000 p.p.m.F = 0 - 20000 Hz

SW 2.1, analogue version: Output offset

off: 0-20 mA / 0-10 V on: 4-20 mA / 2-10 V

SW 2.1, relay version: Inversion, relay 1

SW 2.2, analogue version: Range adjustment

off: Factory adjusted on: manual adjustment

SW 2.2, relay version: Inversion, relay 2

LED1: Power on LED2: Relay 1 on LED3: Relay 2 on

P.1, analogue version: Manual range adjustment

P 1, relay version: setpoint adjustment, relay 1

P 2, relay version only: setpoint adjustment, relay 2



Mechanical dimensions:

Materials and weight:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100,

grey

Frontplate: CYCOLOY C2100,

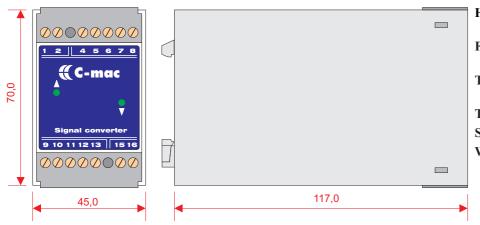
grey

Terminal cover: CYCOLOY C2100,

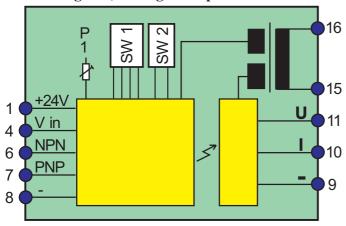
black

Terminals: Zinc-plated brass **Screws:** Zinc-plated iron

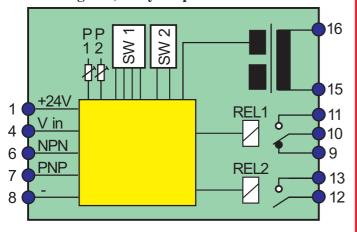
Weight: 260 g



Block diagram, analogue outputs:



Block diagram, relay outputs:



Electrical connections:

Supply voltage: pins 15 and 16

Input circuit:

Common Pin 8

DC supply out Pin 1, 24 VDC, max load 25 mA Voltage input: Pin 4, AC or DC signals, max 50 V

input resistance 50 kOhm

Input active: $\dot{V}_{in} > 3 \text{ V}$ not active: $\dot{V}_{in} < 1.5 \text{ V}$

NPN input: Pin 6, input resistance 10 kOhm

Input active: $V_{in} < 6 \text{ V}$ not active: $V_{in} > 15 \text{ V}$

PNP input: Pin 7, input resistance 10 kOhm

Input active: $V_{in} > 15 \text{ V}$ not active: $V_{in} < 6 \text{ V}$

Analogue output:

Common: Pin 9

Current out: Pin 10, max. output load 500 Ohms Voltage out: Pin 11, min. output load 4 kOhms

Relay output:

Relay 1: pin 9 (NC), 10 (C) and 11 (NO)

Relay 2: pin 12 (C) and 13 (NO)

Max load: 6A / 240 VAC

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with

the CE og low voltage regulations.

Ordering guide:

LR10-x-yyy

x = Converter type

A = analogue outputs R = Relay outputs

yyy = Supply voltage

024 = 24 VAC

115 = 115 VAC

230 = 230 VAC

712 = 12-50 VDC

Ordering example: LR10-A-230





3-phase power converter FPA90

Monitoring of power consumption on 3-phase motors etc.

Metering voltages 3 x 380 V to 3 x 460 VAC

Built-in current transformer for direct monitoring up to 80 A

Selectable metering ranges from 0,1 kW to 70 kW

Analogue outputs and pulse output for kWh

Selectable divider and average function

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] FPA90 is monitoring the consumed power on symmetrical 3-phase loads like motors, etc.

The power monitoring uses the formula

 $P = \sqrt{3} \times U \times I \times \cos \varphi$

The unit has a built-in current transformer, making it possible to monitor loads up to 460 VAC - 80 A direct.

The converter is connected to the same 3-phase supply voltage as the load, and one of the phases are let through the hole in the unit, for monitoring of the load current.

If the load current exceeds 80 A, you can use an external current transformer, and the secondary from the transformer is then let through the hole.

The wanted metering range (in kW) is adjusted on 3 rotary switches on the front of the unit. If you use an external current transformer, you must divide the power setting with the ratio of the transformer.

In order to ensure the correct function it is important to connect the converter as shown on the next page, i.e. the metering current must be the phase, which is connected to terminal 1, and the current direction must be correct too.

The converter is supplied with analogue current and voltage outputs and a pulse output, and the outputs are in maximum, when the monitored power is the same as the selected metering range.

All outputs are galvanically separated from the supply voltage.

In addition the unit has 3 digital inputs for the selection of analogue output signal, pulse ratio and input filter.

The input filter is used if the load is very unstable, in this way, the output signal is more stable.

The unit is also supplied with 3 LED indications.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: $3 \times 380 - 3 \times 460 \text{ VAC} + / -10\%$

Frequency: 45-65 Hz Power consumption: 4 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0-90%, non-condensing

Metering ranges: Selectable 0,1 to 70,0 kW

Metering current: 0-80 A continuously

500 A short term (10 sec.)

500 A short-term (10 sec.) Max. diameter, cable: 10 mm

Accuracy: 2 %

Outputs, analogue:

Current: 0(4)-20 mA, max load 300Ω Voltage: 0(2)-10 V, min load 10 k Ω

Output, pulses: Transistor output, max load 36 V / 25 mA

Frequency: 0-100/300 pulses/hour

Pulse width: 200 msec.

Indikations:

Green LED, On: Supply voltage OK Red LED. Load: Metering current >3% of

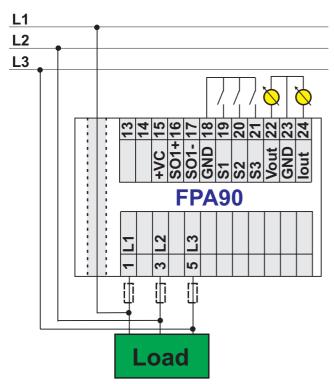
metering range

Red LED, kWh: Power consumption, follows

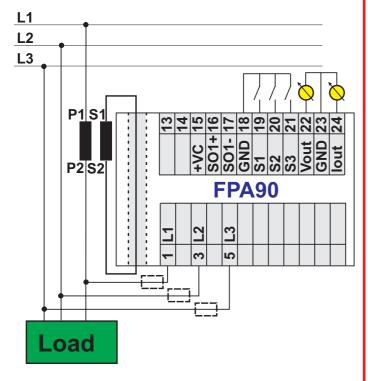
the pulse output, but 10 times faster (max. 1000/3000 pulses /h)



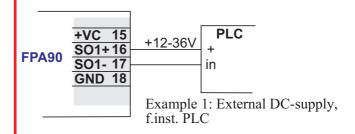
Connection diagram, direct current monitoring:

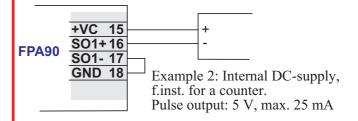


Connection diagram, current monitoring via current transformer:



Connection examples, pulse output:





Function selection, digital inputs:

		ı
C1 mulas sutmut	100 pulses/h/FS	off
S1, pulse output	300 pulses/h/FS	on
S2, noise filter	Filter x 1	off
	Filter x 16	on
S3, analogue	4-20 mA / 2-10 V	off
output	0-20 mA / 0-10 V	on

If the pulse output is used for summing of the power consumption, you can get an equal number of pulses per kWh by selecting the metering ranges as shown in the table below

	Range kW	3	10	30	100
S1 off	pulses/kWh		10		1
S1 on	pulses/kWh	100		10	

Mechanical dimensions:

86 x 70 x 58 mm, for mounting on DIN-rail

Ordering guide:

FPA94-400





Weight transmitter TL721 / TL722

Connection for 1 - 8 load cells

Programmable ranges

Programmable output

Programmable conversion speed

Communication option: RS485 or CAN

Supply 24 VAC / DC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations

TL721

Weight Transmitter

TL721

The C-mac[®] converter, type TL721 is used in industrial instrumentation where you want to monitor a weight or mechanical load.

It is supplied with differential input for 1 to 8 load cells, and by means of internal dip-switches or optional RS485 / CAN input, you can program all the transmitter parameters.

The TL722 is identical to TL721, but in addition it is supplied with a 4-digit display, with programmable indications, independant of the analogue adjustments.

Please see the programming manual for details.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 19-25 VAC / 19-35 VDC

The power supply is not galvanically

isolated from the electronics.

Supply current: max. 40 - 100 mA @ output 20 mA

and 1 - 6 load cells

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: < 0.01% /°C **Linearity:** typ. 0.1% FS

Transducer supply: 4 VDC

Metering range: 0.25 - 30 mV / V exc., factory

adjusted to 2 mV/V

Reaction delay: 65 msec. to 4 sec.

Metering output: Programmable 0...20 / 4..20 mA

/ 0...10 V

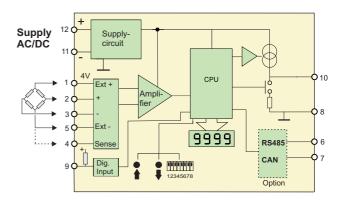
Cable fault, sensor: Output programmable to 3.5 or 21 mA **Digital input:** NPN input, programmable function.

Mech. dimensions: $130 \times 80 \times 35 \text{ mm}$

Protection:IP67Material:ABSWeight:175 g



Block diagram: (TL722)



Ordering guide:

TL721-a-b TL722-a-b

a = output

1: 0/4...20 mA / 0...10 V

b = serial option

0: none 1: RS485 2: CAN





C-mac[®] Pressure transmitter TP701 / TP702

Air connection 4 mm tube

Metering ranges 0-350 mbar or 0-10 mbar

Programmable ranges and output

Programmable conversion speed

Communication option: RS485 or CAN

Supply 24 VAC / DC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] converter, type TP701 is used in industrial instrumentation where you want to monitor direct or differential pressure.

It is supplied with 2 tube connections, and by means of internal dip-switches or optional RS485 / CAN input, you can program all the transmitter parameters.

The TP702 is identical to TP701, but in addition it is supplied with a 4-digit display, with programmable indications, independant of the analogue adjustments.

Please see the programming manual for details.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 19-25 VAC / 19-35 VDC

The power supply is not galvanically

isolated from the electronics.

typ. 25 mA @ output 20 mA **Supply current:**

-20°C to +60°C **Operation temp.:**

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.02\% / ^{\circ}C$ Linearity: typ. 0.2% FS

0...10 mbar or 0...350 mbar **Metering range:**

max. pressure 0.15 bar / 1.7 bar (burst) **Input protection:**

65 msec. to 4 sec. Reaction delay:

Programmable 0...20 / 4..20 mA **Metering output:**

/ 0...10 V

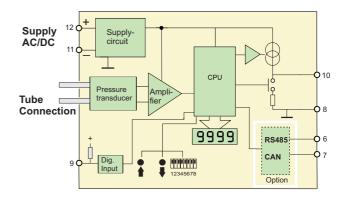
Digital input: NPN input, programmable function.

Mech. dimensions: 130 x 80 x 35 mm

Protection: IP67 Material: ABS Weight: 175 g



Block diagram: (TP702)



Ordering guide:

TP701-a-b-c TP702-a-b-c

a = metering range

1: 0-350 mbar

2. 0-10 mbar

b = output

1: 0/4...20 mA / 0...10 V

c = serial option

0: none

1: RS485

2: CAN





3½ digit panel instrument DP510

Miniature display - front dimensions 24 x 48 mm

Current or voltage indication

Supply voltage 9-35 VDC / 9-26 VAC

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



DP510 is a 3½ digit panel instruments with LED display, and because of the small dimension it is very suitable in various kinds of control panels.

DP510 is supplied with selectable metering ranges 0-20 mA, 0-1 V and 0-10 V, and by means of switches on the top and potentiometers on the back of the instrument the display range is adjustable, as well as the decimal point.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 9-35 VDC / 9-26 VAC

The supply voltage is galvanically

isolated from the internal

electronics.

Power consumption: typ. 60 mA @ 24 VDC

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 44

Temp.coefficient: max. 0,01% FS/ °C

Linearity: +/- 1 count **Display range:** -999 to 1999

Metering ranges: 0-1 V, 0-10 V and 0-20 mA
Input protection: +/- 36 VDC (all ranges)
Outside range: Display shows "1---"

Input impedance: Voltage metering: $>100 \text{ k}\Omega$

Current metering: typ. 75 Ω

Dimensions: according to DIN 43700

L x W x D: 24 x 48 x 95 mm. Panel cut-out: 21,5 x 43,5 mm.

Weight: 90 g.

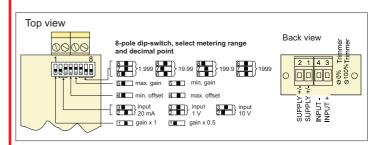
Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. 1,5 mm.

EMC-data:

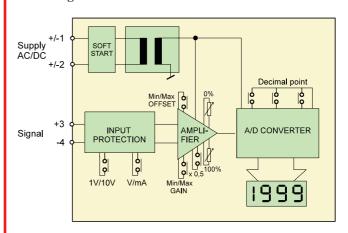
Emission: EN 50081-2 Immunity: EN 50082-2 Safety: EN 60730

Connection and calibration:



- 1: Select metering range on switch 2-3
- 2: Set coarse adjustment of range and offset at switch 1, 4 and 5
- 3: Connect minimum input signal and adjust to the wanted minimum display at the 0% trimmer.
- 4: Connect maximum input signal and adjust to the wanted maximum display at the 100% trimmer
- 5: Check min. reading and repeat step 3-4 if necessary.
- 6: Select wanted decimal point at switch 6-8

Block diagram:







3½ digit panel instrument DM35

Miniature display - front dimensions 24 x 48 mm

Current, voltage or temperature indication

Supply voltage 12-24 V AC/DC

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



DMC35 and DMT35 are 3½ digit panel instruments with LED display, and because of the small dimensions they are very suitable in various kinds of control panels.

DMC35 is available in several variants for indication of current and voltage, and by means of potentiometers on the side of the instrument, the display range is adjustable, as well as the decimal point.

DMT35 is made for temperature display. It is available in sevaral variants for either Pt100 or thermocouple sensors

On the DMT-units it is not possible to adjust the display range.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 12-24 V AC/DC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal

isolated from the internal electronics. (100 V AC)

Power consumption: 1 VA

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Temp.coefficient: max. 0.01% / $^{\circ}$ C **Metering ranges:** see ordering guide.

Adjustments:

DMC35: separate adjustments of zero and

span.

DMT35: no adjustment

Display ranges:

DMT35:

DMC35: -1999 to 1999

(max metering range 1999) Display = actual temp. range

Digit height: 10 mm.

Input impedance: see ordering guide

Accuracy:

DMC35: AC: 0,3% of range +/- 1

DC: 0,1% of range +/- 1
Pt100: 0,1% of range +/- 1
Thermocouple: 1% of range +/-1

Dimensions: according to DIN 43700

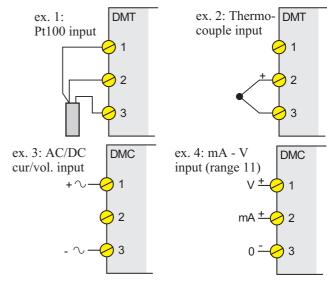
L x W x D: 24 x 48 x 95 mm.
Panel cut-out: 21,5 x 43,5 mm.

Weight: 90 g.

Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. 1,5 mm.

Connections:



Ordering guide, DMT35:

DMT35-024-a

a = metering range

Ordering guide, DMC35:

DMC35-024-a

 $\begin{array}{ll} a = metering \ range \\ 11 = 0/4\text{-}20 \ mA \ / \ 0/2\text{-}10V \\ 12 = 0 \ \text{-} \ 200 \ mA \ DC \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} input \ impedance \\ I: \ 50\Omega \quad V: \ 500k\Omega * \\ 5 \ \Omega \end{array}$

12 - 0 - 200 mA DC 3.22 14 = 0 - 200 mA AC 5Ω 15 = 0 - 100 V DC $1,1 \text{ M}\Omega$ 16 = 0 - 100 V AC $100 \text{ k}\Omega$

* in range 11 the actual range is selected with an internal switch.

DMC50

DMC50 is supplied with an extra digit, which is constantly 0, i.e. the display range is -19990 to 19990. The digit height is 7 mm. All other data as DMC35.





3½ digit panel instrument DM350

Universal 3½-digit panel instrument

Current- and voltage inputs in the same instrument

Separate zero- and span adjustments

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



DM350 is a universal 3½-digit panel instrument with analogue inputs. The instrument has an adjustable display range between -1999 og +1999. The instrument can be used in connection with all C-mac® converters and relays with analogue outputs.

In addition to the current and voltage inputs the instrument is also supplied with a 24 VDC output, for the supply of external sensors or the like.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 24, 120 or 230 VAC +/-10%

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

(test voltage 2 kV AC)

Power consumption: 4 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Voltage output: 24 VDC, max.. 50 mA **Metering inputs:** 0-20 mA / 4-20 mA

0-1 V / 0-1 mA 0-10 V

Input impedance: 0-20 mA: 50Ω

0-1 V: 1,1 kΩ 0-10 V: 100 kΩ

Adjustments: Trimming potentiometers and swit-

ches on the back of the instrument.

Zero: range: -1999 to +1999

Span: 0 to 1999

Decimal point: selectable after digit 1, 2 or 3

Mechanical dimensions:

L x W x D: 48 x 96 x 85 mm.

Panel cut-out: 43 x 91 mm

Weight: 320 g.

Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

pin 1-2: supply

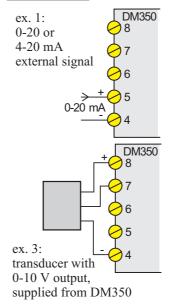
pin 4: input, common

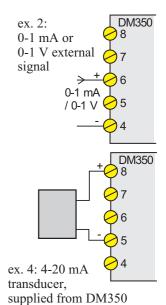
pin 5: input 0-20 mA (4-20 mA) pin 6: input 0-1 V / 0-1 mA

pin 7: input 0-10 V

pin 8: voltage output +24 VDC

Connections:





Ordering guide:

DM350-aaa

aaa = supply voltage

024 = 24 VAC 120 = 120 VAC 230 = 230 VAC ex: DM350-230





3½ digit panel instrument DMP350

Universal 3½-digit panel instrument

Current- voltage and temperature inputs in the same instrument

Separate zero- and span adjustments

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



DMP350 is a universal 3½-digit panel instrument with analogue and temperature inputs. The instrument has an adjustable display range between -1999 og +1999. The instrument can be used in connection with all C-mac[®] converters and relays with analogue outputs.

In addition to the current, voltage and temperature inputs the instrument is also supplied with a 24 VDC output, for the supply of external sensors or the like.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 12-36 V AC/DC or 230 VAC +/-10%

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

(test voltage 2 kV AC)

Power consumption: 1.5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 55

Voltage output: 24 VDC, max.. 35 mA

Metering inputs: 0-20 mA

0-10 V

Pt100, -50 - 200°C

Input impedance: 0-20 mA: 25Ω

0-10 V: 100 kΩ

Digit height: 15 mm "hyper red" digits

Adjustments: Trimming potentiometers and swit-

ches on the back of the instrument.

Zero: range: -1999 to +1999

Span: 0 to 1999

Pt100 only: offset (zero) adjustment only selectable after digit 1, 2 or 3

Mechanical dimensions:

L x W x D: 96 x 48 x 85 mm.

Panel cut-out: 91 x 43 mm

Weight: 170 g.

Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

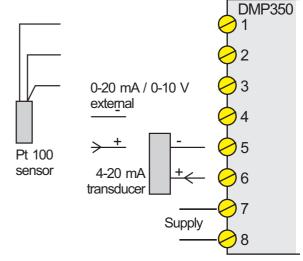
pin 1-2: Pt100 sensor

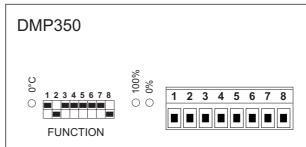
pin 3: sensor compensation (connect to 2)

pin 4: input, common

pin 5: current and voltage input + voltage output +24 VDC

Connections:





Adjustments:

Function:	Decimal point:
Pt100:	199.9:
0-20 mA:	19.99:
0-10 V:	1.999:
	1999:

Ordering guide:

DMP350-aaa

aaa = supply voltage 712 = 12-36 VAC/DC 230 = 230 VAC

ex: DMP350-712





3½ digit panel instrument DCL35

Loop-powered 4-20 mA instrument

Separate zero- and span adjustments

Universal 3 1/2 digit LCD-display

2 versions, for panel or wall mounting

Made in accordance with the **C** € and EMC regulations



DCL35 is a universal 3½-digit panel instrument with 4-20 mA combined input signal and supply. The instrument has an adjustable display range between -1999 og +1999. The instrument can be used in connection with all C-mac® converters and relays with 4-20 mA analogue outputs.

The instrument has an extremely low power consumption, which means the voltage drop on the current loop is as low as 4 V.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 4-20 mA current loop

Voltage drop: < 4 V

Power consumption: max. 80 mW**Operation temp.:** $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing **Protection:** IP 55, for panel mounting IP 65, for wall mounting

Digit height: 12.5 mm LCD digits

Adjustments: Trimming potentiometers and swit-

ches on the back of the instrument.

Zero: range: -1999 to +1999

Span: 0 to 1999

Decimal point: selectable after digit 1, 2 or 3

Linearity: $\pm 1 \text{ count}$ **Temp. drift:** $\leq 0.01\%/^{\circ}\text{C/FS}$

Mechanical dimensions:

DCL35-P

 L x W x D:
 96 x 48 x 85 mm.

 Panel cut-out:
 43 x 91 mm

 Weight:
 120 g.

 Materials:
 NORYL, SE1

DCL35-W

L x W x D: 115 x 65 x 40 mm.

Weight: 150 g. Materials: ABS

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

pin 1-2: supply / metering input

Adjustments:



Range adjustment:

- 1. Connect 4 mA to the instrument
- 2: On the 0% potentiometer adjust for wanted minimum reading
- 3: Connect 20 mA to the instrument
- 4: On the 100% potentiometer adjust for wanted maximum reading
- 5: Repeat step 1-4 for check and fine-adjustment.

Ordering guide:

DCL35-P (panel mount) DCL35-W (wall mount)





4 digit panel instrument DM400

Programmable panel instrument

Current, voltage or temperature indication

Programmable range, function and setpoints

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



DMC400 and DMT400 are 4-digit panel instruments, which in addition to metering display can be programmed with 2 setpoints and time-delay.

DMC400 is available in several variants for indication of current and voltage, and display range as well as setpoints and time-delays are programmable.

DMT400 is made for temperature metering, and it is available in several variants for either Pt100 or thermocouple sensors.

On the DMT-units it is not possible to adjust the display range, but set-points and reaction-delays are programmable.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 12-48 V AC/DC

24,120 or 230 V AC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

(test voltage 4 kV AC)

Power consumption: 2 VA

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Temp.coefficient: max. 0,01% / °C **Metering ranges:** see ordering guide.

Programmations:

Display reading: -1999 to +1999 (only DMC400).

Decimal point: after 1., 2., 3. or 4. digit.

Relay function: 2 off SPDT.

Hysteresis: programmable, relating to setpoint. Time delay: relay function, 0,1 to 10 sec.

See detailed users guide for further informations.

Digit height: 14 mm.

Input impedances: see ordering guide

Accuracy:

DMT400:

DMC400: AC: 0.3% of the range ± -1

DC: 0,1% of the range +/- 1 0,1% of the range +/- 1

Mech. dimensions: in accordance with DIN 43700

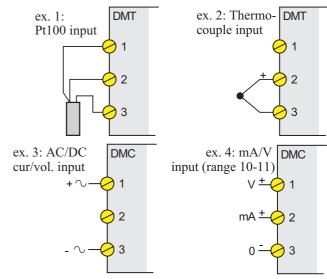
L x W x D: 48 x 96 x 105 mm.

Panel cut-out: 43 x 91 mm.
Weight: 350 g.

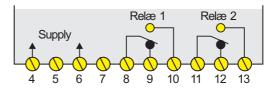
Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

Connections, inputs:



Connections, supply and relays:



Ordering guide, DMT400:

DMT400-aaa-b

aaa = supply	b = metering range		
012 = 12-48 V	1 = Pt100	-50,0) - +300,0°C
024 = 24 VAC	2 = Pt100	-50	- +800°C
120 = 120 VAC	3 = Fe-const.	0	- +1400°C
230 = 230 VAC	4 = NiCr-Ni	0	- +1400°C
724 = 24 VDC	5 = PtRh-Pt10%	0	- +1800°C
	6 = PtRh-Pt13%	0	- +1800°C

Ordering guide, DMC400:

DMC400-aaa-b aaa = supply, see above

b = metering range	input impedance
10 = 4-20 mA / 2-10 V	I: 50Ω V: 500 k Ω
11 = 0/4-20 mA / 0/2-10 V	I: 50Ω V: 500 k Ω
12 = 0 - 200 mA DC	5 Ω
14 = 0 - 200 mA AC	5 Ω
15 = 0 - 5 A AC	$0,2 \Omega$
16 = 0 - 500 V DC	$1,1~\mathrm{M}\Omega$
17 = 0 - 500 V AC	100 kΩ





3½ digit wall instrument DTF199

Universal 3½-digit instrument with 25 mm digit height

Current- voltage- and temperature inputs in the same instrument

Separate zero and span adjustments

Galvanic separation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



DTF199 is a robust wall instrument with a big display, which makes it very suitable in many applications.

When the box is open, you can select the function and adjust the range.

When the box is closed, it is protected to IP65.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 12-30 V AC/DC or 230 VAC

At 230 VAC supply, the internal electronics is separated from the supply (test voltage 2 kV AC). At 12-30 V supply, there is no separation between supply and internal

electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Metering inputs: 0-20 mA

0-10 V

-99 - +150°C (Pt100)

Input impedanse: 0-

0-20 mA: 50 Ω 0-10 V: 99 k Ω

Display:

mA/V -900 - +1999, adjustable

Pt100 -99.0 - +150,0°C, offset adjustable **Adjustments:** Trimming potentiometers and swit-

ches on the back of the instrument.

Function: Switches, mA/V or Pt100

0-20 mA or 0-10 V

Zero point: range: -900 to +900

Range: 0 to 1999 (not temperature)
Decimal point: selectable after digit 1, 2 or 3

Accuracy, Pt100. 0,1°C

Mechanical dimensions:

L x W x D: 80 x 160 x 62 mm.

Weight: 350 g. **Protection:** IP65

EMC:

Emission: EN 50081-1 Immunity: EN 50082-1

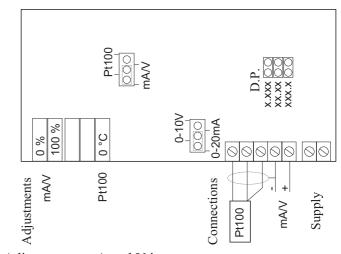
Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

pin 1-2: Pt100 sensor

pin 3: sensor cable, compensation

pin 4: screen/minus pin 5: input mA/V plus pin 6-7: supply 12-30 V AC/DC

Connections and adjustments:



Adjustments, mA and V inputs:

Set the function and decimal point selectors in the wanted positions. Connect minimum input signal and adjust on the 0% potentiometer to the wanted display. Then connect maximum input signal and adjust on the 100% potentiometer to the wanted display.

Adjustments, Pt100 input.

When the instrument is used for temperature display, it is only possible to adjust the offset (zero-point).

Ordering number:

DTF199-012 12-30 V supply voltage DTF199-230 230 VAC supply voltage

GIANT DISPLAY:

The instrumentet is also available with 100 mm high digits and a light intensity of 10.000 mcd.

Mechanical dimensions: 500 x 200 x 100 mm

other dimensions on request

Ordering number: DTX199-230







3½ digit instruments series DP5xx

Current and voltage inputs.

Separate zero and span adjustments.

Supply voltage 9-35 VDC / 9-26 VAC.

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics.

Red or green LED display.



Series DP5xx consists of 4 different panel instruments, all with the same electrical data and functions, but with different mechanical dimensions and digit heights.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage: 9-36 VDC / 9-26 VAC

The supply voltage is galvanically

isolated from the internal

electronics.

Power consumption: typ. 60 mA @ 24 VDC

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 44

Temp.coefficient: max. 0,01% / °C **Linearity:** +/- 1 count **Display reading:** -999 to 1999

Display color: red or green (DP542: red only)

Metering ranges: 0-1 V, 0-10 V and 0-20 mA.

Input protection: +/- 36 VDC (all ranges)

Overload indication: display shows "1---"

Input impedances: Voltage metering: $>100 \text{ k}\Omega$

Current metering: typ. 75 Ω

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square mm$.

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE and low voltage regulations.

Individual specifications:

DP520: Dimensions: 24 x 96 mm, depth 66 mm

digit height: 13 mm

DP530: Dimensions: 48 x 48 mm, depth 67 mm

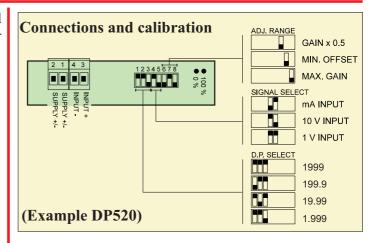
digit height: 10 mm

DP531: Dimensions: 48 x 96 mm, depth 66 mm

digit height: 13 mm

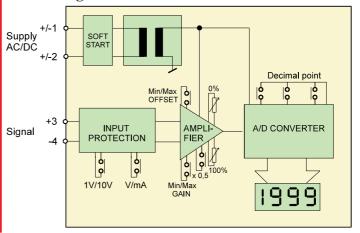
DP542: Dimensions: 48 x 96 mm, depth 66 mm

digit height: 20 mm



- 1: Select the wanted input type (1V, 10V or 20 mA)
- 2: Select the wanted offset and gain.
- 3: Connect the wanted minimum signal to the input and adjust for wanted minimum display with 0% potmeter.
- 4: Connect the wanted maximum signal to the input and adjust for wanted maximum display with 100% potmeter.
- 5: Check min and max display and readjust if needed.
- 6: Select decimal position

Block diagram:







3 3/4 digit LCD panel instruments

LPP420: Loop powered, range 4-20 mA.

GP422: Supply voltage 9-35 VDC / 6-25 VAC, 3 ranges.

LCD display with yellow backlight.

Easy range adjustments with push-buttons.

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



LPP420 and GP422 are 3 3/4 digit instruments (+/-3999) with backlit LCD display. The displays have a very large contrast, which makes them very suitable in panels where the ambient light is high.

Technical data:

Supply voltage GP422: 9-35 VDC / 6-25 VAC

The supply voltage is galvanically

isolated from the internal

electronics.

Metering ranges: 0-1 V, 0-10 V and 0-20 mA.

Input protection: 35 VDC (all ranges)

Input impedances: 1V: >10 M Ω , 10V: >110 k Ω

20 mA: typ. 50Ω

Loop voltage, LPP420: <3,7 V, normal light intensity

<5,7 V, increased light intensity

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 44

Temp.coefficient: <0,015%FS / °C **Linearity:** <0.05% FS **Display reading:** +/- 3999

Overload indication: display shows "---" or "...."

Connections: screw terminals, max. 1,5 \square mm.

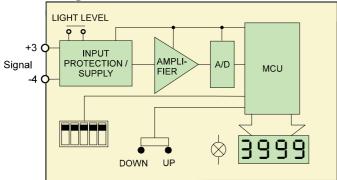
Mech. dimensions: 48 x 48 mm, depth 67 mm

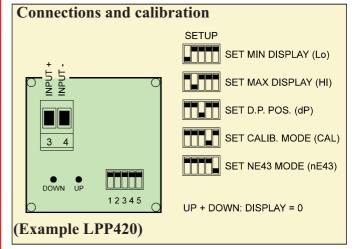
EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE and low voltage regulation

Block diagram, LPP420:





Calibration procedure, general:

Select calibration parameter by setting SETUP switch 1-5 ON. Display shows HOLD and the selected function for 2 secs. Enter the wanted value with the UP and DOWN buttons.

Set SETUP switch OFF, backlight flashes and HOLD display extinguishes.

Range adjustment, calibration mode ON (LPP420 only):

Connect any current signal between 4 and 20 mA to the instrument.

Set switch 1 ON, and enter the wanted display reading for 4 mA input.

Set switch 2 ON, and enter the wanted display reading for 20 mA input.

Range adjustment, GP422 and LPP420, cal. mode off:

Connect minimum input signal, f.inst. 4 mA to the instrument. Set switch 1 ON, and enter the wanted display reading for min. input.

Connect maximum input signal, f.inst. 20 mA to the instrument. Set switch 2 ON, and enter the wanted display reading for max, input.

Select input type, (switch 4, GP422 only):

1: 0-20 mA (A) 2: 0-10 V (10U) 3: 0-1 V (1U)

Select contrast, (switch 5, GP422 only):

Selection 0-7, $0 = \min$ contrast, $7 = \max$ contrast

NE43 mode, (switch 5, LPP420 only):

ON: display shows "----" if input signal out of range. OFF: display shows the actual value if possible.





60 point LED bargraph AP560

Selectable bar or dot display

Current or voltage input

Out of range indication

Upper and lower limit indication

Front panel 24 x 96 mm

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



AP560 has a selectable 60 point bar or dot indication. 2 out of range dots indicates if the input signal is smaller than 0% or higher than 100% of the selected display range.

It is also possible to adjust 2 visual limit indications. If the actual input signal exceeds the set limits, the active bar dots will flash, and the set dots is on steady light. MIN, MAX and UNIT indication is placed behind the front label for horisontal or vertical graph.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 9-36 VDC / 9-26 VAC

The supply voltage is galvanically

isolated from the internal

electronics.

(test voltage 4 kV AC)

Power consumption: 1 VA

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Temp.coefficient: max. 0,01% / °C

Metering ranges: 0-100 mV, 0-1 V, 0-10 V,

0-20 mA and 4-20 mA.

Input impedances: Voltage metering: $>100 \text{ k}\Omega$

Current metering: typ. 75 Ω

Range adjustment: Offset (minimum scale): 0%

potentiomer adjustable from 0 - 80% of selected metering range.

Span (maximum scale): 100% potentiometer adjustable from 50% to 250% of the metering range.

Dot size: 1x1 mm red LED.

Mech. dimensions:

L x W x D: 24 x 96 x 66 mm. Panel cut-out: 21 x 90 mm. Weight: 100 g.

Materials: NORYL2, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

EMC and safety regulations.

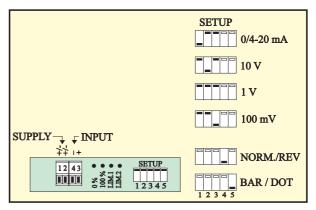
 Emmision:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730

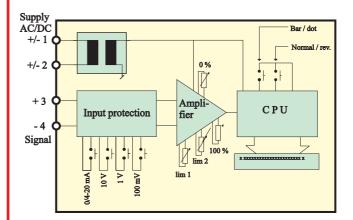
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE and low voltage regulations.

Calibration:



- 1: On dip 1-2-3 select the wanted input range.
- 2: Connect the wanted minimum signal to the input and adjust for wanted minimum display with 0% potmeter.
- 3: Connect the wanted maximum signal to the input and adjust for wanted maximum display with 100% potmeter.
- 4: Check min and max display and readjust if needed.
- 5: Select display options (bar/dots and normal/reverse) on dip 4-5.
- 6: Adjust min and max limits on LIM1 and LIM2 potmeters if wanted.

Block diagram:







4 digit universal instrument DP545

Universal inputs: mA, V, resistance/potmeter, Pt100, TC

2 relay outputs + analogue output

Programmable range, function and setpoints

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The DP545is supplied with universal metering inputs for direct connection to Pt100 and various TC temperature sensors, as well as linear current, voltage and resistance/potentiometer signals.

Built-in voltage references enables direct connection of 3-wire potentiometers and 2-wire transmitters.

The instrument is supplied with 1 analogue output and 2 relay outputs, all outputs are programmable.

A digital control input can be used for either HOLD function or display reset (tare).

Programming of the in- and output ranges is possible either with internal pre-calibrated signals or with external signals.

The unit is fully programmable via the keys on the front panel, and access limitation in several levels is possible. Reaction delay on both the display reading and the output relays is programmable too.

On the front panel there is a field, in which the metering unit (%, °C, kg,) can be inserted.

Universal metering input:

The input configuration is programmable, and the selection between input pins, metering current etc. is automatically selected, when the actual input is programmed.

Pt100 temperature metering with 3-wire cable compensation. It is possible to enter a manual correction of the metering signal.

TC temperature metering with standard thermocouple sensors, either with internal CJC or manually programmed CJC temperature.

Linear resistance metering with 3-wire cable compensation.

DC current metering with built-in input protection.

DC voltage metering, either direct metering, or relatively via 3-wire potentiometer.

2-wire transmitter current metering via built-in supply for transmitter.

Digital input:

Galvanically isolated input for display HOLD or reset (tare) function.

Outputs:

2 relay outputs with change-over contacts. Function, setpoint, delay, etc. is programmable.

1 analogue output, programmable in the range 0-20 mA / 0-10 V, normal or inverted function.

Display / operation:

4-digit LED (+/-9999) with programmable display intensity and decimal point, 2 LED's for relay position, 2 LED's for input trend (rising/falling), and 4 LED's used during programming.

3 buttons used during programming.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 24 V AC/DC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

(test voltage 4 kV AC)

Power consumption: 2 VA

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Digit height: 13 mm.

Protection: IP 65 (front panel only) **Calibration accuracy:** better than +/- 0.1% FS

Reference temp.: 23°C

Temp.coefficient: max. 0.01% FS / $^{\circ}$ C **Linearity:** better than +/- 0.1% FS

Mech. dimensions: in accordance with DIN 43700

L x W x D: 48 x 96 x 105 mm.

Panel cut-out: 43 x 91 mm.

Weight: 350 g.

Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.



I / O specifications:

Metering input:

Current.

Metering range: 0...20 / 4...20 mA (max. 25 mA)Input resistance: $50 \Omega \text{ (supply connected)}$

Voltage.

1. Metering range: 0...10 / 2...10 VDC (max. 12 VDC)

Input resistance: typ. $130 \text{ k}\Omega$

2. Metering range: 0...1 / 0.2...1 VDC (max. 1.2 VDC)

Input resistance: typ. $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ **Potentiometer (3-wire connection).**

Potmeter value: $100 \Omega ... 10 k\Omega$ **Ref. voltage:** typ. 1.2 VDC

Linear resistance (3-wire cable compensation).

Metering range: -200...800°C (FS) **Display resolution:** 0.1°C

Sensor current: typ. 1 mA

Cable resistance: max. $10 \Omega / \text{wire}$ +/- 0.5°C

Temp. coefficient: < +/- 0.04 °C / °C ambient temp.

Thermocouple.

Range, type E: -60..+ 780°C (FS)
Range, type J: -60..+1000°C (FS)
Range, type K: -100..+1300°C (FS)
Range, type R: -50..+ 980°C (FS)
Range, type S: -100..+1750°C (FS)
Range, type T: -100..+ 400°C (FS)

Display resolution: 1°C **Basic accuracy:** +/- 2°C

CJC accuracy: internal comp. +/- 2°C Temp. coefficient: < +/- 0.1°C / °C ambient temp.

(E, J, K, T)

< +/- 0.3°C / °C ambient temp. (R, S)

Digital input:

Active input: > 12 VDC Not active: < 5 VDC Input current: 10 mA @ 24 V

Analogue output:

1: Current: 0...20 / 4...20 mA (max 22 mA)

Load resistance: max. 500Ω

2: Voltage: 0...10 / 2...10 VDC (max. 11 VDC)

Output resistance: typ. 500Ω

Relay outputs (change-over contacts):

Max. load, AC: 250 VAC / 2 A **Max. load, DC:** max. 2 A, max. 100 W

2-wire transmitter supply:

Voltage: typ. 15 VDC @ 20 mA limitation, 24 mA

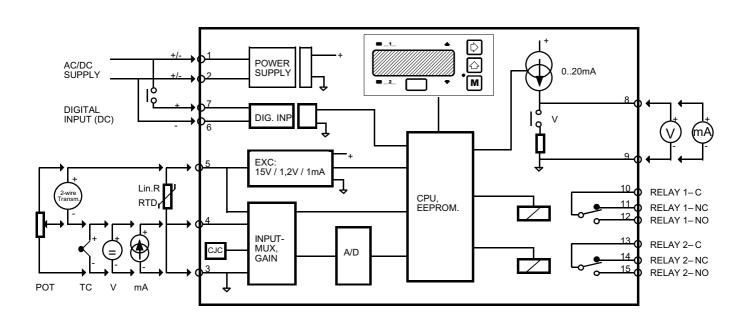
Potentiometer reference:

Voltage: typ. 1.2 VDC limitation, 24 mA

Metering current, Pt100:

Current: typ. 1 mA **Internal load:** max. 450Ω

Ordering guide: DP545-1-1-1-1







4½ digit process indicator DPP451

Universal inputs: mA, V, Ohm, RTD, TC, Strain gauge

2 relay outputs + digital and analogue output

Programmable range, function and setpoints

Galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics

Communication protocol for PC or slave display

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The DP545is a 4½ digit user programmable panel instrument with backlight LCD. The instrument is supplied with universal metering inputs for direct connection to RTD and various TC temperature sensors, as well as linear current, voltage and resistance/potentiometer signals. At temperature metering, the units are programmable in °C, °F or °K.

Built-in voltage references enables direct connection of 3-wire potentiometers, 2-wire transmitters and strain

gauge transducers.

In addition to monitoring of linear signals and linearisation of standard temperature signals, it is also possible to linearize signals in accordance with a user defined curve. The curve is defined as a number of segments, each with individual slope and polarity.

The instrument is supplied with 1 analogue, 1 digital and 2 relay outputs, all outputs are programmable. A digital control input can be used for several

programmable functions.

Optionally the unit is supplied with serial RS232 or current loop interface and interface for a slave display.

The unit is fully programmable via the keys on the front panel, and access limitation in several levels is possible. Reaction delay on both the display reading and the output relays is programmable too.

On the front panel there is a field, in which the metering unit (%, °C, kg,) can be inserted.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 230 V AC or 115 VAC

The supply voltage is galvanically isolated from the internal electronics.

(test voltage 4 kV AC)

Power consumption: 5 VA

-10°C to +50°C Operating temp.:

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Digit height: 10 mm. **Protection:** IP 54 (front)

in accordance with DIN 43700 Mech. dimensions:

L x W x D: 48 x 96 x 117 mm. Panel cut-out: 44 x 92 mm. 350 g. Weight: Materials: NORYL, SE1

Connections: screw terminals, max. $1,5 \square$ mm.

Universal metering input:

The input configuration is programmable, and the selection between input pins, metering current etc. is automatically selected, when the actual input is programmed.

DC current:

Input resistance: 75Ω

Metering ranges, FS: 20 mA to 80 mA better than 0.1% Accuracy:

DC voltage:

Input resistance: $10 \,\mathrm{M}\Omega$ Metering ranges, FS: 10 mV to 10 V better than 0.2% Accuracy:

Linear resistance:

Metering current: 2 mAMetering ranges, FS: 5Ω to $5 k\Omega$ better than 0.2% Accuracy:

Potentiometer:

Metering voltage: 10 V

Metering ranges, FS: $400~\Omega$ to $20~k\Omega$ better than 0.2% Accuracy:

Thermocouple:

All signalr are linearized in acc. with the IEC584-1 regulations. The unit has internal compensation for Cold Junction and indication for broken sensor cable.

Display reading programmable in °C, °F or °K.

Metering ranges:

-210..+ 1200°C (-346..+2192°F) Type J: -270..+ 1371°C (-454..+2500°F) Type K: 0..+ 1768°C (+ 32..+3214°F) Type R: 0..+ 1768°C (+ 32..+3214°F) Type S: -270..+ 400°C (-454..+ 752°F) Type T: -270..+ 1000°C (-454..+1832°F) Type E: Type B: 0..+ 1820°C (+ 32..+3308°F)

Display resolution: Programmable 0.1 or 1°

Input resistance: $10 M\Omega$

RTD sensors:

Metering current: 2 mA

max. 100Ω / wire Cable resistance:

Display reading: Programmable in °C, °F or °K.

Display resolution:

Metering ranges:

-200..+850°C (-328..+1562°F) Pt100: -200..+850°C (-328..+1562°F) Pt1000: - 60..+180°C (- 76..+ 356°F) Ni100:



Digital input:

Programmable function. Input galvanically isolated from all other in- and outputs.

Max. voltage: 28 VDC
Active input: >8 VDC
Not active: <1.7 VDC
Input current: 10 mA @ 24 V

Digital output:

Programmable function. Transistor output, galvanically isolated from all other in- and outputs.

Max. voltage: 30 VDC (not active)
Max. voltage: 2.4 V (active)
Max. load current: 50 mA

Analogue output:

Galvanically isolated current output with programmable range. Retransmission of metering signals or peak-hold value. Other functions by request.

Output range: 0...20 (max 22 mA)
Load resistance: max. 800 Ω
Output ripple: max. 0.5% RMS
Relay outputs (change-over contacts):

Max. voltage: 250 VAC Max. current: 2 A

RS232 interface (optional):

Retransmission of display value or other function per request. Communication with pc i connection with programming.

Transmission speed: 9600 bps

Data format: 7 data bits, no parity, 2 stop bits

Interface, slave display (optional):

Output for connection of one or more display units.

Retransmission of display value. **Signal level:** 5 V **Cable length:** max. 10 m

Ordering guide: DPP451-a-b-c-d

a = Supply voltage

1 = 230 VAC

2 = 115 VAC

b = RS232 interface

0 = no interface

1 = including interface

c = Interface, slave display

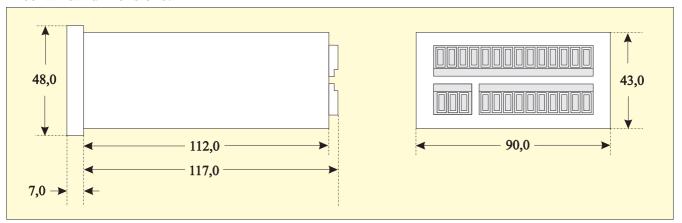
0 = no interface

1 = including interface

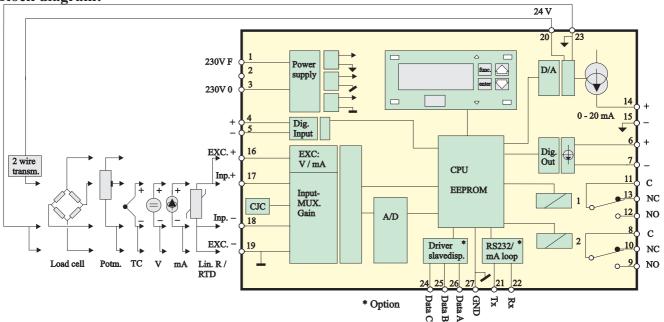
d = prefix

°C, °F, °K, mA, A, mV, V, g, kg, t, t/h, %, %H, Ohm, kOhm, mm, cm, m, mb, b, ml, l,......

Mechanical dimensions:



Block diagram:







4-digit pressure instrument DP570

Monitoring of differential pressure

Metering input +/- 350 mbar

Supply voltage 9-35 VDC (12-26 VAC)

Air connection: 4 mm tube

Front dimensions: 72 x 72 mm, 13 mm LED display

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



DP570 is used for industrial instrumentation, where you want to monitor differential pressure or level in a control panel.

The instrument is also available with 1 analogue 4-20 mA metering output and 1 programmable digital output, or with RS485 / CAN connectionl.

The instrument is powered by 24 VAC/DC. Connections and programming are made on the back of the unit. Offset, span, decimal point and light intensity are programmable, and if the instrument is supplied with outputs, it is possible to program setpoints, hysteresis and time-delay.

Additional informations: See programming manual.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 9-35 VDC / 12-26 VAC **Power consumption:** typ. 12 mA @ 24 VDC

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Temp.coefficient: max. 0.01% FS/ $^{\circ}$ C

Linearity: +/- 0.1% FS **Display range:** -999 to 9999

Calibration accuracy: better than +/- 0.1% FS

Metering range: 0 - 350 mbar max. 1.7 bar (max. 1.7 bar

Input protection: max. 1.7 bar (burst)

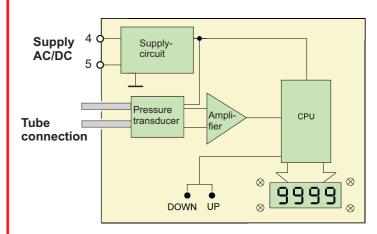
Dimensions: according to DIN 43700

L x W x D: 72 x 72 x 67 mm

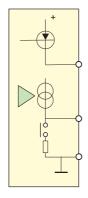
EMC-data:

Emission: EN 50081-2 Immunity: EN 50082-2 Safety: EN 60730

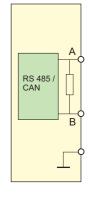
Block diagram:



Option 1:



Option 2:



Ordering guide:			
Туре:	Option	Metering range	
DP570-1	0 = indicator only 1 = 0/4-20 mA and 1 digital 2 = RS485 3 = CAN	1 = 0-350 mbar $x = special$	
Example: DP570-1-0-1			





4-digit weight instrument DP571

Connections for 1 to 4 load cells

Tare function and automatic zero setting

Supply voltage 9-35 VDC (12-26 VAC)

Programming on keypad or RS 485

Front dimensions: 72 x 72 mm, 13 mm LED display

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



DP570 is used for industrial instrumentation, where you want to monitor weight or mechanical load in a control panel.

The instrument is also available as a counting scale. Optionally the instrument is available with 1 analogue 4-20 mA metering output and 1 programmable digital

output, or with RS485 / CAN connectionl.

The instrument is operated on the keypad on the front or via RS485 interface (option 2). It is possible to enter the load cell data, in this way you can change a load cell without recalibration of the instrument

The following data are programmable:

Zero and span adjustment of the display, light intensity, reaction delay, decimal point, load cell data, digital input function, keypad function, RS485 parameters and aut. zero parameters.

With option 1 setpoints, hysteresis etc. are also programmable.

Additional informations: See programming manual.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 9-35 VDC / 12-26 VAC **Power consumption:** typ. 15 mA @ 24 VDC (with one 350 Ω load cell)

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 65 (front) **Temp.coefficient:** max. 0.01% FS/ °C

Linearity: +/- 0.1% FS **Display range:** -999 to 9999

Calibration accuracy: better than +/- 0.5% FS

Metering range: 0.25-30 mV/V exc. (load cells)

Exc. voltage: typ. 4 VDC

Max. metering range: 0-200 mV (direct metering)

Resolution: min. span 1 mV for 9999 counts

Dimensions: according to DIN 43700

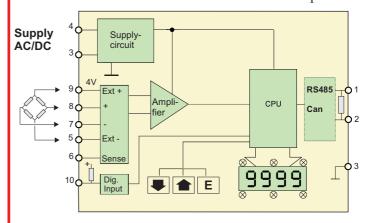
L x W x D: 72 x 72 x 67 mm

EMC-data:

Emission: EN 50081-2 Immunity: EN 50082-2 Safety: EN 60730

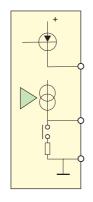
Block diagram:

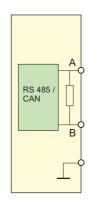
Shown with option 2



Option 1:

Option 2:





Ordering guide:			
Type:	Option	Metering range	
DP571-1	0 = indicator only 1 = 0/4-20 mA and 1 digital 2 = RS485 3 = CAN	$1 = 2 \text{ mV/V exc.}$ $\mathbf{x} = \text{special}$	
Example: DP571-1-0-1			





3½-digit speed monitor DC470

Speed monitor with relay outputs

Monitoring range 10.0 to 1999 r.p.m.

Supply voltage 230 VAC

2 programmable setpoints with relay output

Front dimensions: 48 x 96 mm, 13 mm LED display

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



DC470 is used for industrial instrumentation, where you want to monitor speed, detected by a proximity sensor, and in addition you have two relay outputs, f.inst. for overspeed alarm.

The two setpoints are programmable within the ranges 20 to 1100 r.p.m.

The relays activate, when the control input is activated, and stays activated in a minimum time, programmable between 1 and 100 sec.

In case of overspeed, the reaction delay, programmable between 0 and 10 sec. starts, and if the overspeed is still present after the reaction delay, the relay releases, and stays released until the control input is opened and closed again.

Other parameters, input filter, pulses per revolotion and gear division, are also programmable, see programming manual.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 230 VAC **Power consumption:** 3-5 W

Operating temp.: $-10^{\circ}\text{C to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Protection: IP 54

Display range: 10.0 to 1999 r.p.m.

Accuracy: better than +/- 0.05% FS

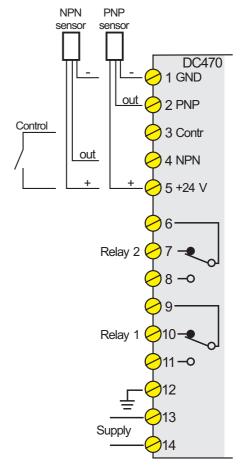
Dimensions: according to DIN 43700

L x W x D: 48 x 96 x 67 mm

EMC-data:

Emission: EN 50081-2 Immunity: EN 50082-2 Safety: EN 60730

Connections:



Ordering guide:		
Type:		
DC470-230		
Example: DC470-230		





Test instrument MS4201

Universal instrument for monitoring and calibration of signal converters and process data

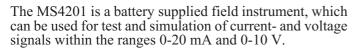
Supplies or monitors current- and voltage signals

Analogue adjustment and digital display

Supplied from battery or line via adaptor

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations

egulations



The MS4201 can supply 0-20 mA or 0-10V DC variable. Furthermore there are 2 fixed positions for 2 V / 4 mA or 10~V/20~mA.

The function"passive" is used for simulation of 2-wire transmitters, and the unit is then consuming the adjusted current.

Furthermore you can use the instrument for monitoring of 0-25 mA or 0-25 VDC.

The MS4201 is supplied from a standard 9 V battery, and it is also supplied with a plug for connection to an adaptor. If the instrument has not been used for 25 minutes, it returns to "power down" mode, where the current consumption is very low.

This function can be avoided, if wanted.

The instrument is supplied with the following units:

4-digit LCD display

2 rotary switches for function and range selection Potentiometer for range adjustmen.t

Technical data:

Battery type: 9 V, type 6LR61

Power consumption: < 45 mA

Display, resolution: 0.01 mA / 0.01 V

Accuracy: +/- 0,2 %

Operating temp.: -20°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temp. coefficient: <0,005% / $^{\circ}\text{C}$ Input impedances: Voltage: $>100 \text{ k}\Omega$

Current: voltage drop<3,5 V

Max. load: Current: max 500Ω

Voltage: min. 1 kΩ

Connections: Banana plug in top of the

instrument.

All terminals are protected against

over voltage, wrong polarity

and short-circuit.

Ordering guide:

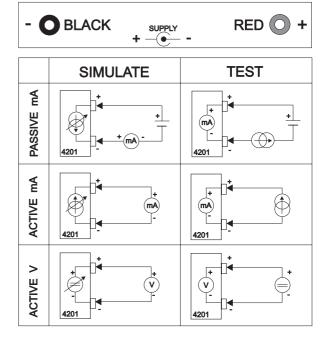
Instrument: MS4201 AC-adaptor: BE12-230

Dimensions and weight:

H x W x D: 150 x 80 x 35 mm

Weight: 250 g

Connections:







3-phase monitoring relays series FP

Under-voltage monitoring with or without time-delay
Over-voltage monitoring with or without time-delay
Phase-sequence monitoring with or without time-delay
Phase asymmetry monitoring with or without time-delay
+ various combinations of these monitoring principles
Single-pole relay output 8 A - 250 VAC
Made in accordance with the () and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] 3-phase monitoring relays series FP are made particularly to meet the requirements for safe and cost-effective monitoring of the quality of the 3-phase supply voltages and to protect electrical devices connected to the mains supply.

The units are enclosed in a DIN-rail housing, 35 mm wide and front height 45 mm, which makes them very suitable in industrial installations as well as domestic switchboard panels.

All units are connected to the 3-phase supply voltage with or without neutral and have a 1-pole relay output. The units are made in accordance with the EMC regulations for use in industrial environment.

The FP series consist of the following variants:

FP30: Combined under- and over voltage relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP31: Phase sequence / phase asymmetry relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP34: Combined phase sequence and under- and over voltage relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint.

FP35: Combined under- and over voltage relay with fixed setpoints and adjustable reaction delay.

The functional principle is the same for all units: When the supply voltage is connected, and the monitored parameters are within the selected limits, the output relay is activated, and if one or more of the parameters are outside the limits, the relay will release. The relay function can be with or without time delay, dependent on the type of module.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage (ph-ph): $3 \times 220 \text{ VAC} +/-25 \%$

3 x 230 VAC +/- 25 % 3 x 380 VAC +/- 25 % 3 x 400 VAC +/- 25 % 3 x 415 VAC +/- 25 %

Supply frequency: 45 - 65 Hz **Power consumption:** Approx. 1.5 W **Operating temperature:** -20°C to +60°C

Isolation voltage: Supply - relay output: 4 kV **Humidity:** 0-90% RH, non condensing

Indications:

Green LED, activated: Supply ON and levels are OK flashing: Supply ON and level error

Red LED: Relay activated

Relay output: 1-pole change-over contact

max. load: 8 A / 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations:

 Emission:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

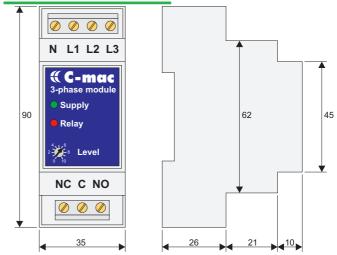
 Safety:
 EN 60 730 - 1

Approvals: The modules are produced in

accordance with CE and high

voltage regulations

Mechanical dimensions:





Sensitivity and accuracy.

All units are universal for 3-phase supply with or without neutral. Internally, the 3 phase signals are monitored with respect to neutral, and all adjustments are made with neutral connected. If the unit is connected to an installation without neutral, the unit will generate its own internal neutral level. In this case, the sensitivity of the unit is dependent on the way, the 3 phase-phase signals changes with respect to each other: If all 3 phases are equal, e.g. all of them are 10% lower than the nominal value, the accuracy and sensitivity of the unit is the same as if the neutral was connected, because the internal neutral remains the same. If only one of the phases changes, the result is that the internal neutral level will have an offset compared with the correct neutral, and the sensitivity of the unit will be decreased with up to 25%, depending on the difference between the 3 phase-phase voltages.

Specifications type FP30.

FP30 is a combined under- and over-voltage relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint. The output relay activates, when all 3 voltages are within the set limits and releases, if one or more of the voltages are outside the limits.

The standard type has a delay-ON and delay-OFF time at 1 sec., and an adjustabe setpoint from +/- 5 to +/- 25 % of the nominal voltage. Optionally, the unit can be delivered for under-voltage or over-voltage detection only, with ON-delay or OFF-delay only, with different delay time, or with different set-point range, see ordering guide.

Accuracy, set-point: better than 2 % better than 1 % better than 1 %

Specifications type FP31.

FP31 is a phase-sequence/phase-asymmetry relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint. The output relay activates, if the phase sequence is OK and the phase asymmetry between the 3 phases is lower than the set limit, and releases, if the asymmetry exceeds the setpoint. Compared with FP30 the relay does not release, if all 3 voltages are higher or lower than the nominal voltages, as long as the asymmetry between them is lower than the setpoint.

The standard type has a delay-ON and delay-OFF time at 1 sec., and an adjustabe setpoint from 5 to 25 %. Optionally, the unit can be delivered with ON-delay or OFF-delay only, with different delay times, or with different set-point range, see ordering guide.

Accuracy, set-point: better than 2 % Accuracy, delay: better than 1 %

Specifications type FP34.

FP34 combines the functions from FP30 and FP31, i.e. it is a combined phase sequence and under- and over-voltage relay with fixed reaction delay and adjustable setpoint. The output relay activates, if the phase sequence is correct, and all 3 voltages are within the set limits and it releases, if one or more of the voltages are outside the limits.

The standard type has a delay-ON and delay-OFF time at 1 sec., and an adjustabe setpoint from +/- 5 to +/- 25 % of the nominal voltage. Optionally, the unit can be delivered for under-voltage or over-voltage detection only, with ON-delay or OFF-delay only, with different delay time, or with different set-point range, see ordering guide.

Accuracy, set-point: better than 2 % better than 1 %

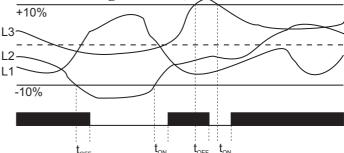
Specifications type FP35.

FP35 is a combined under- and over-voltage relay with fixed setpoint and adjustable reaction delay. The output relay activates, when all 3 voltages are within the set limits and releases, if one or more of the voltages are outside the limits.

The standard type has a setpoint of +/-10% of the nominal supply voltage and an adjustable delay-ON and delay-OFF time between 0 and 10 sec. Optionally, the unit can be delivered for under-voltage or over-voltage detection only, with ON-delay or OFF-delay only, with different setpoint, or with different delay range, see ordering guide.

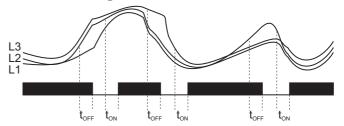
Accuracy, set-point: better than 2 % Accuracy, delay: better than 1 %

Functional diagram FP30, FP34 and FP35:



Example: Setpoint adjusted to +/- 10%

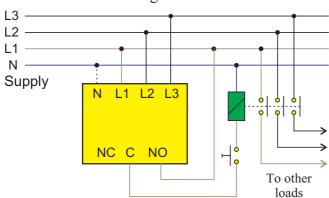
Functional diagramFP31:





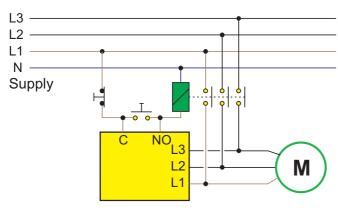
Connections:

ex. 1: Mains monitoring.



When the monitoring relay is connected as shown on the drawing above, the mains supply must be correct, before the load can be activated. This is particularly important if the load is sensitive to under- or over-voltage, and to ensure correct rotation direction of motors. This monitoring principle is recommended, when you want a general monitoring of the mains supply to several loads at the same time.

ex. 2: Load monitoring.



If instead you want to monitor the supply voltage for a single load, you can connect the monitoring relay after the contactor, in this way the contactor itself is also monitored. This principle is recommended if f.inst. you want a quick reaction in case of a phase failure to a motor.In the example above, the relay output is connected in parallel with the start contact, thereby it latches the contactor, if the supply is OK, and in case of an error, the contactor is released.

When you connect the monitoring relay after the contactor, you must notice, that the monitoring relay is activated at the same time as the load, which means the relay cannot protect against wrong phase-sequence during the period, where the start-button is activated..

Ordering guide:

 $FP30-xxx-ab-cd \qquad xxx = supply \ voltage \ (phase-phase)$ $FP31-xxx-e-cd \qquad 220 = 220 \ VAC$ $230 = 230 \ VAC$ $380 = 380 \ VAC$ $400 = 400 \ VAC$ $415 = 415 \ VAC$

If the standard unit is ordered, only the type number and the supply is used, e.g. FP31-400.

Standard units:

FP30-xxx: Delay-ON and delay-OFF: fixed 1 sec. Setpoint: adjustable +/- 5% to +/- 25%

FP31-xxx: Delay-ON and delay-OFF: fixed 1 sec.

Setpoint: adjustable 5% to 25%

FP34-xxx: Delay-ON and delay-OFF: fixed 1 sec.

Setpoint: adjustable +/- 5% to +/- 25%

FP35-xxx: Delay-ON, delay-OFF: adjustable 0-10 sec.

Setpoint: fixed +/- 10%

If a special unit is ordered, the whole number must be used, e.g. FP30-400-30-31

 $a = under-voltage \ range \ b = over-voltage \ range$

0 = not used 5 = fixed 5 % Note:

1 = 5 - 10 % 6 = fixed 10 % If both under- and over 2 = 5 - 15 % 7 = fixed 15 % voltage monitoring is 3 = 5 - 20 % 8 = fixed 20 % used, both ranges must 4 = 5 - 25 % 9 = fixed 25 % be the same, e.g. 5-15%

x = special

 $c = t_{on} delay d = t_{off} delay$

0 = 100 msec 3 = 3 sec 6 = 1 min 1 = 300 msec 4 = 10 sec 7 = 3 min2 = 1 sec 5 = 30 sec 8 = 10 min

x = special

e = asymmetry range

1 = 5 - 10 %

2 = 5 - 15 %

3 = 5 - 20 %

4 = 5 - 25 %

x = special

f = setpoint, under voltage g = setpoint, over voltage

0 = not used 1 = -5 % 2 = -10 % 3 = -15 % 4 = -20 % 5 = -25 % x = special 0 = not used 1 = +5 % 2 = +10 % 3 = +15 % 4 = +20 % 5 = +25 % x = special

 $h = t_{on} delay range$ $i = t_{off} delay range$

Note: If both t_{on} and t_{off} is adjustable, both of them must have the same range.

If one of the delays is fixed, an "F" is placed before the delay range number (range 0 and 1 is always fixed)

0 = 100 msec 3 = 0 - 3 sec 6 = 0 - 1 min 1 = 300 msec 4 = 0 - 10 sec 7 = 0 - 3 min2 = 0 - 1 sec 5 = 0 - 30 sec 8 = 0 - 10 min

x = special







1-phase monitoring relay RP10

Monitoring of 1-phase supply voltage

Separate adjustments of minimum and maximum limits

1- or 2-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C** € and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module type RP10 monitors its own 1-phase supply voltage and checks that it is within the adjusted minimum and maximum limits, and in that case, the output relay is activated.

The modulecan operate from 80% to 120% of the nominal supply voltage.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 24 VDC, 24 VAC, 115 VAC or

230 VAC +/- 20%

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: -20°C til +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments:

Upper limit: Potentiometer, 105 to 120%. Lower limit: Potentiometer, 80 to 95% **Hysteresis:** 1% of the nominal supply.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

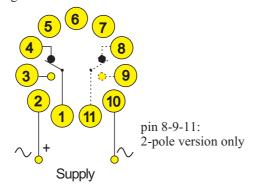
ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

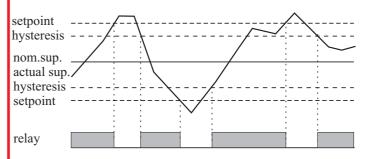
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Connections:



Functional diagram:



Ordering guide:

Supply Type no.

24 VDC RP10-x-0-024

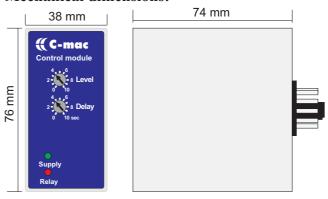
24 VAC RP10-x-1-024

115 VAC RP10-x-1-115

230 VAC RP10-x-1-230

x = output relay: 1 = 1-pole
2 = 2-pole

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 110 g





Phase asymmetry relay RP31

3-phase monitoring of phase asymmetry

Monitors correct phase sequence

Adjustable asymmetry level 5-25 %

1-pole relay output 8 A / 250 V AC

AC supply voltages up to 3 x 415 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module type RP33 meters its own 3-phase supply voltage, and if the phase sequence is correct and the phase asymmetry is below the adjusted level, the output relay is activated.

The module is suitable for monitoring of motors, since it ensures correct rotation direction and releases in case of a missing phase, also if the motor continues its rotation, provided that the resulting asymmetry is higher than the adjusted limit.

To ensure the best possible monitoring, the module must be connected as close to the motor as possible, in this way, the contactor function is also monitored.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 3 x 220 V +/- 25%

3 x 380 V +/- 25% 3 x 400 V +/- 25% 3 x 415 V +/- 25%

Supply frequency: 50 or 60 Hz **Power consumption:** 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing **Adjustments:** Potentiometer, scale 5 to 25%.

Hysteresis: 1 - 3,5 %. **Reaction delay:** typ. 1 sec.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay aktive

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC,

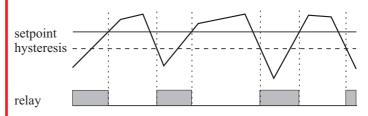
ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

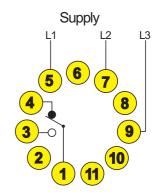
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1
Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2
Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Functional diagram:



Connections RP31:



Ordering guide RP31:

Supply Type no.

3 x 220 V RP33-1-3-220-50

3 x 380 V RP33-1-3-380-50

3 x 400 V RP33-1-3-400-50

3 x 415 V RP33-1-3-415-50

Note 1: The type numbers are shown for 50 Hz supply. for 60 HZ supply, replace -50 with -60.

Note 2: The unit is also available with supply connections to pins 5-6-7 instead of pins 5-7-9. In this case, the type number is RP31.1-..... instead of

In this case, the type number is RP31.1-..... instead of RP31-.....

Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 110 g





Phase sequence relay RP32

3-phase phase sequence / phase breaking module

Monitors correct phase sequence

Secures against phase breaking

1- or 2-pole relay output

AC supply voltages up to 3 x 415 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C** € and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module type RP32 meters its own 3-phase supply voltage, and checks that all 3 phases are present and the phase sequence is correct, and in that case the output relay is activated.

The module is suitable for the monitoring of motors, as it ensures correct rotation, and in case of a missin phase the relay releases, provided that the possible regenerated voltage from the motor is below the fixed minimum limits.

The module can be used both with and without neutral, but with neutral the unit is most sensitive.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 3 x 230 V +/- 15% 3 x 400 V +/- 15%

3 x 415 V +/- 15%

Supply frequency: 50-60 Hz **Power consumption:** 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing **Hysteresis:** 2% of the nominal supply.

Reaction delay: approx. 0,2 sec.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay aktive

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC (RP32.1),

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

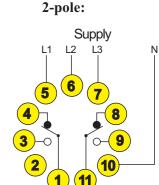
Sensitivity:

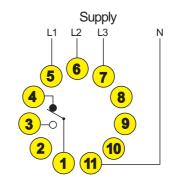
If the unit is connected to 3 phases with neutral, the relay will release, if one or more of the phase-neutral voltages is lower than 75-85% of the nominal voltage.

If the unit is connected to 3 phases without neutral, the relay will release, if one or more of the phase-phase voltages is lower than 60-70% of the nominal voltage

Connections RP32: Supply 5 6 7 8 9

Connections RP32.1, 1-pole:





Ordering guide RP32:

Supply Type no.

3 x 230 V (phase-phase) RP32-1-3-230
3 x 400 V (phase-phase) RP32-1-3-400
3 x 415 V (phase-phase) RP32-1-3-415

Ordering guide RP32.1:

Supply Type no.

3 x 230 V (phase-phase) RP32.1-x-3-230
3 x 400 V (phase-phase) RP32.1-x-3-400
3 x 415 V (phase-phase) RP32.1-x-3-415

x = output relay:

1 = 1-pole 2 = 2-pole

Materials and weight: se

see previous page.





Phase monitoring relay RP33

3-phase monitoring of phase-neutral voltages

Built-in adjustable time-delay

Separate adjustments for minimum and maximum limits

1-pole relay output 8 A / 250 V AC

AC supply voltages up to 3 x 415 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module type RP33 meters its own 3-phase supply voltage, and checks that all 3 phase-neutral voltages are within the adjusted limits, and in that case, the output relay is activated.

If one or more of the voltages are over or under the limits for a period of time, which exceeds the set delay, the relay releases.

The module can operate from 80 to 120% of the nominal supply voltage.

NOTE:

The unit can only be used at 3 phases plus neutral. If neutral is not available, monitoring module type RP30 must be used instead.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 3 x 230 V +/- 20% 3 x 380 V +/- 20%

3 x 380 V +/- 20% 3 x 400 V +/- 20% 3 x 415 V +/- 20%

Supply frequency: 45-75 Hz

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments:

Upper limit: Potentiometer, scale 105 to 120% Lower limit: Potentiometer, scale 80 to 95% Time-delay: Potentiometer, scale 0 to 10 sec.

Accuracy, scale:

Upper and lower limit: 5 % Time-delay: 20 %

Hysteresis: 1% factory set.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay aktive

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

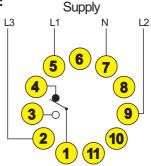
 Emmision:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Connections RP33:



Ordering guide RP33:

Supply Type no.

3 x 230 V (phase-phase) RP33-1-3-230
3 x 380 V (phase-phase) RP33-1-3-380
3 x 400 V (phase-phase) RP33-1-3-400
3 x 415 V (phase-phase) RP33-1-3-415

Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 190 g





C-macProgrammable 3-phase relay PPR10

Monitoring of all static 3-phase parameters: Over / Undervoltage, Sequence, Asymmetry, Frequency.

Monitoring of dynamic parameters: df/dt (ROCOF) and Phase angle fault.

Programmable functions, ranges and reaction delays.

2 independent relay output 8 A / 250 V AC

AC supply voltages up to 3 x 415 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac® module type PPR10 is a universal 3-phase monitoring relay, particularly suitable for monitoring and protection of the mains supply and connected equipment in connection with generators and portable equipment.

The unit is made in accordance with the new European requirements for connection of micro-generators to the mains supply.

All parameters are programmable, and in order to ensure that unauthorized persons are not able to change the settings, there are no potentiometers on the unit.

The parameters are selected on a PC, and transferred to a small battery operated programming unit, which is then used to program each unit on site.

The unit is supplied with two relay outputs, and you can program which of the parameters are active on each relay. The relays are activated at normal conditions, and releases if one or more of the selected parameters are exceeded.

Reaction delays for each relay are individually selectable, except for the dynamic parameters, where the reaction delay for release is fixed at 100 msec.

Each output relay have a corresponding control input, where you can select between 5 different functions.

Programmable parameters:

Over voltage: OFF, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 15 % OFF, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 15 % **Under voltage:** OFF, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10 % **Asymmetry:**

OFF, ON **Neutral detect:**

nominal 50, 60, 50...60 Hz Frequency: **Frequency limits:** OFF, 0,2, 0,3, 0,5, 1, 2, 3, 5 Hz df/dt (ROCOF): OFF, 0,3, 0,5, 0,7, 1 Hz/s OFF, 2, 5, 10, 15, 20 deg. Phase shift: 0,1, 0,2, 0,3, 0,5, 0,7, 1, 2, 3, 5, Delay, release:

7, 10 sec.

1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 20, 30, 45 sec, Delay, activate:

1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10 min.

Delay, start-up: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10 sec.

During start-up delay, the relay remains activated, also if one of the selected parameters detects a fault. This is to ensure, that the units does not release f.inst. when the generator is connected to the mains.

Functions, control input:

None: Control input not used, relay indicate parameter

conditions.

Enable: Relay only active, if input is activated and

parameter conditions are OK.

Latch: Relay activates, when the input activates and parameter conditions are OK. During operation, the input must remain activated. If the relay has

released after a fault detection, the input must be released and activated again, before the relay

can activate.

Reset: Relay activates, when the input activates and

parameter conditions are OK. After this, the input can be released. If the relay has released after a fault detection, the input must be activated

again, before the relay can activate.

Relay activates, if the parameter conditions are OK. Auto: When the input is activated, the start-up delay starts,

and after this delay, the unit operates as in the function "none". A new start-up delay is activated, if the control input releases and activates again.

Programming:

In order to program the unit, you must have a programming unit, INTF3.

Together with the programming unit, you get a corresponding software, which you must install on a PC. You can also download the software from our website: www.comadan.com.

When the program is activated you select all the parameters, which is then transferred to INTF3 via a cable connected to one of the COM-ports.

After this, you disconnect INFT3 from the PC, and you can now transfer the program to the PPR10 via the infrared transmitter in front of INTF3, if the PPR10 is connected to the mains supply.

If the transmission is completed in the correct way, the top LED "control 1" and after this the LED "supply" will flash

If the transmission is not OK, the LED's will flash several times.



Technical data:

Supply voltage: 3x220-3x240 VAC +/- 15%

3x380-3x415 VAC +/- 15%

Supply frequency: 45-65 Hz **Power consumption:** 3 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments: No adjustments

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected Yellow LED's: Control 1 and Control 2 Red LED's: Relay 1 and Relay 2

Max. load, relays: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1
Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2
Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations, as well as the preliminary standard for connection of micro generators to the public low voltage network.

LED functions:

Green Supply LED:

Steady light when the supply is connected and the unit is in normal operation.

Flashing after parameter programming.

Yellow Control LED's:

OFF when the control input is not activated.

Flashing after activation of Control input during Relay activation delay and Start-up delay.

Control 1 LED also flashing after parameter programming. Steady light after expiration of delays, if the Control input is still activated.

Red Relay LED's:

OFF when the relay is off.

Steady light when the relay is activated.

Flashing during release delay when the relay is still activated.

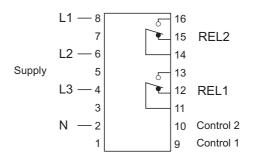
Activation of Control inputs:

The control input is activated when it is connected to Neutral (pin 2).

PPR10 front.



Connections:



Ordering guide:

Supply Type no. 3x220, 3x230 and 3x340 PPR10-230 3x380, 3x400 and 3x415 PPR10-400

The above type numbers indicates a complete unit with all functions.

The unit is also available in a reduced version without df/dt and phase shift functions.

In this case you add an "A" to the type number, e.g. PPR10A-400

Materials and weight:

Housing base: CYCOLOY C2100, grey CYCOLOY C2100, black **Terminal cover:** CYCOLOY C2100, black

Terminals: Zinc-plated brass **Screws:** Zinc-plated iron

Weight: 350 g





Current/voltage relays RC10/RV10

RC10: Current monitoring RV10: Voltage monitoring

4 metering inputs in each module

Adjustments for setpoint, hysteresis and time delay

Selectable relay inversion, time delay and AC/DC mode

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac $^{\$}$ current monitoring relay, type RC10, and voltage monitoring relay, type RV10, are universal metering relays, each supplied with 4 metering ranges, from 0,4 mA to 6 A or 40 mV to 600 V AC or DC, respectively.

The input range is chosen by use of the appropriate input terminal, and the choice of AC/DC metering is made by connection/disconnection of terminal 8 to common (terminal 7).

By means of 2 push-buttons on the back of the unit you can select relay and time-delay function.

When the module is AC metering, the average value is metered, and the level adjustment is then calibrated to the r.m.s. value of a sinusoidal signal.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC
Isolation voltage: Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV

Supply voltage, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC-supply there is no isolation between supply

and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments:

Level: Potentiometer, scale 0.4 to 6
Hysteresis: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 50%
Time-delay: Potentiometer, scale 0 to 10 sec.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected Red LED: Set-point exceeded

Red LED: Relay active

Accuracy, scale: 5 %

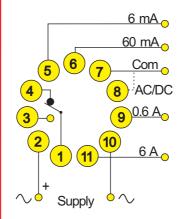
Temp. coefficient: typ $0,1 \% / {^{\circ}C}$

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

ohmic load

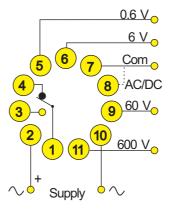
Metering ranges, max. input signals and input impedances (R_{in}):

Module	Range	max. input	input res.
	0.4 - 6 mA	80 mA	35 Ω
RC 10	4 - 60 mA	200 mA	0.5 Ω
	40 - 600 mA	800 mA	0.35 Ω
	0.4 - 6 A	8 A	0.033 Ω
	40 - 600 mV	20 V	1 kΩ
RV 10	0.4 - 6 V	50 V	11 kΩ
	4 - 60 V	150 V	111 kΩ
	40 - 600 V	650 V	1.11 ΜΩ



Connections RC10.

DC metering: 7-8 open AC metering: 7-8 closed



Connections RV10.

DC metering: 7-8 open AC metering: 7-8 closed



Function selection:

Button 1: Delay on operate / delay on release

Button 2: Relay inversion

Ex 1: 1 on, 2 off.

Delay on release, when level drops below setpoint.

Ex 2: 1 off, 2 on.

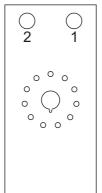
Delay on operate, when level drops below setpoint.

Ex 3: 1 off, 2 off.

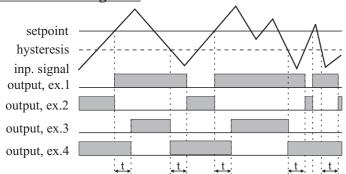
Delay on operate, when setpoint is exceeded.

Ex 4: 1 on, 2 on.

Delay on release, when setpoint is exceeded.



Functional diagram:



EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance

with the CE og low voltage regulations.

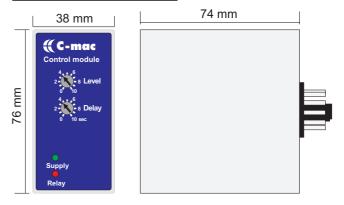
Ordering guide, RC10:

<u>supply</u>	type number
12-50 VDC	RC10-1-4-012
24 VDC	RC10-1-0-024
24 VAC	RC10-1-1-024
115 VAC	RC10-1-1-115
230 VAC	RC10-1-1-230

Ordering guide, RV10:

<u>Supply</u>	type number
12-50 VDC	RV10-1-4-012
24 VDC	RV10-1-0-024
24 VAC	RV10-1-1-024
115 VAC	RV10-1-1-115
230 VAC	RV10-1-1-230

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 190 g





Current/voltage relays RC12/RV12

RC12: Current monitoring RV12: Voltage monitoring

3 metering inputs in each module

Adjustments for setpoint and hysteresis

Selectable relay inversion and AC/DC mode

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] current monitoring relay, type RC12, and voltage monitoring relay, type RV12, are universal metering relays, each supplied with 3 metering ranges, from 4 mA to 6 A or 400 mV to 600 V AC or DC, respectively.

The input range is chosen by use of the appropriate input terminal, and the choice of AC/DC metering and relay inversionis made by connection/disconnection of terminal 5 and 8 to common (terminal 7).

When the module is AC metering, the average value is metered, and the level adjustment is then calibrated to the r.m.s. value of a sinusoidal signal.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC
Isolation voltage: Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV

Supply voltage, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments:

Level: Potentiometer, scale 0.4 to 6
Hysteresis: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 50%

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Accuracy, scale: 5 %

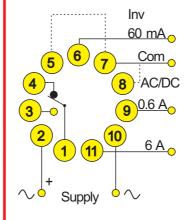
Temp. coefficient: typ 0,1 % / °C

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

ohmic load

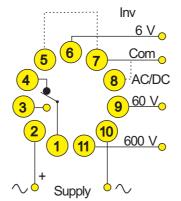
Metering ranges, max. input signals and input impedances (R_{in}):

Module	Range	max. input	input res.
	4 - 60 mA	200 mA	3.5 Ω
RC 12	40 - 600 mA	800 mA	0.35 Ω
	0.4 - 6 A	8 A	0.033 Ω
	0.4 - 6 V	50 V	11 kΩ
RV 12	4 - 60 V	150 V	111 kΩ
	40 - 600 V	650 V	1.11 ΜΩ



Connections RC12.

DC metering: 7-8 closed AC metering: 7-8 open



Connections RV12.

DC metering: 7-8 closed AC metering: 7-8 open



EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance

with the CE og low voltage regulations.

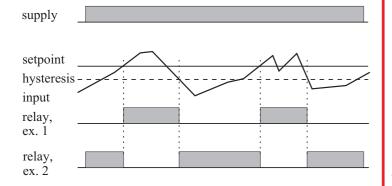
Ordering guide, RC12:

<u>supply</u>	type number
12-50 VDC	RC12-1-4-012
24 VDC	RC12-1-0-024
24 VAC	RC12-1-1-024
115 VAC	RC12-1-1-115
230 VAC	RC12-1-1-230

Ordering guide, RV12:

Supply	type number
12-50 VDC	RV12-1-4-012
24 VDC	RV12-1-0-024
24 VAC	RV12-1-1-024
115 VAC	RV12-1-1-115
230 VAC	RV12-1-1-230

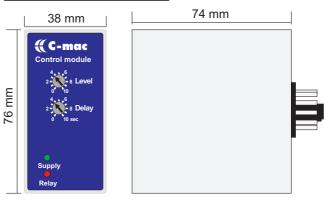
Functional diagram:



Example 1, undercurrent/voltage monitoring pin 6-7 not connected

Example 2, overcurrent/voltage monitoring pin 6-7 connected

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 170 g





Current/voltage relaysRC30/RV30

RC30: Current monitoring RV30: Voltage monitoring

3 metering inputs in each module

Adjustments for setpoint and time delay

Selectable relay inversion, time delay, hysteresis and

start-up delay

Automatic detection of AC or DC metering input

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] current monitoring relay, type RC30, and voltage monitoring relay, type RV30 are universal metering relays, each supplied with 3 metering ranges, automatic detection of AC or DC input signal, plus a 24 VDC output voltage, for the supply of external sensors or the like.

By means of a DIP-switch in the bottom of the unit you can select between 4 different combinations of relay inversion and reaction-delay, 5 or 15% hysteresis and start-up delay.

On the front of the unit you can adjust the setpoint and reaction-delay between 0 and 10 seconds.

The monitoring relays are each available in 3 different variants, which makes it possible to select current ranges between 0.1 to 2 mA and 0.25 to 6 A, and voltage ranges between 3 to 60 mV and 25 to 600 V.

The start-up has the following function:

When the DIP-switch for selection (switch 4) is off, there will be no start-up delay, which means the monitoring will start, when the supply voltage is connected.

When switch 4 is on, there will be a fixed start-up delay of 10 seconds, and in this period the output relay is in the position, which corresponds to no signal on the input, and after this period, the output corresponds to the actual input signal.

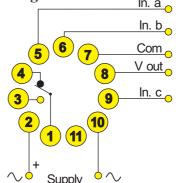
This function is particularly interesting, if you are monitoring a load, which has a very high start-up current.

The units are supplied for 24, 115 or 230 VAC supply or 10-50 VDC supply.

Metering ranges, max. input signals and input impedances (R_{in}):

Module	input a	input b	input c
RC type 1	1-20 mA max. 0,1 A R _{in} =72 Ω	0,5-10 mA max. 80 mA $R_{in}=122 \Omega$	0.1 - 2 mA max. 50 mA R_{in} =524 Ω
RC type 2	25-500 mA max. 0,8 A R _{in} =2,7 Ω	10-200 mA max. 0,5 A R _{in} =3,2 Ω	5-100 mA max. 0,5 A R _{in} =4,7 Ω
RC type 3	$\begin{array}{c} 0,25\text{-}6 A \\ \text{max. 8 A} \\ \text{R}_{\text{in}}\text{=}7 \text{ m}\Omega \end{array}$	$0,05-1$ A max. 3 A R_{in} =40 m Ω	-
RV type 1	3-60 mV max. 1 V $R_{in}=10 \text{ k}\Omega$	7,5-150 mV max. 2 V $R_{in}=25 \text{ k}\Omega$	0,05-1 V max. 10 V R _{in} =168 kΩ
RV type 2	$0,5-10 \text{ V} \\ \text{max. } 60 \text{ V} \\ \text{R}_{\text{in}} = 111 \text{ k} \Omega$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{120 V} \\ \text{max. 100 V} \\ \text{R}_{\text{in}} = 221 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array}$	2,5-50 V max. 150 V R _{in} =553 kΩ
RV type 3	5-100 V max. 200 V R _{in} =1 MΩ	$\begin{array}{c} 10\text{-}200 V \\ \text{max. } 400 \ V \\ R_{\text{in}} = 2 \ \text{M}\Omega \end{array}$	25-500 V max. 600 V R _{in} =5,1 MΩ

Connection diagram:





Common technical data:

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply, DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply-input-output: 3.75 kV

Power consumption: 3 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.01\% / ^{\circ}C$

Indications:

Green LED, active: Supply ON and input OK

flashing: Supply ON and input signal

outside the metering range

Red LED: Relay active

Selection of function:

S1-S2: relay inversion and reaction delay,

see functional diagram

S3: Hysteresis: OFF: 5%, ON: 15%

S4: Start-up delay:

OFF: no delay ON: 10 seconds delay

Adjustments:

Potentiometer 1: setpoint, 0-100% of the range reaction delay, 0-10 seconds

Transducer supply: Pin 8,

V_{out}: 24 VDC +5% -20%

I_{out}: max. 22 mA

Max. load, relay: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

 Emmision:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

CE og low voltage regulations.

Ordering guide, RC30:

 supply
 type number

 12-50 VDC
 RC30-1-4-012-x

 24 VAC
 RC30-1-1-024-x

 115 VAC
 RC30-1-1-115-x

 230 VAC
 RC30-1-1-230-x

x= metering range:

1 = 0,1-2 mA, 0,5 - 10 mA and 1 - 20 mA 2 = 5 - 100 mA, 10 - 200 mA and 25 - 500 mA

3 = 0.05 - 1 A and 0.25 - 6 A

Ordering guide, RV30:

 Supply
 type number

 12-50 VDC
 RV30-1-4-012-x

 24 VAC
 RV30-1-1-024-x

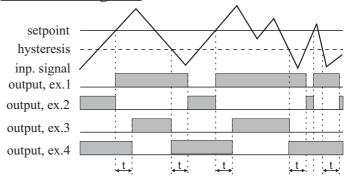
 115 VAC
 RV30-1-1-115-x

 230 VAC
 RV30-1-1-230-x

x = metering ranges:

1 = 3 - 60 mV, 7,5 - 150 mV and 0,05 - 1 V 2 = 0,5 - 10 V, 1 - 20 V and 2,5 - 50 V 3 = 5 - 100 V, 10 - 200 V and 25 - 500 V

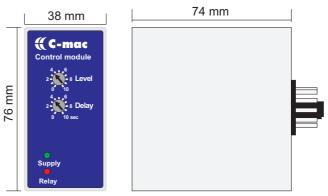
Functional diagram:



Selection of function:

SW 1	SW 2	ex. no.	function
OFF	OFF	1	Relay activates, when setpoint is exceeded, delay on release
ON	OFF	2	Relay releases, when setpoint is exceeded, delay on activate
OFF	ON	3	Delay on activate, when setpoint is exceeded
ON	ON	4	Delay on release, when setpoint is exceeded

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 190 g





Current relays RC15/RC20

RC15: AC-current monitor RC20: DC-current monitor

Adjustment of setpoint and hysteresis

Selectable activation or release of relay

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

1- or 2-pole relay output

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] modules, type RC15 and RC20 are simple current monitoring relays, for AC- and DC input signals, respectively.

The modules are available for several different metering ranges, but the range must be specified at ordering, since each unit has only got one metering range.

By means of a connection at the relay base you can select, it the output relay should activate or release, when the setpoint is exceeded, in this way, the module can be used for both over- and under current monitoring.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC
Isolation voltage: Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV

Supply voltage, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Relay inversion: pin 6-7

Open: Relay releases at undercurrent Closed: Relay releases at overcurrent

Adjustments:

Level: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 100% Hysteresis: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 50%

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Accuracy, scale: 5 %

Temp. coefficient: typ $0,1 \% / {}^{\circ}C$

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE

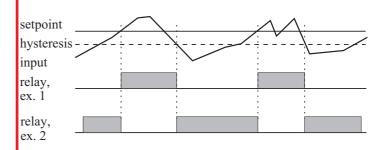
og low voltage regulations.

Metering ranges:

	range	int. shunt	max current
RC15:	0,05 - 1 A AC	$0,220~\Omega$	3 A
	0,25 - 5 A AC	$0,033~\Omega$	8 A
RC20:	0,05 - 1 mA	100 Ω	10 mA
	1 - 20 mA	5,00 Ω	100 mA
	5 - 100 mA	$1,30~\Omega$	500 mA
	25 - 500 mA	$0,20~\Omega$	2 A
	0,1 - 2 A	$0,07~\Omega$	6 A
	0,25 - 5 A	$0,03~\Omega$	10 A

Functional diagram:

supply

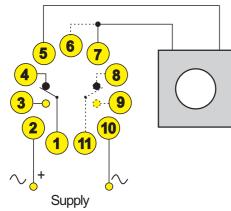


Example 1, undercurrent monitoring pin 6-7 not connected

Example 2, overcurrent monitoring pin 6-7 connected

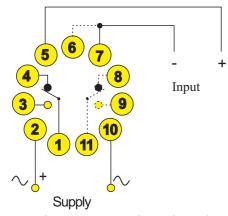


Connections, RC15:



Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only.

Connections, RC20:



Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only.

Ordering guide, RC15:

Supply	Type number.
12- 50 VDC	RC15-x-4-012-y
48-250 VDC	RC15-x-4-048-y
24 VDC	RC15-x-0-024-y
24 VAC	RC15-x-1-024-y
115 VAC	RC15-x-1-115-y
230 VAC	RC15-x-1-230-y
x = output relations rel	ay: $1 = 1$ -pole

2 = 2-pole

y = metering range: 1 = 0.05 - 5 A AC

5 = 0.25 - 5 A AC

Ordering guide, RC20:

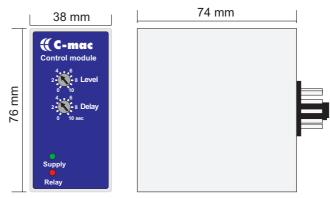
Supply

F F J	JI
12- 50 VDC	RC20-x-4-012-yyy
48-250 VDC	RC20-x-4-048-yyy
24 VDC	RC20-x-0-024-yyy
24 VAC	RC20-x-1-024-yyy
115 VAC	RC20-x-1-115-yyy
230 VAC	RC20-x-1-230-yyy
x = output relations rel	ay: $1 = 1$ -pole $2 = 2$ -pole
yyy = meterin	g range: $1M = 0.05 - 1 \text{ mA}$
	20M = 1 - 20 mA
	100M = 5 - 100 mA
	500M = 25 - 500 mA

2A = 0.1 - 2A5A = 0.25 - 5A

Type number.

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 180 g





Voltage relay RV20

DC voltage monitoring relay

Adjustment of setpoint and hysteresis

Selectable activation or release of relay

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

1- or 2-pole relay output

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module, type RV20 is a simple voltage monitoring relay for DC input signals.

The module is available for several different metering ranges, but the range must be specified at ordering, since each unit has only got one metering range.

By means of a connection at the relay base you can select, it the output relay should activate or release, when the setpoint is exceeded, in this way, the module can be used for both over- and under current monitoring.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV

Supply voltage, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Relay inversion: pin 6-7

Open: Relay releases at undervoltage Closed: Relay releases at overvoltage

Adjustments:

Level: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 100% Hysteresis: Potentiometer, scale 5 to 50%

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Accuracy, scale: 5 %

Temp. coefficient: typ $0,1 \% / {^{\circ}C}$

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

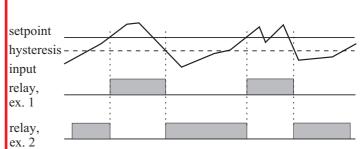
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Metering ranges RV20:

range	inp. resist.	max voltage
3 - 60 mV	150Ω	1 V
7,5 - 150 mV	150Ω	2 V
0,05 - 1 V	$1~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	10 V
0,25 - 5 V	$3~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	30 V
0,5 - 10 V	$10 \text{ k}\Omega$	50 V
1 - 20 V	$20~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	100 V
2,5 - 50 V	$50~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	150 V

Functional diagram:

supply

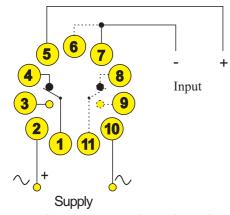


Example 1, undervoltage monitoring pin 6-7 not connected

Example 2, overvoltage monitoringg pin 6-7 connected



Connections, RV20:



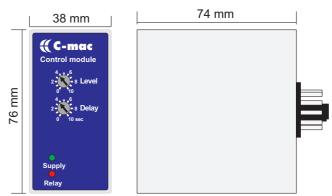
Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only.

Ordering guide, RV20:

Supply Type number. 12- 50 VDC RV20-x-4-012-yyy 48-250 VDC RV20-x-4-048-yyy 24 VDC RV20-x-0-024-yyy 24 VAC RV20-x-1-024-yyy 115 VAC RV20-x-1-115-yyy 230 VAC RV20-x-1-230-yyy x = output relay:1 = 1-pole 2 = 2-pole yyy = metering range: 60M = 3 - 60 mV150M = 7.5 - 150 mV1V = 0.05 - 1V5V = 0.25 - 5V10V = 0.5 - 10V

> 20V = 1 - 20 V50V = 2.5 - 50 V

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 180 g





Frequency relay RF20

Relay for monitoring of the supply frequency

Nominal frequency selectable 50 Hz or 60 Hz

Adjustable bandwidth from 1 to 10 Hz

Selectable reaction delay 0.1 sec. or 1 sec.

1- or 2-pole relay output

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] frequency relay type RF20 is used for monitoring of the supply frequency, f.inst. in connection with generator controls.

By means of connections on the relay base you can select between nominal frequency of 50 or 60 Hz and reaction delay 0.1 sec. or 1 sec.

On the built-in potentiometer, the bandwidth is adjustable between +/-0.5 Hz and +/-5 Hz.

If the supply frequency is within the adjusted bandwidth, the relay is activated, and if the frequency is outside the limits, the output relay releases after the selected reaction delay.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Isolation voltage: Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Adjustments:

Bandwidth: Potentiometer, scale 1 to 10 Hz

(+/-0.5 Hz til +/-5 Hz)

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Accuracy:

scale: 5 % min. bandwidth: +/- 0.02 Hz max. bandwidth: +/- 0.04 Hz

Hysteresis: 10% of the adjusted bandwidth.

Nominal frequency: pin 6-7

open: 50 Hz, closed: 60 Hz

Reaction delay: pin 5-7

open: 1 sec., closed: 0.1 sec.

Max. load, relay: 1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

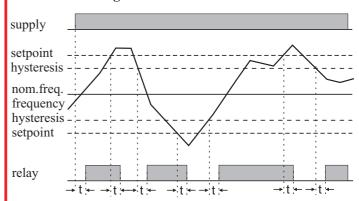
EMC and safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1
Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2
Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE

og low voltage regulations.

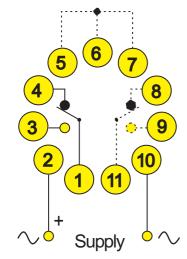
Functional diagram:



t = reaction delay (0,1 or 1 sek.)



Connections:



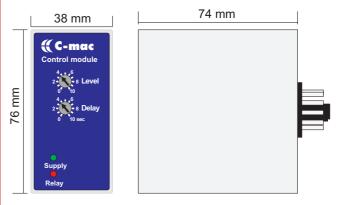
pin 8-9-11: 2-pole version only pin 5-7: reaction delay nominal frequency pin 6-7:

Ordering guide:

Supply Type number. 24 VAC RF20-x-1-024 120 VAC RF20-x-1-115 230 VAC RF20-x-1-230 1 = 1-pole x = relay output:

2 = 2-pole

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing **Housing:**

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 200 g





Load guard RP81

Load guard for 3-phase motors

Power factor metering ($\cos \varphi$)

Adjustable time delay 0-20 sek. at motor start

Selectable release of relay at max. or min. load

1-pole relay output 8A / 250 VAC

Produced in accordance with **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] module type RP81 is used for load monitoring of 3-phase motors, as the phase angle $(\cos \phi)$ between motor current and -voltage changes in proportion to the mechanical load of the motor.

You will see the biggest change in phase angle, if the motor is loaded between 0 and 60% of nominal load, which makes the RP81 suitable for monitoring of V-belts, pumps running dry, etc. (see page 6-6).

RP81 can be connected directly to motors with nominal current up to 6 A. If the current is bigger, you use a standard current transformer.

The unit is supplied with an adjustable start-up delay, which keeps the output relay activated independant of the power consumption, when the motor is starting.

By connection of pins 7 and 2 you can select if the relay releases at over- or underload.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: $3 \times 230 \text{ V} + /- 10\%$

3 x 400 V +/- 10% 3 x 415 V +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Power consumption:** 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Monitoring current: min. 0,5 A, max. 6 A

At bigger currents use a

standard current transformer..

Internal shunt: 33 m Ω . At max. current 6 A

the voltage across the shunt is 0,2 V

Hysteresis: 5% of adjusted level.

Adjustments:

Start delay: Potentiometer, 0-20 sec. Level: Potentiometer, cos. \(\phi \) 0-0,9

Accuracy, scale:

Start delay: 20% Level: 5%

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay activated

Start-up: When the supply voltage is connected,

the output relay activates, and the start-delay will start, independent of

the selected relay function.

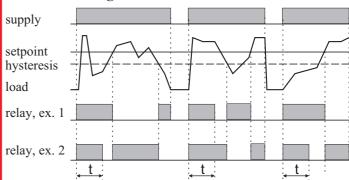
Relay function: pins 2-7.

If pin 2 is not connected, the output relay releases immediatly, if the power factor exceeds the set level, provided that the

set start-delay has run out.

If pin 2 is connected to pin 7, the relay releases, if the power factor is lower than the set level, and the timer has run out.

Functional diagram:



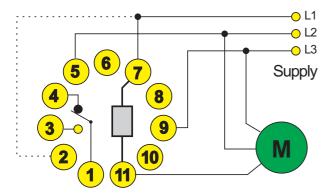
t =selected start-up delay

ex. 1: overload, pins 2-7 open

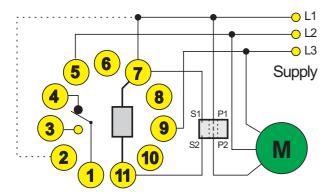
ex. 2: underload, pins 2-7 connected



Connections:



Example 1: without current transformer. (motor current smaller than 6 A)



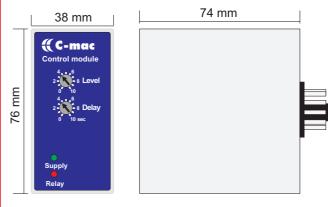
Example 2: With current transformer. (motor current bigger than 6 A)

Note: the current transformer must be connected as shown (P1 / P2 and S1 / S2)

Ordering guide:

Supply Type nr.
3 x 220 V RP81-1-3-230
3 x 380 V RP81-1-3-400
3 x 415 V RP81-1-3-415

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 110 g





Power guard RP91

Power guard for 1- and 3-phase motors

Power metering (U x I x $\cos \varphi$)

Adjustable time-delay 0.1-30 sek. at start-up

Adjustable reaction delay 0.1-30 sek

Metering output indicates the power consumption

1-pole relay output 8 A / 250 VAC

Produced in accordance with (and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] module type RP91 is used for power monitoring of 1-phase and symmetrical 3-phase loads, f.inst. motors. RP91 can be connected directly to loads with nominal current consumption up to 6 A; If the current is bigger, a standard current transformer is used.

The unit is supplied with an adjustable start-up delay, which ensures that the output relay is activated independant of the load, when the motor is started. RP 91 is supplied for both over- and underload monitoring.

The module is monitoring the total power consumption $(U \times I \times \cos \varphi)$ which gives a much higher sensitivity than it is possible with the RP81.

The setpoint is coarse adjusted on a 10-position switch, and fine-adjusted on a potentiometer in front of the unit, which gives a very high sensitivity on the adjustment function.

When the setpoint is reached, an adjustable time-delay on 0,1 to 30 seconds starts. After this period, the relay releases, on the condition that the load has been higher than the setpoint in the whole period, in this way it is ensured, that the relay will not release in case of short changes in the power consumption.

In order to get the most accurate setpoint adjustment, especially when very small loads are monitored, the unit is supplied for 4 different current ranges, and all units are available with inverted function, to detect underloads.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 127 V + N or 3 x 230 V + / - 10%

230 V + N or 3 x 400 V +/- 10%

240 V + N or 3 x 415 V + / - 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Power consumption:** 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Metering ranges:

max. load at supply voltage:

400 V int. shunt Current range 230V 415 V 01: max. 0,6 A 270 W 450 W 480 W $1,200 \Omega$ 02: max. 1,2 A 540 W 900 W 960 W 0.150Ω 03: max. 2,4 A 1100 W 1800 W 2000 W 0.068Ω 04: max. 6,0 A 2700 W 4500 W 4800 W $0,033 \Omega$

Hysteresis: 1,3% of the total metering range

Latch: pin 8-7.

If pins 8-7 is connected, and the relay releases, it will remain released, no matter if the load changes, until the connection is opened, or the supply voltage is disconnected.

Adjustments:

Start-up delay: Potentiometer, 0.1-30 sec. Level, coarse: 10-position switch on the top of

the unit.

Level, fine: Potentiometer, scale 0-10 Reaction delay: Potentiometer, 0,1-30 sec

Accuracy, scale: 5%

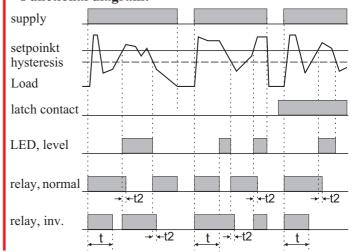
Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected Red LED: Relay activated

Start-up: start contact, pins 6-7.

If pins 6 and 7 is connected, the relay and the start-up delay is activated, when the supply voltage is connected. This principle is used, if the unit is connected in parallel with the load. If the unit is constantly connected to the supply voltage, the start delay (and the metering) can be separately activated by connecting pins 6 and 7, f.inst. with a spare contact in the

Functional diagram:

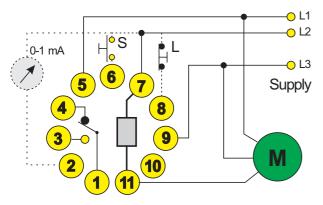


motorswitch.

t =selected start-up delay, t2 =reaction delay

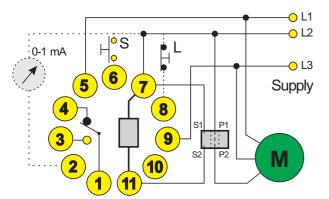


Connections:



Example 1:

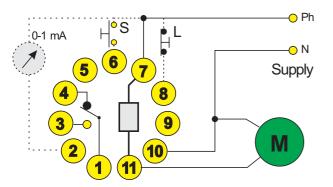
3-phase without current transformer. (load current smaller than 6 A)



Example 2:

3-phase with current transformer. (load current bigger than 6 A)

Note: the current transformer must be connected as shown (P1 / P2 and S1 / S2)



Example 3:

1-phase without current transformer. (load current smaller than 6 A)

Adjustment of RP91, see next page.

Ordering guide:

Supply Type nr.

3 x 230 V RP91-1-3-230-xy 3 x 400 V RP91-1-3-400-xy 3 x 415 V RP91-1-3-415-xy

x = function: 0 = normal (overload)

1 = inverted (underload)

2 = autostart **

y = current range: 1 = max. 0.6 A

2 = max. 1,2 A

 $3 = \max. 2,4 A$ $4 = \max. 6,0 A$

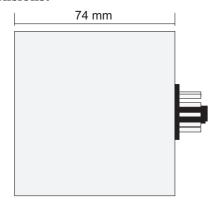
ex: RP91-1-3-400-14

** Description autostart function:

The relay activates, when the supply voltage is connected. When pins 6 and 7 is connected, the start-up time is activated, and remains activated during start-up (overload only).

Mechanical dimensions:





Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 110 g



Adjustment of RP90/RP91



Adjustment, overload function:

A 10-position rotary switch, used for coarse adjustment of the setpoint is placed on top of the unit. Set the switch on 9.

The potentiometer for start-up delay is set at minimum the time needed for the motor to reach its normal load/speed.

Potentiometer for fine adjustment is set at minimum.

Potentiometer for reaction delay is set at maximum.

The motor is started, and after the start-up delay has expired, the coarse switch is gradually turned down, (9-8-7 etc.), until the relay LED starts flashing.

The potentiometer for fine adjustment is turned against max., until the relay LED stops flashing, and now you have found the normal power consumption of the motor. If wanted, you can now set the fine adjustment a little bit higher, which ensures a reasonable margin of security, before the overload alarm is activated.

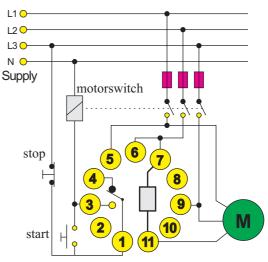
Finally the potentiometer for reaction delay is set at the wanted position.

Adjustment, underload function:

If the unit is used for underload monitoring, the coarse adjustment is set at 0 and the fine adjustment at max from the beginning, and instead you will turn up gradually on the coarse switch and down on the fine adjustment in order to find the normal power consumption of the motor.

The other adjustments are exactly as for overload monitoring.

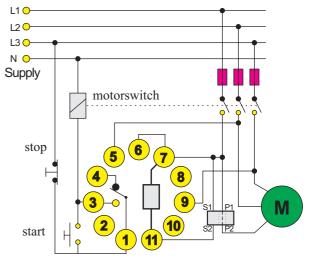
Connection examples:



Example 1:

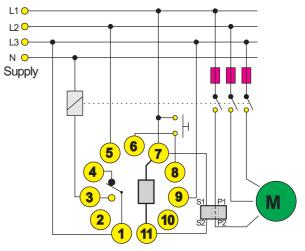
Monitoring of motor with current smaller than 6 A. When the start contact is activated, the units makes its own latch.

The motor stops by opening the stop contact or in case of over/underloads, detected by RP90.



Example 2:

Same function as example 1, but for bigger motors, where a current transformer with 0-5 A output is used.



Example 3:

Combined Start/stop contact. The relay remains released in case of errors because the latch contact is activated.



Monitoring and protection of motors and machinery.

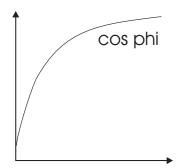
Protection of motors and machinery are normally made by means of motor switches or the like, but in many applications, f.inst, if you need a quick reaction in connection with overload, or an alarm in case of underload, it is an advantage to use a monitoring relay.

Please note, that the monitoring relay cannot replace the mandatory motor switch, which is used for safety reasons.

On the figures below you can see, how the different parameters are influenced by the motor load, and which C-mac relays to use for various applications.

The descriptions must be understood as rules of thumb and they are not necessarily correct in all applications as well as the curves are only intended as guide and not covering all motor types.

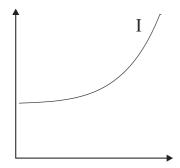
Phase angle (cos φ)



The phase angle between current and voltage $(\cos \phi)$ is changing a lot between 0 and 60% load, therefore it is an advantage to monitor the phase angle if you want an alarm in connection with underload, f.inst. breakage of belts, pumps running dry, blocking of filters, etc.

Recommended relay type: RP81 (only 3-phase loads)

Motor current

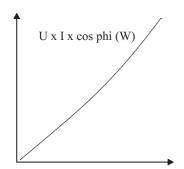


The current consumption of a motor is almost the same from 0 to 50% load, and after that it will increase with increasing load.

Current monitoring is used, if you want to protect the motor against blocking, f.inst. grinding mills, screw conveyors, etc.

Recommended relay types: RC15 or RC30

Motor power



With power monitoring you can monitor all variables (supply voltage, current and phase angle), ensuring a very high sensitivity to even very small load changes, making this principle preferable for both over- and underload monitoring.

Recommended relay type: RP91





Power guard FPD 93

Power guard / monitor for 1- and 3-phase motors

Power metering (U x I x $\cos \varphi$)

Programmable start-up delay 0,5-25 sec.

Programmable reaction delay 0,5-99,9 sec.

3 digit display for programming and monitoring

2 separate 1-pole relay outputs, max. 5A / 250VAC

Produced in accordance with **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] module type FPD93 is used for power monitoring of 1-phase and symmetrical 3-phase loads, f.inst. motors. FPD93 can be connected directly to loads with nominal current consumption up to 6 A; If the current is bigger, a standard current transformer is used.

All functions, metering ranges etc. are programmable, which makes the unit very suitable for many different control and monitoring applications.

The unit is supplied with 2 separate relay outputs, which are programmed independent of each other, e.g. one relay releases at overload and the other at underload.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: $1 \times 230/240 \text{ V} + \text{N} + / -10\%$

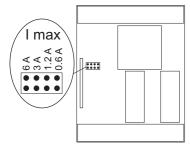
3 x 230/240 V +/- 10% 3 x 400/415 V +/- 10% 3 x 440 V +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Power consumption:** 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Repeatability: <1% Sampling time: 0,4 sec.

Metering ranges:



Open the unit, before the supply voltage is connected.

Max. metering current is selected at the terminals on the pcb, as shown on the drawing.

(default setting 6A)

max.load at current range:

Supply voltage	0,6 A	1,2 A	3 A	6 A
1 x 230 V	100 W	200 W	500 W	1000 W
3 x 230 V	180 W	360 W	900 W	1800 W
3 x 400 V	300 W	600 W	1500 W	3000 W
3 x 440 V	300 W	600 W	1500 W	3000 W

Metering principle: 1-phase $P = U \times I \times \cos \varphi$

3-phase $P = U \times I \times \cos \varphi \times \sqrt{3}$

Indications:

Red LED: Flashes during programming

Red LED: Relay 1 activated Red LED: Relay 2 activated

Display: 3 digits, indicates actual load in % during start-up and operation, also used at programming and check.

If the metering range is exceeded,

Adjustments:

Push-buttons

programming and check.

OF L is flashing in the display.

Control inputs:

Latch:

Start-up:

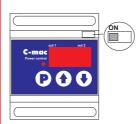
Pins 3-7. Aktivates the start-up time, see function selection.

see function selection

Pins 3-8. If the function is programmed, and a relay releases because of over- or under load, the relay remains released. The function is reset by disconnecting pins 3-8 or the supply

voltage.

Programming lock:



Slide switch, placed above the front plate, used in connection with programming and adjustment of set points.

When the switch is OFF, it is possible to read but not change the programmed data; if you try to change data, the display shows ---

When the switch is ON, it is possible to change the selections.

Function selection:

1. Normal function. (over- and underload)

When the supply voltage is connected, the relay is released.

When pins 3-7 is connected (start), the relay activates, and remains activated in the programmed start-up time, after which the load monitoring starts.

If connection 3-7 opens, the relay releases.

2. Auto start (overload function only).

When the supply voltage is connected, the relay activates immediatly, and the load monitoring starts.

When pins 3-7 is connected (start), the relay remains activated in the programmed start-up time, after which the load monitoring is resumed.



Programming of FPD93.

<u>Remember:</u> The programming lock must be set ON and the supply voltage must be connected.

Start and stop of the programming function:

Start: Press the buttons (P), (1) and (1) simultaneously for min. 5 sec. The unit is in programming mode, when the LED above the (P) button is flashing. The display is now indicating P 0 1, which means it is in programming point no. 1. If you want to see the actual setting of the programming point, press (P).

If you want to change the setting, press (P) together with the (1) or (1) button.

To get to the next programming point, press •, and to the previous point, press •.

The unit returns to operating mode if no buttons are activated in 15 seconds, and at the same time, the memory is updated automatically.

Note:

If the supply voltage is disconnected during programming, no update of the modified data will be made.

Programming points:

PD1 In this point you can adapt the metering range to the connected motor.

If f.inst you have a motor at 3 x 400 V, 2100W (supplied power), select the 6 A range (3000 W). 2100 W equals 70% of 3000 W, and the display is adjusted to 70%.

Now 0-2100 W equals 0-100% in the new metering range. You can adjust the metering range between 30 and 99,9% of the max. range for the selected current input, (default setting 99,9%).

PD2 Selection of start-up time, i.e. the time from the start input is activated and the relays activates until the power monitoring starts. The start-up time is the same for both relay outputs and it can be set between 0,5 and 25 seconds (default setting 1 second).

P11 Relay function, relay 1.

F D: relay releases at overload (normal)

F U: relay releases at underload (normal)

F R: autostart, relay releases at overload. (default setting F O).

P12 Hysteresis, relay 1.

The hysteresis is negative at overload (FO and FA), and positive at underload (FU). Range: 0,5 to 25%, (default setting 5%).

P13 Time delay, release, relay 1.

The relay releases, when the load has been over/under the setpoint in the adjusted time. Range 0,5 to 99,9 sec., (default setting 1 sec.).

P14 Hold function (latch), relay 1.

LR: The hold function is not active, the relay reactivates on the hysteresis.

L R: Hold function active, pins 3-8 must be connected. If the relay releases, it will remain released, no matter how the load changes. In order to reactivate the relay, connection 3-8 or the supply voltage must be disconnected. (default setting L A -).

- P21 Relay function, relay 2, function as P11.
- P22 Hysteresis, relay 2, function as P12
- P23 Time delay, release, relay 2, function as P13
- P24 Hold function (latch), relay 2, function as P14

Setpoint adjustment.

Remember: The program lock must be ON and the supply voltage must be connected.

Press P for 1 sec., the adjusted setpoint for relay 1 is shown on the display, and at the same time, the OUT1 LED is flashing.

If you press P again, the setpoint for relay 2 is shown, and the OUT2 LED is flashing.

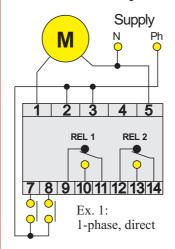
The adjusted setpoint is shanged by pressing , or simultaneously. (Please check the OUT LED for the wanted relay is flashing).

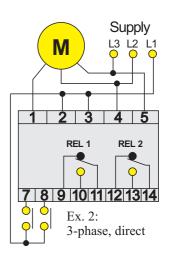
The unit return to operation mode and indicates the actual load, if none of the buttons has been activated for 5 seconds, and at the same time, the memory is updated automatically.

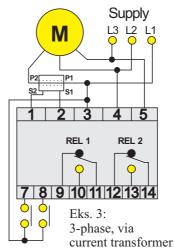
Note: If the setpoint is set at 00.0, the relay is always released.

After programming remember to set the programming lock OFF again.

Connection examples:







Ordering guide:

Supply	Type nr.
1 x 230/240 V	FPD93-1-230
3 x 230/240 V	FPD93-3-230
3 x 400/415 V	FPD93-3-400
3 x 440 V	FPD93-3-440

Mechanical dimensions: 90 x 70 x 57 mm for mounting on standard DIN-rail





Torque monitor MP92

Monitoring of engine torque for 3phase motors

Frequency range 10-400 Hz

Very suitable in connection with frequency converters

Analogue and relay output

Adjustable start-up time, reaction time and setpoint

Selectable current ranges: 1A, 2,5A, 5A and 10A

Produced in accordance with **(** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] torque monitor type MP92 is used for monitoring of the engine torque on 3-phase motors.

The unit is particularly suitable in connection with frequency converters, and it can be used on all converters using the PWM principle.

Contrary to motors connected directly to the mains frequency, it is not possible to monitor the mechanical load on a motor which is connected via a frequency converter, by means of a standard power monitoring unit, because both voltage, current, phase angle and frequency must be calculated, and MP92 is developed particularly for this purpose.

The torque monitoring principle indicates the correct mechanical load of the motor, independant of the rotation speed, thereby making it suitable in connection with machine monitoring and process control applications.

MP92 can be connected directly to motors with a nominal load current up to 10 A, corresponding to approx. 5 kW. In order to get the maximum metering accuracy you can select between 4 different current- and 2 voltage ranges by means of DIP-switches.

The unit is supplied with a 0-10 V output, indicating the actual torque in percentage of the metering range, and a 1-pole relay output, which switches if the adjusted setpoint is exceeded.

Technical data:

24 VAC/DC +/- 10% **Supply voltage:**

Power consumption: 3,5 VA

-20°C to +60°C **Operating temp.:**

Humidity: 0-90%, non-condensing

Ranges, current: 0-1A, 0-2,5A, 0-5A and 0-10A

> 0-250VAC and 0-500VAC voltage:

frequency: 10-400 Hz

Accuracy: <5% (absolute), <1% (repeating)

Adjustments:

Start-up delay: 0,2 - 20 seconds 0 - 20 seconds Reaction delay: 10 - 100% Setpoint:

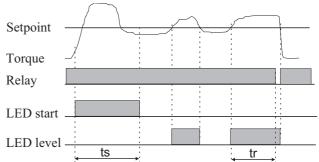
Indications:

Red LED, Load: Relay active Red LED. Level: Set limit exceeded Red LED, Start: Start-up delay active

Outputs:

Relay, setpoint: max. load 5A / 250V

Functional diagram:



Functional description:

When the supply voltage is connected, the relay is activated.

When the motor starts, and the torque exceeds 5% of the maximum torque, the start-up delay is activated, and in this period the relay will remain activated, no matter if the torque exceeds the adjusted setpoint.

At the end of the start-up time the LED "Level" will indicate a possible exceeding of the set-point, and if the reaction delay "tr" is exceeded, the relay releases.

Please note, that the relay activates again, when the load is below the set limit, which means you must use the relay output in connection with a latch circuit for the motor, if you want the unit to disconnect the motor in case of an overload.

<u>Selection of metering range:</u> The current range must be selected in such a way, that the normal operation current of the motor equals a metering signal of 50-80% (5-8 volt on the output), in this way you will get the best accuracy.

You can check the operation range by means of a voltmeter, or you can adjust on the level potentiometer to find the operation level. If you do not want the relay to switch during this test, you can set the reaction delay to max.



Selection of metering range:

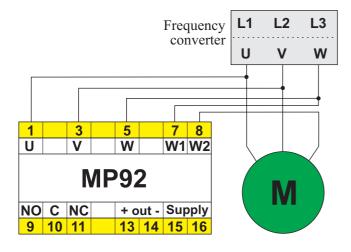
Behind the frontplate you will find a DIPswitch, which is used to select the current and voltage ranges, see table below:

Metering voltage max 250 V: DIP 1 ON Metering voltage max 500 V: DIP 1 OFF



	DIP-switch		
Current	4	3	2
0 - 1 A	ON	OFF	OFF
0 - 2,5 A	OFF	ON	OFF
0 - 5 A	OFF	OFF	ON
0 - 10 A	OFF	OFF	OFF

Connection diagram:



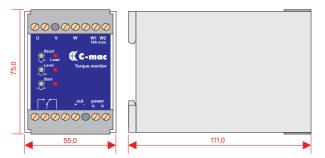
Supply voltage 24 VAC/DC is connected on pins 15-16. Output signal 0-10 VDC on pins 13-14.

Note: Supply voltage, analogue output and metering inputs are galvanically separated.

Ordering guide:

MP92-024

Mechanical dimensions:



MP92, in brief:

- Torque monitoring with large speed variations (10 400 Hz).
- Monitoring directly on the motor connections eliminates errors because of disturbances and losses before and in the frequency converter.
- Possibility for separate torque monitoring on individual motors, controlled by the same frequency converter.
- Simple to install, also in existing installations, without extra mechanical components. Can be installed directly in the switchboard.
- Galvanically separated 24 VAC/DC supply.
- Both analogue and relay output in the same unit.
- Max. 10 A metering current directly on the unit.
- Protection of all mechanical parts, like gears, couplings, chains, belts and the motor itself against overload.
- Most suitable for conveyors, pumps, stirrers, lifts, etc.





C-mac[®] Level relays RL10, RL11 and RL12

RL10: Universal relay for filling or emptying

RL11: Level relay for emptying

RL12: Level relay for filling

1 or 2 sensor levels

Adjustable sensitivity

1- or 2-pole relay output

DC supply (RL10 only) or AC supply up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] level relays, series RL, are made for monitoring and control of the level in conductive liquids. The level is monitored by 1 or 2 electrodes in the liquid.

RL10 is supplied with internal oscillator for the signal to the electrodes, which means the module can be used for both AC and DC supply, and furthermore it is possible to adjust the unit to a very high sensitivity, which means it can be used for very clean liquids, i.e. liquids with low conductivity.

RL11 and RL12 use the frequency of the supply voltage to generate the signal for the electrodes, therefore these units are only available for AC supply, and the sensitivity is not so high as the RL10.

RL11 and RL12 are available with either adjustable or fixed sensitivity.

Common technical data:

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 or 48-250 VDC (RL10 only) **Isolation voltage:** Supply - input - output: 3.75 kV **Supply voltage, DC:** 24 VDC +/- 10% (RL10 only) Note: With this DC-supply there

is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

12-50 VDC with internal DC/DC Optional: converter and galvanic isolation

between supply and internal circuits.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Sensor signal:

RL10: 8 VAC / 70 Hz, max 1 mA 8 VAC, max 1 mA RL11 and RL12:

Standard 2- or 3-wire cable Sensor cable:

max. 100 m.

Adjustments: Potentiometer, scale 1 to 10

(RL11F and RL12F: no adjustment)

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Sensitivity:

module type	function	potentio- meter	relay activates	relay releases
		min.	$> 18 \text{ k}\Omega$	$< 9 \text{ k}\Omega$
DI 10	filling	max.	$> 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	< 66 kΩ
RL10	emptying	min.	< 9 kΩ	$> 18 \text{ k}\Omega$
		max.	< 66 kΩ	$> 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
DI 11	emptying	min.	< 3,5 kΩ	$> 8 \text{ k}\Omega$
RL11		max.	< 25 kΩ	> 45 kΩ
RL11F	emptying	-	< 25 kΩ	$>$ 35 k Ω
DI 12	filling	min.	> 8 kΩ	$<$ 3,5 k Ω
RL12		max.	> 45 kΩ	< 25 kΩ
RL12F	filling	-	> 35 kΩ	$<$ 25 k Ω

RL10 is a universal relay, with a 3-bit dipswitch in the buttom of the relay, where you can select the function:

switch 1 ON switch 2 OFF switch 3 ON Emptying: switch 1 OFF switch 2 ON switch 3 OFF

1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC Max. load, relay:

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC and safety regulations.

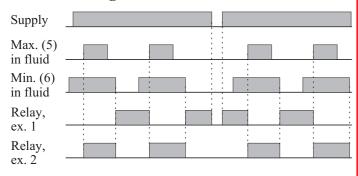
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** EN 60 730 Safety:

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

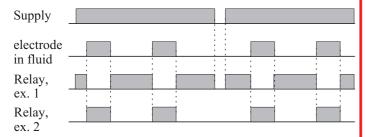
CE og low voltage regulations.



Functional diagram 1: 2 electrodes



Functional diagram 2: 1 electrode



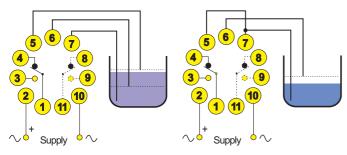
Example 1: Filling

RL12 or RL10, selector switch in

Example 2: Emptying

RL11 or RL10, selector switch out

Connections:



Example 1: 2 electrodes (max. and min. level)

Example 2: 1 electrode (ON/OFF control)

Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only

Ordering guide:

RL10-x-y-zzz

x = relay output

1 = 1-pole

2 = 2-pole

y-zzz = supply voltage:

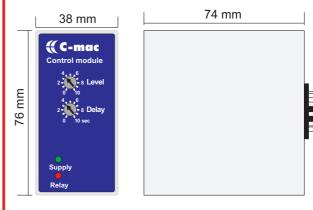
0-024: 24 VDC RL10 only 4-012: 12-50 VDC RL10 only

1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

Ordering example: RL10-2-1-230

The examples are shown for RL10, but the same principle is used for RL11(F) and RL12(F).

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 190 g





Temperature relay RM34

Temperature monitoring relay for Pt100 sensor

4 metering ranges in one module

Adjustments for setpoint and time delay

Selectable range, relay inversion and time delay

Cable resistance compensation

1- or 2-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(** and EMC regulations



C-mac® monitoring relay, type RM34, is used for temperature metering in conjunction with Pt100 temperature sensors according to DIN 43760. A 3-wire metering principle is used, which means that the module compensates for the external cable resistance. The cable monitoring circuit also ensures that the relay will release in case of short-circuit or cable breakage.

By means of a DIP-switch in the bottom of the unit you can select between 4 metering ranges and 4 different combinations of relay inversion and reactiondelay.

The 4 metering ranges are:

-50 - 50 °C

0 - 100 °C

50 - 150 °C

100 - 200 °C

With the relay inversion you can select, if the unit is used for heating or cooling.

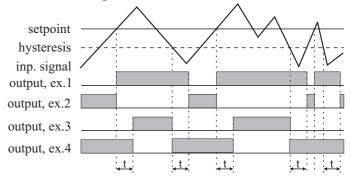
The time-delay is adjustable between 0 and 10 sec.

The module is available with either 1- or 2-pole relay output.

On the front of the unit you can adjust the setpoint and reaction-delay between 0 and 10 seconds.

The unit is supplied for 24, 115 or 230 VAC supply or 10-50 VDC sypply.

Functional diagram:



Function and range selection:

SW 1	SW 2	ex. no.	function	
OFF	OFF	1	Relay activates, when setpoint is exceeded, delay on release	
ON	OFF	2	Relay releases, when setpoint is exceeded, delay on activate	
OFF	ON	3	Delay on activate, when setpoint is exceeded	
ON	ON	4	Delay on release, when setpoint is exceeded	
SW 3	SW 4	Metering range		
OFF	OFF	-50 - +50 °C		
ON	OFF	0 - 100 °C		
OFF	ON	50 - 150 °C		
ON	ON	100 - 200 °C		



Common technical data:

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Supply, DC:** 12-50 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply-input-output: 3.75 kV

Power consumption: 3 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Temp. coefficient: $< 0.01\% / ^{\circ}C$

Indications:

Green LED, active: Supply ON and input OK

flashing: Supply ON and input signal

outside the metering range or

cable fault

Red LED: Relay active

Selection of function:

S1-S2: relay inversion and reaction delay,

see table and functional diagram

S3-S4: Selection of metering range,

see table

Adjustments:

Potentiometer 1: setpoint, 0-100% of the range reaction delay, 0-10 seconds

Hysteresis: 1.5 °C **Sensor connections:** Pin 5-6-7,

pin 5: Cable compensation

pin 6-7: Pt100 sensor

Max. load, relay:

1-pole: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load 2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

CE og low voltage regulations.

Ordering guide, RM34:

 supply
 type number

 12-50 VDC
 RM34-x-4-012

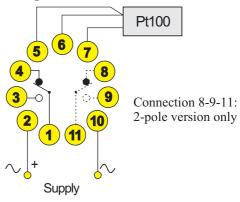
 24 VAC
 RM34-x-1-024

 115 VAC
 RM34-x-1-115

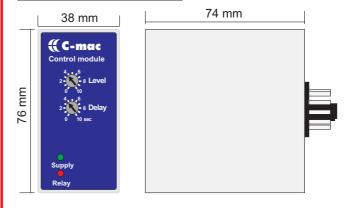
 230 VAC
 RM34-x-1-230

x= relay output: 1 = 1-pole 2 = 2-pole

Connection diagram:



Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 190 g





Tachometer relay RR10

3 metering ranges, from 10 rpm. to 20.000 rpm.

Adjustable start-up delay, from 0 to 10 seconds.

Universal pulse inputs for contact, NPN/PNP sensor, Namur sensor, etc.

Selectable latch function.

1-pole relay output.

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(\infty** and EMC regulations



The C-mac® tachometer relay type RR10 can be used for many different kinds of speed monitoring. The relay is available in 3 different metering ranges, calibrated in rpm (revolutions per minute).

The relay is supplied with universal pulse inputs, which enables you to use many different types of sensors. In addition, the relay can also deliver the supply voltage to the sensor.

You can select, if you want the output relay to release at too high or too low speed.

You can also select a latch function, which means the relay will stay deactivated, if the set limit has once been exceeded. The latch is cancelled by disconnection of the latch input or the supply voltage.

When the function, where the relay is released at too low speed, is selected, the adjustable time-delay can be used to ensure that the unit, which is monitored, can reach its correct speed, before the module starts monitoring.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC supply there is no galvanic isolation between the supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operating temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Sensor voltage:

NAMUR sensor: 8,2 VDC, max. 10 mA NPN / PNP sensor: 24 VDC, max. 10 mA Contact input: 10 VDC, 2 mA

Reaction delay: The reaction delay depends on the

set value, as the module measures the time between two pulses.

Example: At 100 rpm: reaction delay 0,6 sek. At 10000 rpm: reaction delay 6 msek.

Minimum pulse time: minimum pulse- and pause time

is 0,3 msek.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay aktiv

Adjustments:

Start-up delay: Potentiometer, scale 0-10 sec.
Setpoint: Potentiometer, scale 1-20 rpm.

Note: The start-up delay is only active

when the unit is used for underspeed

detection.

(pin 7-11 connected) **Hysteresis.:** 3 % of the set level **Temp.coefficient:** typ. 0,1% per °C

Max. load, relay: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

Selection of function: Pin 11

If the terminal is open, the relay releases, when the speed exceeds

the set limit.

If terminal 11 and 7 are connected the relay releases, when the speed

is lower than the set limit.

Latch function: Pin 9.

If terminal 9 and 7 are connected, and the relay releases, it will stay released, until 9-7 are disconnected or the supply voltage is interrupted.

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

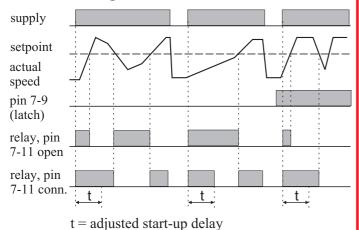
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Metering ranges: 10 - 200 rpm.

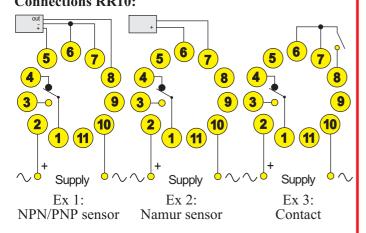
100 - 2000 rpm. 1000 - 20000 rpm



Functional diagram:



Connections RR10:



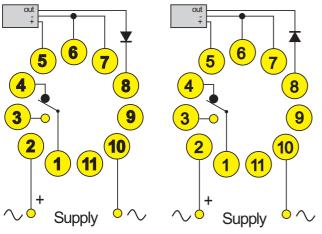
Note:

You can only use NPN/PNP sensors with true open collector outputs.

If the sensor has an internal resistance to

If the sensor has an internal resistance to plus or minus, the module must be ordered for the actual sensor (NPN or PNP). Alternatively you can insert a diode (e.g. 1N4007) in series with the sensor output, as shown in the examples below.

Connection PNP sensor: Connection NPN sensor:



Ordering guide:

RR10-1-x-yyy-zzz

x-yyy = supply voltage:

0-024: 24 VDC 4-012: 12-50 VDC

4-048: 48-250 VDC

1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

zzz = range 200 = 10 - 200 rpm

2k = 100 - 2000 rpm20k = 1000 - 20000 rpm

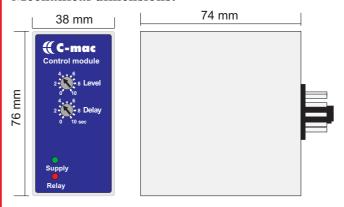
Ordering example: RR10-1-1-024-2k

If you want the module specifically for NPN or

PNP sensor, it is added to the number,

e.g.: RR10-1-1-024-2k-NPN

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 210 g





C-mac[®] Pulse divider/preselection relay RD53

Preselection relay / pulse divider

Digital adjustment between 2 and 999

Pulse inputs for contact, NAMUR or NPN transistor.

Transistor output for connection to "slave module"

1-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(** and EMC regulations



C-mac® module type RD53 is a digital pulse counter module, selectable as pulse divider or preselection relay. The pulse inputs can be activated from a mechanical contact, a transistor or a NAMUR sensor, and the reset input can be activated from a mechanical contact or a transistor. The unit is supplied with a "slave" transistor output, in this way several units can be connected to the same pulse

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency:

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC supply there is no galvanic isolation between the supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operating temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

pins 5-6-7 **Counter inputs:**

NAMUR input: pins 6-7, pin 6 positive, pin 5 and 7

connected together.

pins 5 and 7, pin 5 positive. Contact/transistor: pins 7-8, pin 8 positive. Reset input: pins 7-11, pin 11 positive. **Counter output:**

If the same sensor is used for several units, pin 7 on all units are connected together, pin 11 on the first unit is connected to pin 5 on the next, etc.

Minimum pulse time: minimum pulse- and pause time

is 15 msec.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Adjustments: 3-digit digital switch

Selection of function: pins 7-9.

pins 7-9 open: Preselection relay pins 7-9 connected: Pulse dividing relay. Max. load, relay: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

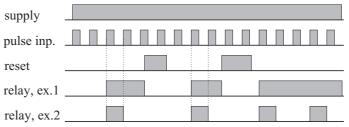
EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 **Immunity:** EN 50 082 - 2 EN 60 730 Safety:

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

CE og low voltage regulations.

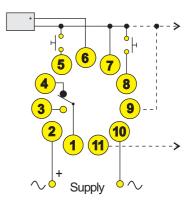
Functional diagram: (selector switch set on 3)



Ex.1: Preselection relay, pins 7-9 open

Ex.2: Pulse dividing relay, pins 7-9 connected

Connections:



Ordering guide:

RD53-1-x-yyy

x-yyy = supply voltage:

0-024: **24 VDC** 4-012: 12-50 VDC 48-250 VDC 4-048: 1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

Ordering example: RD53-1-1-024





Amplifying relay RD20

Amplifying relay for external sensor

Applicable for NPN, PNP and NAMUR sensors

Selectable activation or release of relay

1-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] module type RD20 is a universal amplifying module, to be used together with inductive, capacitive or optical sensors.

The module has inputs fo NPN, PNP and NAMUR sensors, and delivers the necessary power for these sensors.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC supply there is no galvanic isolation between the supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operating temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Sensor connections:

Common minus: pin 7

24 VDC outputg: pin 5, max. load current 20 mA

NAMUR input: pin 6 NPN input: pin 8 PNP input: pin 9

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay acttivated

Relay inversion: Pin 7-11.

Max. load, relay: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

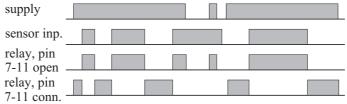
EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

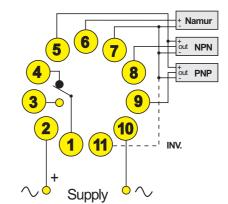
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE

og low voltage regulations.

Functional diagram:



Connections:



Ordering guide:

RD20-1-x-yyy

x-yyy = supply voltage:

0-024: 24 VDC 4-012: 12-50 VDC 4-048: 48-250 VDC 1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

Ordering example: RD20-1-1-024

Materials and weight RD20 and RD53:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 180 g

Mechanical dimensions: see page 8-4





C-mac[®] Logic relays RD11 and RD15-RD18

RD11: Flip-flop relay with phase-neutral or ph-ph supply.

RD15 and RD16: Flip-flop relay without or with memory.

RD17 and RD18: Bistable relay without or with memory.

Inputs:

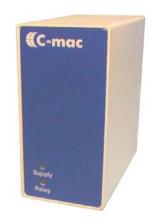
RD11: contact input

RD15-18: contact, NPN or PNP input

1- or 2-pole relay output.

DC supply or AC supplies up to 415 VAC (RD11)

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] logic relays, series RD, are available with 2 functions:

The flip-flop relays have 1 control input, and the relay changes its position, when the input is activated.

The bistable relays have 2 control inputs. The relay activates, when the "set" input is activated, and releases, when the "reset" input activates.

If the relay has a memory function, it remains in the same position, if the supply voltage is disconnected.

Common technical data:

Supply, RD11: 24 VAC/DC

24 VAC,

127 or 230 VAC

230 or 400 VAC +/- 10%

Supply, RD15-18: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

40-70 Hz **Supply frequency:**

12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC Variable supply:

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

> Note: With this DC supply there is no galvanic isolation between the supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

-20°C to +60°C **Operating temp.:**

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay acttivated

EMC og safety regulations.

EN 50 081 - 1 **Emmision:** EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** EN 60 730 Safety:

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Control inputs.

RD11: pin 5-10

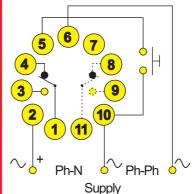
Note: The control input is connected to

phase.

RD15-16: pin 5-7 **RD17-18:** pin 5-6-7

pin 5-7: set, ben 6-7: reset

Connections RD11:

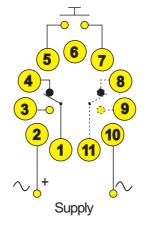


Note:

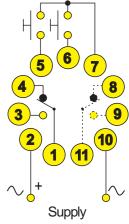
pin 8-9-11, 2 pole version only.

At 24 V versions, pin 6 is not connected.

Connections RD15-16:



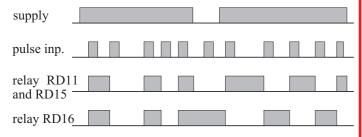
RD17-18:



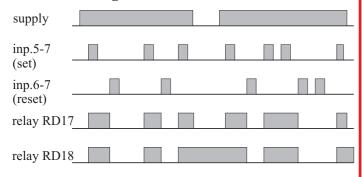
If you use transistor activation instead of contact, the emitter must be connected to pin 7.



Functional diagram RD11 and RD15-16:



Functional diagram RD17-18:



Ordering guide RD11:

RD11-x-y-zzz

x = relay output:

1 = 1-pole

2 = 2-pole

y-zzz = supply voltage:

2-024: 24 VAC/DC

1-024: 24 VAC

1-127: 127 or 230/240 VAC 1-230: 230 or 380/415 VAC

Ordering example: RD11-1-1-230

Ordering guide RD15-RD18:

NOTE:

RD15 and RD17: without memory. RD16 and RD18: with memory.

RD15-wx-y-zzz

w = relay output:

1 = 1-pole

2 = 2-pole (not RD16 and RD18)

x = transistor logic:

1 = NPN

2 = PNP

y-zzz = supply voltage:

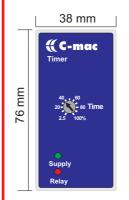
0-024: 24 VDC 4-012: 12-50 VDC

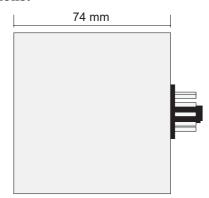
4-048: 48-250 VDC

1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

Ordering example: RD15-12-1-230

Mechanical dimensions:





Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 150 g





Digital limit switch RM15

Digital limit switch for current or voltage signals

Setpoint adjustment by built-in digital switches:

RM15.2: 2-digit, resolution 1% RM15.3: 3-digit, resolution 0.5% Selectable activation or release of relay

1-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **C€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] module type RM15 is used in connection with standard current- or voltage signals, where a relay output is wanted, if a preset limit is exceeded.

The module is available with either 2- or 3-digit digital setpoint adjustment.

By means of a push-button on the back of the module you select either activation or release of the relay, when the setpoint is exceeded.

Common technical data:

Supply voltage, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Variable supply: 12-50 VDC or 48-250 VDC

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VDC +/- 10%

Note: With this DC supply there is no galvanic isolation between the supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operating temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Resolution, setpoint adjustment:

2 digit, RM15.2: 1% (00 to 99) 3 digit, RM15.3: 0.5% (000 to 200).

Accuracy, setpoint: 0.2%.

Hysteresis: 1% of metering range, factory set.

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected Red LED: Relay active

Red LED: Relay active

Temp. coefficient: Typ. 0.03% /°C

Metering range
0-20 mA
4-20 mA
50 Ohms
0-10 V
100 kOhms

Selection of relay function:

Pushbutton on back of the module.

OFF: Relay is activated, when setpoint is exceeded. ON: Relay releases, when setpont is exceeded.

Max. load, relay: 8 A - 250 VAC, ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

 Emmision:
 EN 50 081 - 1

 Immunity:
 EN 50 082 - 2

 Safety:
 EN 60 730

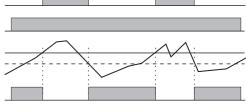
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

CE og low voltage regulations.

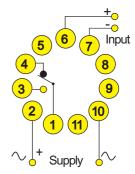
Functional diagram:

Supply
Hysteresis
Setpoint
Input
Relay,
PB OFF

Supply Setpoint Hysteresis Input Relay, PB ON



Connections:



Ordering guide:

RM15.2-1-x-yyy-z or RM15.3-1-x-yyy-z

x-yyy = supply voltage: z = metering range

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{0-024:} & 24 \text{ VDC} & 1 = 0\text{-}20 \text{ mA} \\ \text{4-012:} & 12\text{-}50 \text{ VDC} & 2 = 4\text{-}20 \text{ mA} \\ \text{4-048:} & 48\text{-}250 \text{ VDC} & 3 = 0\text{-}10 \text{ V} \end{array}$

1-024: 24 VAC 1-115: 115 VAC 1-230: 230 VAC

Ordering example: RM15.3-1-1-230-2





Automatic timers RT1X

Electronic timers RT10, RT12, RT14, RT15 and RT16

Timing function controlled by the supply connection

RT10: Delay on operate RT12: Interval timer

RT14: Symmetrical recycler RT15: One-shot timer

RT16: Delay on release 1- or 2-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **()** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] timers type RT10, RT12, RT14, RT15 and RT16 covers all the basic timing function, used in a countless number of applications.

All units have automatic function, which means the time function starts, when the supply voltage is connected and/or disconnected.

Common technical data:

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Isolation voltage: supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VAC/DC +/- 10%

Note: With this type of supply, there is no galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2,5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected Red LED: Relay active (not on RT16).

Time adjustment: 2,5 - 100 % of the range

Internal or eksternal 0-1 $M\Omega$ potentiometer, dependent on type. (RT15: fixed time, no adjustment)

Accuracy, scale: 5 %. Repeatability: 0,1 %

Reset of time Supply voltage interruption for more than 0,2 sec.

RT16: Supply voltage connection for more than 0,2 sec.

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

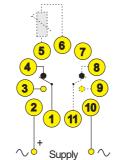
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

All units are supplied with either 1- or 2-pole relay output, or with 2 separate relays, (relay 1, pins 1-3-4, has the normal time function, and relay 2, pins 8-9-11, indicates that the supply voltage is applied).

Specifications RT10, RT12 and RT16.

Connections:



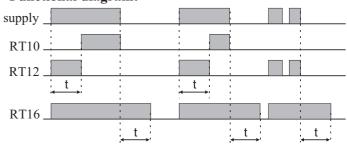
Note:

Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only

Connections 5-6: Only versions with eksternal potentiometer

(not RT16)

Functional diagram:



Time ranges: 0,08 - 3 sec 0,4 - 15 sec

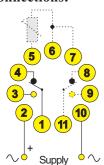
0,4 - 15 sec 1,5 - 60 sec

0,1 - 3 min (RT16 only) 0,25 - 10 min (not RT16) 1,5 - 60 min (not RT16) 0,25 - 10 hours (not RT16)



Specifications RT14.

Connections:



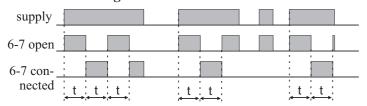
Note:

Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only

Connections 5-6: Only versions with eksternal potentiometer

Connections 6-7: Start position, see diagram

Functional diagram:



Time ranges: 0,08 - 3 sec

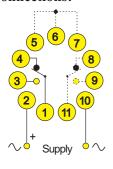
0,4 - 15 sec

1,5 - 60 sec 0,25 - 10 min 1,5 - 60 min

0,25 - 10 hours

Specifications RT15.

Connections:

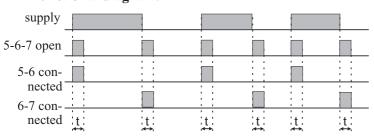


Note:

Connections 8-9-11: 2-pole version only

Connections 5-6-7: pulse funktion, see diagram

Functional diagram:



Pulse length (t): 0,5 sec. +/- 20%

Ordering guide:

 Supply
 Type number

 24 VAC/DC
 RT1X-y-2-024-zzz

 24 VAC
 RT1X-y-1-024-zzz

 115 VAC
 RT1X-y-1-115-zzz

 230 VAC
 RT1X-y-1-230-zzz

X = Timer type

RT10: delay on operate RT12: interval timer

RT14: symmetrical recycler

RT15: one-shot

RT16: delay on release

y = output relay

1: 1-pole

2: 2-pole

4: 2 separate relays

zzz = time range

see table for each type

Ordering example:

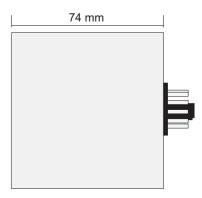
RT12-2-1-230-10M

For versions with external potentiometer an E is added to the type number (RT10, RT12 and RT14 only)

ex: RT10E-2-1-230-60S

Mechanical dimensions:





Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 140 g





C-mac[®] Externally controlled timers RT1X.X

Delay on operate timers type RT10.6, RT10.7 and RT10.8 Interval timers type RT12.6, RT12.7 and RT12.8.

Timing function controlled by external commands.

Time ranges from 0,08 seconds to 10 hours.

1- or 2-pole relay output.

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC.

Made in accordance with the **(** and EMC regulations



C-mac® externally controlled timers type RT10.6, RT10.7, RT10.8, AT12.6, RT12.7 and RT12.8 are used in a large amount of applications, where you need a more advanced control of the time functions.

Common technical data:

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Isolation voltage: supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

24 VAC/DC +/- 10% **Supply, DC:**

Note: With this type of supply, there is no galvanic isolation between supply and internal electronics.

2,5 VA **Power consumption:**

Operation temp.: -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Time adjustment: 2,5 - 100 % of the range

> Internal or eksternal 0-1 M Ω potentiometer, dependent on type.

(External time adjustment: 1-pole

versions only)

5 %. Accuracy, scale: Repeatability: 0,1 % Reset of time and/or relay:

> a: supply Supply voltage interruption

for more than 0,2 sec.

Contact activation for b: contact

more than 10 msec.

1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC Max. load, relay:

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** EN 60 730 Safety:

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

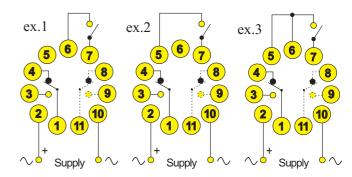
All units are supplied with either 1- or 2-pole relay output, except versions with external time adjustment.

Time ranges, all versions:

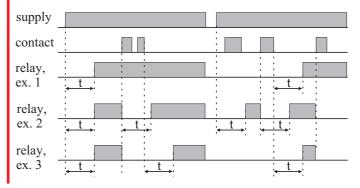
 $0.08 - 3 \sec$ 0,4 - 15 sec 1,5 - 60 sec 0,25 - 10 min 1,5 - 60 min 0,25 - 10 hours

Specifications RT10.6.

Connections:



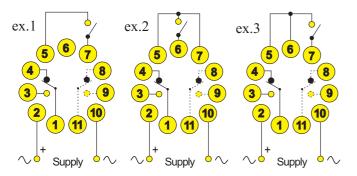
Functional diagram:



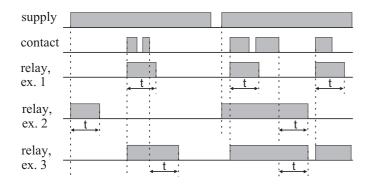


Specificationer RT12.6.

Connections:

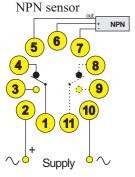


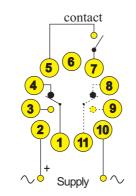
Functional diagram:



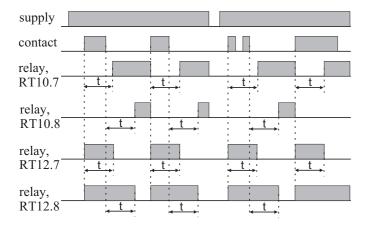
Specifications RT10.7, RT10.8, RT12.7 and RT12.8.

Connections:





Functional diagram:



Time adjustment with external potentiometer:

Potentiometer 0-1 MOhm, connected between pins 8 and 9.

Note: These versions are only supplied with 1-pole relay output. (add E in the type number)

Ordering guide:

Supply Type number

24 VAC/DC RT1X.X-y-2-024-zzz 24 VAC RT1X.X-y-1-024-zzz 115 VAC RT1X.X-y-1-115-zzz 230 VAC RT1X.X-y-1-230-zzz

X.X = Timer type

RT10.6: delay on operate, 3 different selections for reset of time and/or relay.

RT10.7: delay on operate, reset of time and relay with NPN-sensor or contact.

RT10.8: delay on operate, reset of time and relay with NPN-sensor or contact.

RT12.6: interval timer, 3 different selections for reset of time and/or relay.

RT12.7: interval timer, reset of time and relay with NPN-sensor or contact.

RT12.8: interval timer, reset of time and relay with NPN-sensor or contact.

y = output relay

1: 1-pole

2: 2-pole

zzz = time range

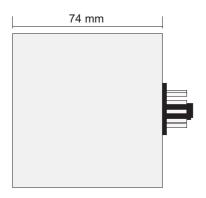
see table for each type

Ordering guide:

RT10.6-2-1-230-10M

Mechanical dimensions:





Materials and weight:

Housing: NORYL-SE-1, grey, self-extinguishing

Housing bottom: NORYL SE-1, GFN-2, black,

self-extinguishing

Terminals: Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 140 g





Star/delta relay type RT18

Timing relay for star-delta switches

Automatic start

4 time ranges from 0,4 sec. to 10 min.

Time adjustment on built-in potentiometer

1-pole relay output with neutral centre position

100 msec. fixed neutral time

Phase-neutral or phase-phase supply voltage

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



C-mac[®] time relay type RT18 is particularly made for the control of star-delta contactors.

When the supply voltage is connected, the relay activates in position 1-4, and the time period starts.

At the end of the set delay, the relay switches to neutral centre position for approx. 100 msec. Then it switches to position 1-3 and stays in this position, until the supply voltage is interrupted.

Technical data:

Supply voltage 24 VAC/DC

127 VAC / 220 VAC 230 VAC / 400 VAC 240 VAC / 415 VAC

Power consumption: max. 2 W **Operation temp.:** -20°C til +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Relay, position 1-4
Red LED: Relay, position 1-3

Time adjustment: 2,5 - 100 % of the range

Accuracy, scale: 5 %. Repeatability: 0,1 %

Reset of time and/or relay: Supply voltage interruption for more than 0,2 sec.

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC 2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

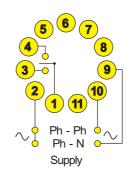
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Time ranges:

0,4 - 15 sec 0,8 - 30 sec 1,5 - 60 sec 0,25 - 10 min

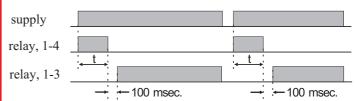
Connections:



Note:

At 24 V AC/DC supply, pin 9 is not connected. (pin 2 is +)

Functional diagram:



Ordering guide:

Supply Type number
24 VAC/DC RT18-2-2-024-xxx
127 / 220 VAC RT18-2-1-127/220-xxx
230 / 400 VAC RT18-2-1-230/400-xxx
240 / 415 VAC RT18-2-1-240/415-xxx

xxx = time ranges

see table on previous page

Ordering example:

RT18-2-1-230/400-60S

Mechanical dimensions.: see pagee 9-2





Multifunction timers RT20/RT31

RT20: 4 functions in the same unit:

Delay on release, delay on operate, interval timer and symmetrical recycler.

RT31: Asymmetrical recycler, 4 different functions.

16 time ranges/combinations in the same unit.

1- or 2-pole relay output.

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(** and EMC regulations



Technical data, RT20:

By means of a rotary switch on top of the module, the timer can be programmed to 4 different functions and 4 time ranges. The unit is available with 3 different supply voltages and 3 time combinations, see specifications and table.

Supply voltage: 24 V AC/DC,

115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Power consumption: Max. 2 W **Operation temp.:** -20°C to +60°C

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Time adjustment: 2,5 - 100 % of the range

Accuracy, scale: 5 %. Repeatability: 0,1 %

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

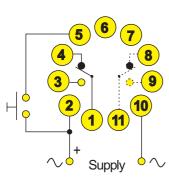
ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Connections:



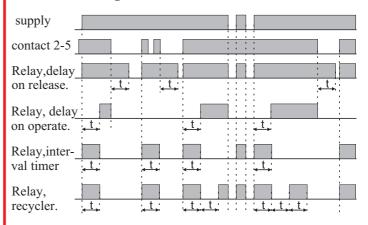
Note:

Delay on release function must be controlled by the contact input, with supply voltage permanently connected.

The other functions can be controlled by the supply voltage alone (pins 2 and 5 connected), or combined with the contact input.

	Time ranges and selection of function				
switch	function	Time ranges, type variant			
		M1	M2	M3	
0		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.	
1	Delay on	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.		
2	release	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.		
3	reiease	2- 60 5.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.	
		16- 640 s.	1,0- 04 111.	10- 040 III.	
4		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.	
5	Delay on	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.	0,25- 10 m.	
6	operate	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.	
7	-	16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.	
8		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.	
9	Interval	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.	0,25- 10 m.	
A	timer	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.	
В		16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.	
С	Crimmo	0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.	
D	Symme-	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.	0,25- 10 m.	
E	trical	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.	
F	recycler	16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.	

Functional diagram:





Technical data, RT31:

By means of a rotary switch on top of the module, the timer can be programmed to 16 different time combinations.

The unit is available with 3 different supply voltages and 3 time combinations, see specifications and table.

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz **Universal supply:** 12-50 VAC/DC

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VAC/DC +/- 10%

With DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2.5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Time adjustment: 2 potentiometers, scale 2,5 - 100 %

of the range, for separate adjustments

of pause- and pulse time.

Accuracy, scale: 5 %. Repeatability: 0,1 %

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC

2-pole: 5 A - 250 VAC,

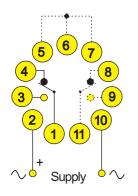
ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Connections:



Time adjustment with external potentiometers:

ON request, the RT31 is available for 2 external potentiometers (0-1 M). The type number is RT31E. This variant is only available with 1-pole relay output.

Selection of function:

On pins 5, 6 and 7, the recycler is programmable for 4 different functions:

ex. 1: Asymmetrical recycler, start with pause: no connections.

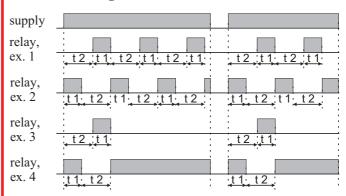
ex. 2: Asymmetrical recycler, start with pulse time: connect pins 6 and 7.

ex. 3: Delayed interval timer: connect pins 5 and 7.

ex. 4: Interval timer + delay on operate: connect pins 5, 6 and 7.

Time combinations						
		1 (seconds) minutes)	Variant M2			
switch	Pause time	Pulse time Pause time		Pulse time		
A 9 8 B	0,06- 2,5	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	0,4- 15 s.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
6 5 4 7	0,25- 10	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	1,5- 60 s.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
2 1 0 3	2- 80	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	0,2- 8 m.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
E D C F	16- 640	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	1,6- 64 m.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		

Functional diagram:



t = pulse time t = pause time

Ordering guide:

Supply Type number

12-50 VDC RT31-x-4-012-yy (RT31 only)

24 VAC/DC RT31-x-2-024-yy 24 VAC RT31-x-1-024-yy 115 VAC RT31-x-1-115-yy 230 VAC RT31-x-1-230-yy

x =output relay 1: 1-pole

2: 2-pole

yy = time range M1: 0.06 - 640 sec.

M2: 0,4 sek. - 64 min.

M3: 0,06 - 640 min.

Note: The type number is shown for RT31, but the same principle is used for RT20.

Ordering example:

RT20-2-1-230-M2

Mechanical dimensions etc.: see page 9-2





Multi range timers RT40/RT41

RT40: Universal pulse continuity module Automatic start or start at first pulse

With or without latch function

RT41: Delay-ON / delay OFF function in one module

16 time ranges/combinations in one unit

Inputs for many sensor types

1-pole relay output

DC supply or AC supplies up to 230 VAC

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



Technical data, RT40:

The unit is used for speed monitoring, where the output relay is activated, if the unit receives input pulses with an interval, which is shorter than the selected time.

By means of a rotary switch on top of the module you can select between 3 different functions and 4 time ranges. The module is available in 3 supply voltage and 3 time range variants, see specifications and table.

24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10% **Supply, AC:**

40-70 Hz **Supply frequency:**

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

24 VAC/DC +/- 10% Supply, DC:

With DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2.5 VA

-20°C to +60°C **Operation temp.:**

0 - 90% RH, non-condensing **Humidity:**

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Sensor inputs:

8,2 V / max. 10 mA Namur sensor: NPN / PNP sensor: 24 V / max. 10 mA 10 V / 2 mA Contact input:

Time adjustment: Potentiometer, scale 2,5 - 100 %

of the selected range

Accuracy, scale: 5 %. 0.1 % Repeatability:

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC

ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

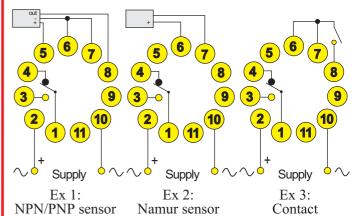
EN 50 081 - 1 **Emmision:** EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE

og low voltage regulations.

7	Time ranges and selection of function, RT40					
switch	function	Time ranges, type variant				
		M1	M2	M3		
D		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.		
E	Automatic	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.	0,25- 10 m.		
C	start	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.		
F		16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.		
9		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.		
A	Start	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.			
8	first pulse	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.		
В	•	16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.		
5		0,06- 2,5 s.	0,4- 15 s.	0,06- 2,5 m.		
6	Automatic	0,25- 10 s.	1,5- 60 s.			
4	start +	2- 80 s.	0,2- 8 m.	2- 80 m.		
7	latch	16- 640 s.	1,6- 64 m.	16- 640 m.		

Connections RT40:

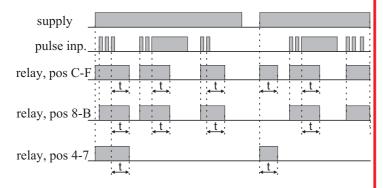


You can only use NPN/PNP sensors with true open collector output.

If the sensor has an internal pull-up or pulldown resistor, you must order the module for the actual sensor type (NPN or PNP). Alternatively you can insert a diode in series with the sensor output (see RR10, page 8-4)



Functional diagram RT40:



Technical data, RT41:

By means of a 16-position rotary switch on top of the module, the delay-ON and delay-OFF ranges can be independently selected.

The module is available in 3 supply voltage and 3 time range variants, see specifications and table.

Supply, AC: 24, 115 and 230 VAC +/- 10%

Supply frequency: 40-70 Hz

Isolation voltage: Supply - internal - output: 3.75 kV

Supply, DC: 24 VAC/DC +/- 10%

With DC-supply there is no isolation between supply and

internal electronics.

Power consumption: 2.5 VA

Operation temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 0 - 90% RH, non-condensing

Indications:

Green LED: Supply voltage connected

Red LED: Relay active

Voltage output: pin 5, 24 VDC, max. 20 mA

Time adjustment: 2 potentiometers, scale 2,5 - 100 %

of the range, for separate adjustments

of delay-ON and delay-OFF.

Accuracy, scale: 5 %.

Repeatability: 0,1 %

Max. load, relay: 1-pole 8 A - 250 VAC,

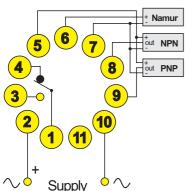
ohmic load

EMC og safety regulations.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

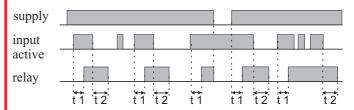
Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Connections:



	Time combinations, RT41					
. 4.1		variant M1 (seconds) or M3 (minutes)		int M2		
switch	Delay on release	Delay on operate	Delay on release	Delay on operate		
A 9 8 B	0,06- 2,5	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	0,4- 15 s.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
6 5 4 7	0,25- 10	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	1,5- 60 s.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
2 1 0 3	2- 80	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	0,2- 8 m.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		
E D C F	16- 640	0,06- 2,5 0,25- 10 2- 80 16- 640	1,6- 64 m.	0,4- 15 s. 1,5- 60 s. 0,2- 8 m. 1,6- 64 m.		

Functional diagram RT41:



Ordering guide:

Supply	Type number
24 VAC/DC	RT41-1-2-024-yy
24 VAC	RT41-1-1-024-yy
115 VAC	RT41-1-115-yy
230 VAC	RT41-1-1-230-yy

yy = time range M1: 0.06 - 640 sec.

M2: 0,4 sek. - 64 min.

M3: 0,06 - 640 min.

Note: The type munber is shown for RT41, but the same principle is used for RT40.

Ordering example:

RT40-1-1-230-M2

Mechanical dimensions, etc.: see page 9-2





Temperature sensors

Pt100 sensors according to DIN IEC751

TC sensor type J (Fe-CuNi)

TC sensor type K (NiCr-Ni)

With cable or B-head

Special sensors on request



	Type no.	Sensor type	Temp. range	Housing/ dimensions	Cable	Description		
	Temperature sensor for wall mounting							
	Y017-A1	Pt100	-20 - +60°C	Polycarbonate 63x58x35 mm		In-door (up to 6 sensors)		
	Y017-U1	Pt100	-40 - +60°C	Polycarbonate 63x58x35 mm		Out-door		
			Temperature s	sensor with cable	;			
	PT101	Pt100	-50 - +170°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 60 mm	2 m silicone			
	PT102	Pt100	-50 - 300°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 60 mm	2 m fibre glass			
	PT111	Pt100	-50 - +170°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 60 mm	2 m silicone	With holes for air temperature		
	SR-150-L	Pt100	-100 - +300°C	Stainless steel Ø3 x 60 mm Handle: teflon Ø10 x 100 mm	1,5 m teflon PTFE	Suitable for food processing		
		Tempera	ture sensor with	cable and protec	ctive spring			
,	PT201	Pt100	-50 - +350°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 100 mm	3 m			
	J201	Thermo couple type J (Fe-CuNi)	-40 - +333°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 100 mm	3 m			
	K201	Thermo couple type K (NiCr-Ni)	-40 - +333°C	Stainless steel Ø6 x 100 mm	3 m			

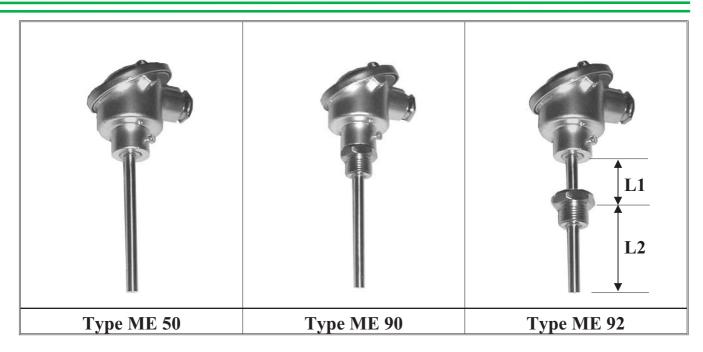
Special sensors are produced on request.

The standard Pt100 sensor element is DIN kl. B thin film





Pt100 temp. sensors w/ B-head



Sensor element: Pt 100 1 DIN, kl. B Connection head: Form B DIN 43729

Ceramic base: Steatit 220 Temperature range: -50 - +400°C

Ordering guide: MEaa-b-c

aa = typeb = elementc = lengthME501 = 1 x Pt1001 = 100 mmME902 = 2 x Pt1002 = 150 mmME923 = 200 mm4 = 300 mm

x = special

Ex: ME90-1-3

Note 1: when ordering ME92 the two lengths L1 and L2 must be specified.

Note 2: The above sensors are also available with thermocouple sensors type J or K.





Humidity sensor HS14

Monitoring of relative humidity

In- or external sensor

Output signal selectable with jumpers

18-30 VDC supply

Internal Pt100 sensor possible

Made in accordance with the **C** € and EMC regulations



The C-mac[®] humidity sensor HS14 is monitoring the relative humidity in air. You can select between 3 different output ranges.

The unit is also available with an immersion tube, which is useful, if f.inst. you want to monitor the humidity in ventilation channels.

The unit is also available with an internal Pt100 sensor, for connection to temperature converter or relay.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: 18-30 VDC

Metering range: 10 - 90% RH

Output ranges: (0 - 100 % RH)

0-20 mA, 0-5 V or 0-10 V

Power consumption: 0,5 W - 0,9 W

depending on the input signal

Operating temp.: $-20^{\circ}\text{C to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$

Accuracy: (5 - 95% RH) +/- 2%

Linearity: +/- 2% EMC og safety regulations.

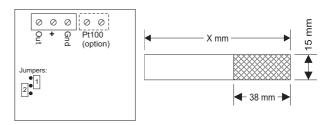
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.



HSR 14 sensor

Connections and jumpers:



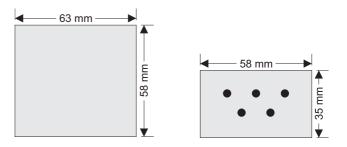
Output signal:Jumpers:0-20 mANo jumpers0-5 VJumper in pos. 10-10 VJumper in pos. 2

Ordering guide:

Without immersion tube
With immersion tube 96 mm
With immersion tube 250 mm
With Pt100 sensor

Type nr.
HS14-1
HSR14-1
HSR14-1-250
HST14- or HSTR14-

Mechanical dimensions:



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate, grey **Terminals:** Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 80 g





C-mac Humidity/temperature sensor HS16

2-wire monitoring of relative humidity and temperature

In- or external sensors

- 2 separate loop-powered circuits
- 4-20 mA current consumption proportional to humidity and temperature

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



The C-mac® combined humidity and temperature sensor HS16 consists of 2 independant loop-powered circuits for monitoring of relative humidity and temperature, respectively. HS16 is available in 2 versions either with internal sensors or with an immersion tube, which is useful, if f.inst. you want to monitor the humidity and temperature in ventilation channels.

Technical data:

Supply: 4-20 mA current loop

< 7 V Voltage drop:

7-30 VDC (available in loop) **Supply voltage:**

Metering ranges:

Humidity 4-20 mA = 0-100% RH**Temperature:** $4-20 \text{ mA} = 0-50^{\circ}\text{C}$

-20°C to +50°C **Operating temp.:**

Accuracy

Humidity: (10 - 90% RH) +/- 2%

+/- 1.5°C **Temperature:** +/-0.5%**Linearity:**

EMC og safety regulations.

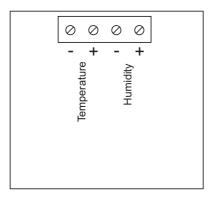
Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 EN 50 082 - 2 **Immunity:** EN 60 730 Safety:

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.



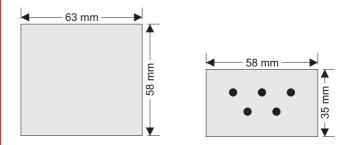
HSR 16 sensor

Connections:



Ordering guide:

Type nr. HS16 With internal sensors With immersion tube 96 mm HSR16 With immersion tube 250 mm HSR16-250



Materials and weight:

Housing: Polycarbonate, grey **Terminals:** Nickel-plated brass

Weight: 200 g





AC current switches/sensors

Current transformers with built-in control electronics

Selectable metering ranges

Current switches with AC/DC output, max 500 mA, or AC output, max 1 A.

Current sensors with 4-20 mA output

Made in accordance with the (and EMC regulations



Description:

The C-mac current switches / current sensors are combined current transformers and control electronics with analogue or switch output.

In a lot of applications this combination eliminates the need for external control relays and/or signal converters, because the output of the unit can be connected directly to the input of standard process control equipment.

The units can monitor up to 200 Amps continuous. The current sensors are jumper selectable in 3 ranges, and the current switches are either jumper selectable or multirange.

The current switches are supplied with setpoint adjustment and switch output, which makes them very useful in applications where you want a signal, if a preset current level is exceeded, and you do not need to readjust this setpoint very often.

The current sensors are supplied with a 4 - 20 mA loop-powered analogue output. The output is proportional with the RMS value of the primary current. The units can be used to monitor motors, pumps, conveyors, machine tools or other electrical loads, where an analogue representation is required over a range of currents.

The current sensors are available in 2 variant, each with 3 selectable ranges, in order to achieve a good resolution in the selected metering range.

Accuracy, current sensors: +/- 1% FS at 5-100% load.

Available variants:

1. Solid core switch units, primary hole = Ø 19 mm

type no. output max. voltage max. current CS410 AC/DC switch 30 VAC/40 VDC 500 mA CS325 AC switch 250 VAC 1 A

2. Split core switch units, hole = $19 \times 24 \text{ mm}$

type no. output max. voltage max. current SC510 AC/DC switch 30 VAC/40 VD 500mA SC325 AC switch 250 VAC 1 A

3. Current sensors.

type no. primary hole output supply
CS475 solid core 4 - 20 mA 10 - 42 VDC
SC575 split core 4 - 20 mA 10 - 42 VDC

Technical data:

Range selection, CS325 and SC325:

Range	Jumper	Max. cont.	6 sec's	1 sec.
1.25 - 6 A	none	60 A	100 A	175 A
6 - 40 A	mid	100 A	150 A	240 A
40 - 200 A	high	210 A	450 A	550 A

Range selection, CS475-1 and SC575-1:

Range	Jumper	Max. cont.
0 - 10 A	none	80 A
0 - 20 A 0 - 50 A	mid high	120 A 180 A
0 - 30 A	mgn	100 A

Range selection, CS475-2 and SC575-2:

Range	Jumper	Max. cont
0 - 50 A	none	120 A
0 - 100 A	mid	200 A
0 - 200 A	high	325 A

Hyst., react. delay, ON-voltage and leakage current:

type	hysteresis	delay	Von,	I Leakage
CS410	2 %	<200 ms	<0.1 V	<25 μA
CS325	2 %	<300 ms	<0.5 V	< 5 mA
SC510	2 %	<300 ms	<0.1 V	<25 μA
SC325	2 %	<400 ms	<0.5 V	< 5 mA

Frequency, metering signal: 10 - 400 Hz

Isolation

Primary - secondary circuit: 2,5 kV AC **Operation temperature:** 0 - 70°C **Operating humidity:** 0 - 95 % RH

Material: Self- extinguishing ABS

LED's:

CS325, CS475

SC325, SC575: No LED's

CS410, SC510: power and status LED

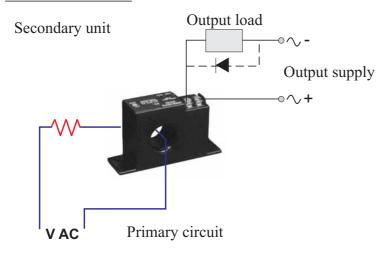




AC current switches/sensors

Connection examples:

CS410 and SC510

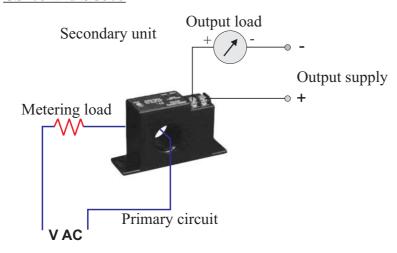


Note:

If the output load is inductive (i.e. relay, solenoid) you must connect a diode across the load, as indicated.

The CS325 and SC325 has a built-in snubber circuit.

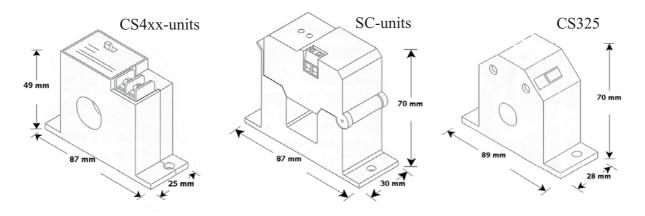
CS475 and SC575



Note:

The unit requires 10 VDC for the internal electronics. The output supply must be 10 VDC +(RL x 20 mA). If. f.inst. the output load (instrument) has an internal resistance of 250 , the suppy must be at least 15 VDC.

Mechanical dimensions







Diff. pressure sensors series DC

Standard metering ranges up to 500 mm H₂O

Max. pressure 3 x metering range

Loop-powered4-20 mA

12-30 VDC supply

DC66 EX approved(ATEX Zone 22 cl. 3D)

In accordance with **(\infty** and EMC regulations



DC 51

DC 66

The pressure sensors series DC are used for monitoring of pressure in various applications.

DC51 is connected with tubes and used for standard applications where there are no specific demards for materials, etc.

DC66 is made in stainless steel 304 and the electronic circuit is moulded, which makes it suitable even in very harsh environments.

The unit is also ATEX approved for zone 22 class 3D.

DC66 is supplied with a 6W heating element, which can be used at very low temperatures, if there is a possibility for condensation.

DC 66 can be connected through a 17 mm hole, with 16 mm male thread, 3/8" female thread, or via connection tubes.

It is possible to fine-adjust the range on both units.

Technical data:

Supply: 2-wire loop 12-30 VDC

Current consumption: 4-20 mA

Metering ranges: $0-50 \text{ mm H}_2\text{O}$

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{0-125 mm } H_2O \\ \text{0-250 mm } H_2O \\ \text{0-500 mm } H_2O \end{array}$

Max. pressure: 3 x metering range

Operation temp.:

DC 51: -20°C to +50°C DC 66: -20°C to +60°C

Accuracy: < 1% FS **Linearity:** < 0,1% **Temp. drift:** 0,01% FS / °C

Fine adjustment: min. and max. $\pm -5\%$

Connections:

DC 51: 2 screw terminals+ and -DC 66: 4-wire cable, 2 m

> black = + metering signal blue = - metering signal brown: + 10-30 VDC heating

beige: - heating.

Protection:

DC 51: IP 54

DC 66: IP 60 (with tube IP 65)

Mechanical dimensions:

DC 51: 115 x 90 x 55 mm

DC 66: Ø 66 mm

Weight:

DC 51: 250 g DC 66: 600 g

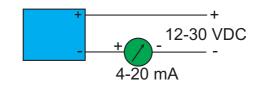
EMC and safety.

Emmision: EN 50 081 - 1 Immunity: EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the

CE og low voltage regulations.

Connection:



Ordering guide			
Type	Metering range		
DC51-050	0 - 50 mm		
DC51-125	0 - 125 mm		
DC51-250	0 - 250 mm		
DC51-500	0 - 500 mm		
DC66-050	0 - 50 mm		
DC66-125	0 - 125 mm		
DC66-250	0 - 250 mm		
DC66-500	0 - 500 mm		

Special ranges up to 2000 mm H₂O on request





Wind speed and wind direction

Brass housing, suitable for offshore

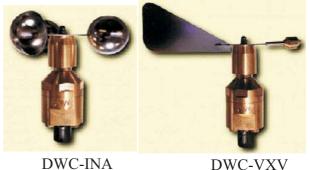
Supertight design, patented

Contact free metering - very long life time

DWC-INA: range <1 - 30 m/s, pulse output

DWC-VXV: analogue output 0-360°

In accordance with **((** and EMC regulations



These wind speed and wind direction sensors are made in brass, and therefore extremely rugged.

It is possible to mount heating elements in the sensor housing, which ensures correct function also under extreme weather conditions.

The system has no friction, which gives a very high accuracy.

Technical data:

Anemometer DWC-INA:

Supply voltage: 10-40 VDC

PNP Output:

Metering range: 0.5 - 30 m/s

Resolution: 0,1 m/s, equals f. inst.

100 Hz at 10 m/s

Max. wind speed: > 60 m/s**Operating temp.:** -25 to +70°C Mechanical dim.: Ø60 x 153 mm M12 x 20 hole Mounting: Elec. connection: 2,5 m cable

> = brown = blue output = black

Weight: approx. 1350 g

Wind direction DWC-VXV:

12-30 VDC **Supply voltage:**

analogue 4-20 mA **Output:**

Metering range: 0 - 360°

Resolution: 0.09° (12 bit 360°)

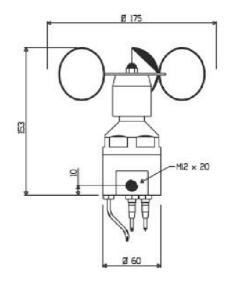
+/-0,35° Accuracy: **Operating temp.:** $-40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Mechanical dim.: Ø60 x 193 mm M12 x 20 hole Mounting: Elec. connection: 2.5 m cable

= red= black output = white

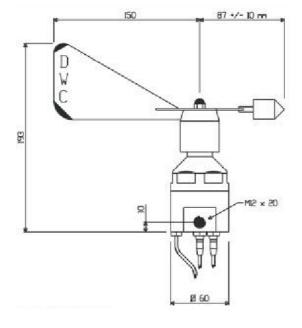
Weight: approx. 1350 g

Mechanical dimensions:

DWC-INA:



DWC-VXV:







Power supply series PSD







PSD18

PSD30 and PSD60

PSD120

Switch-mode supplies,

Output 18, 30, 60 or 120 W

Short-circuit and over-load protected.

High efficiency, 77 to 86%

Supply voltage 90 to 265 VAC, except PSD120: 115 and 230 VAC

DIN-rail mounting.

Made in accordance with the **C** € and EMC regulations

These switch-mode regulated power supplies are made particularly for industrial applications.

The units have a very high efficiency and therefore also small dimensions compared with the output power.

Common Technical data:

Supply frequency: 47 - 63 Hz

Operating temp.: -10°C to +50°C with full output.
At ambient temperatures between

At ambient temperatures between 51 and 71°C, the max. output power

derates with 2% / °C

Isolation voltage: Supply - output: 3 kVAC **Humidity:** 20-95% RH, non-condensing.

Switching frequency: 100 kHz (PSD18)

50 kHz (PSD30 and PSD60)

80 kHz (PSD120)

Ripple/noise: Max. 50 mVpp.

Material:

PSD120: Metal housing other units: NORYL

Installation: 25 mm free space recommended

for ventilation above / below unit.

Approvals and standards:

UL/cUL UL508 / UL1310 / UL1950

TÜV IEC60950

EMC EN50081-1 / EN55022 for EMI

EN50082-1 / EN55024 for EMS

PSD120 only: EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3

EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5 EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8

Other voltages available on request

Output po	DC-ou	Max. cu	Fine	adjustment Effi	Inrush ci	Arrent	Acch. dimensions	Weight
PSD18-5	18 W	5 V	3.6 A	90-120%	77%	18 A	90 x 115 x 22.2	240 g
PSD18-12	18 W	12 V	1.5 A	90-120%	77%	18 A	90 x 115 x 22.2	240 g
PSD18-24	18 W	24 V	0.75 A	90-120%	77 %	18 A	90 x 115 x 22.2	240 g
PSD30-12	30 W	12 V	2.5 A	100-117%	84 %	32 A	90 x 115 x 40.5	290 g
PSD30-24	30 W	24 V	1.25 A	100-117%	84 %	32 A	90 x 115 x 40.5	290 g
PSD60-12	60 W	12 V	5.0 A	100-117%	84 %	32 A	90 x 115 x 40.5	360 g
PSD60-24	60 W	24 V	2.5 A	100-117%	86 %	32 A	90 x 115 x 40.5	360 g
PSD120-24	120 W	24 V	5.0 A	93-125%	86 %	48 A	124 x 136 x 63.4	860 g





Industrial power supplies, SF

Linear controlled power supplies.

4 variants, from 24 VDC / 2,5 A to 24 VDC / 10 A.

Short-circuit and overload protected.

Aluminum base-plate.

Max. ripple 3,5 mV RMS.

LED indication

Made in accordance with the **(€** and EMC regulations



Functional description:

The power supplies, series SF, are linear controlled units with 24 VDC output.

4 Variants are available, with either 2.5 A, 5 A, 7.5 A or 10 A output.

The units are supplied for 230 VAC supply, 1 variant is also available for 24 VAC supply.

The units are supplied with an LED indication of the output voltage, and the output is electronically protected against short-circuit and overload.

If a unit "shuts down" because of an overload, the supply voltage must be disconnected for at least 5 seconds, before is it connected again.

A special protection circuit ensures, that the unit can deliver a short-term overcurrent up to 160% of the nominal maximum current. In order to use this possibility, the normal load current should not exceed 80% of the nominal maximum current.

Technical data:

Supply voltage: See table below 48 - 70 Hz **Supply frequency:** -20°C to +55°C **Operation temperature:**

Isolation voltage: Supply - output: 4 kV EN 60950, class II

Humidity: 0-90% RH, non-condensing.

Ripple/noise: Max. 3,5 mV RMS.

EMC og safety regulations.

EN 50 081 - 1 **Emmision: Immunity:** EN 50 082 - 2 Safety: EN 60 730

Approvals: The units are produced in accordance with the CE og low voltage regulations.

Type number	Supply	Output voltage	Mech. dimensions	Weight
SF 2,5A-230	230 VAC	24 VDC, max 2,5 A	130 x 75 x 105 mm	1,8 kg
SF 5A-024	24 VAC	24 VDC, max 5 A	150 x 115 x 70 mm	0,6 kg
SF 5A-230	230 VAC	24 VDC, max 5 A	140 x 90 x 130 mm	3,0 kg
SF 7,5A-230	230 VAC	24 VDC, max 7,5 A	160 x 130 x 150 mm	4,4 kg
SF 10B-230	230 VAC	24 VDC, max 10 A	160 x 130 x 150 mm	4,5 kg

